Paris, Wednesday, February 23, 1994

No. 34,519

# Taking 2 High-Tech Hits, Japanese Signal Retreat

# Advanced TV 20-Year Delay

By Andrew Pollack New York Times Service

TOKYO — In what could end up being the death knell for one of Japan's most ambitious technology projects, a senior telecommunica-tions regulator said Tuesday that the govern-

nent is considering abandoning the nation's high-definition television system.

The official's statement, which provoked panic in the Japanese electronics industry, is an admission that the HDTV system: which was once a symbol of Japan's industrial provess, has now fallen technologically behind developments in the United States.

Akimasa Egawa, the director-general of the broadcasting administration bureau in the Ministry of Posts and Telecommunications. said the ministry was now considering moving from the existing system, which uses analog technology, to one using newer digital technol-ogy, such as is being developed in the United

The world trend is digital," Mr. Egawa said, voicing what many Japanese officials have known but did not say publicly. He also sug-gested that trade friction could arise if Japan maintained its own system. He added that the ministry hoped to reach a conclusion by the

If Japan were to adopt the American system it could pave the way for a single worldwide standard for the next generation of television broadcasting. Europe has decided to abandon its planned analog system and develop a digital

The trimmph of American-style HDTV, something almost unimaginable five years ago, could also result to more royalty payments for developers of the American system and greater opportunities for American companies to sell microchips, video equipment and television

programming in Japan.

Mr. Egawa's comments do not constitute official government policy, and some officials say there is no intention of immediately pulling the plug on the analog technology, which is known as Muse. The government must first figure out what to do about the consumers who. have already purchased high-definition televi-sion sets. In addition, any digital system would

not be ready for years.
Still, the comments are have thrown the todustry into turnoil. And the uncertainty about See HDTV Page 9

Now Outmoded In Nuclear Plan

By David E. Sanger New York Times Service

TOKYO - Bowing to international pressure, the Japanese government has decided to postpone, for as long as 20 years, a series of multibillion-dollar projects that would add tremendously to the world oversupply of plutonium, Japanese and American officials say.

The decision, to be announced in the next few months, came after a yearlong reassessment lew months, came after a yeariong reassessment and stemmed largely from the international outcry last year over Japan's sea shipment of a ton of plutonium, a highly toxic and radioactive material that is a fuel for nuclear weapons. Several of Japan's Asian neighbors banned the shipment from passing through their waters, fearing an accident or terrorist incident.

But the government's decision is also motivated by fears among Japan's huge utility com-panies that the country's policy of creating a "nuclear fuel cycle" — turning nuclear waste into phitonium fuel — was quickly becoming a financial fiasco, one that could cost them billions of dollars.

Japanese officials say they have no intention of abandoning their fuel-recycling policy. But the delays are clearly an effort to back away. and many of them concede that they were shocked by the scope of international protests generated by the first photonium shipment. Officially, two or so sea shipments are planned annually for the next 18 years, although that plan also seems bound to be drastically

What to do with that plutonium is becoming a major problem. Tokyo clearly fears that the political liabilities will mount in coming years if apan is unable to born all of the plotonium it plans to produce or import. Plutonium stock-piles would only add to suspicions abroad, regularly and vigorously denied by Japan, that Tokyo harbors ulterior motives, and is keeping its options open in case it ever oeeded to devel-

op nuclear weapons of its own.
Looming large against this background is
North Korea, which is widely suspected of operating a nuclear weapons program. Even without a weapons project to Japan, many Asian nations say, the mere presence of large amounts of plutonium in the country constitutes a latent nuclear capability.

Our basic policy is still in place, but now we

are looking out at the year 2020, or maybe See NUCLEAR, Page 5



WOMEN PRIESTS APPROVED — A woman beloing carry a coffin Tuesday to symbolize the "last rites of the Church of England" during a demonstration at Westminster Abbey in London against ordaining women as priests. At the same time, ending a five-year debate, the church's General Synod gave final approval by a show-of-hands vote to admitting women into the priesthood.

# A Top CIA Agent Held as Soviet Spy

Compiled by Our Staff From Disput

WASHINGTON - A senior CIA officer and his wife were charged with spying for Russia for nearly a decade on Tnesday, and Washington lodged a stiff protest with Mos-

"It is a very serious case," said President Bill Clinton, grim faced, shortly after the Justice Department announced the arrest of Ald.ich Hazen Ames, former chief of the CIA's Soviet counterintelligence branch, and his wife, "We will be immediately lodging a protest to the Russian government."

Mr. Clinton declined to say more about the

ase, which officials said involved more than \$1.5 million to payments by Moscow to man once privy to highly sensitive U.S. intelligence secrets. Mr. Clinton acknowledged that the

matter would force some re-examination of increasingly close U.S.-Russian relations, and he ordered up a top-level review of damage done to U.S. intelligence.

Mr. Ames, who was chief of the Soviet branch of the ClA's counterintelligence group from 1983 to 1985, was accused of spying for the Soviet Union, and later Russia, until his arrest, the Justice Department said.

He and his wife were accused of placing government secrets to "dead drops" to the Washington area for pickup by the KGB, the Justice Department said. He met with Soviet and Russian agents to Washingtoo and in foreign cities and made "frequent large deposits of cash, not explained by his known income, into various secretars" after those meetings, court papers said.

Justice Department officials described it as one of the higgest spy cases ever because of the amount of material allegedly passed and the ensitive nature of the compromised informa-

The subject of whether the Russians had been able to penetrate U.S. intelligence with a high-level "mole" has long been a favortic topic of debate and speculation among intelligence experts, as well as a perennial inspiration for spy novelists.

Mr. Ames had been under investigation for

two years, although the CIA had suspected the existence of a mole since 1985, according to a federal law enforcement official.

Dee Dee Myers, the White House press sec-

See SPIES, Page 9

## The Biggest Surprise

In the biggest surprise of these Games. Italy's cross-country ski team de-throned the gods of Norway's most hallowed national sport with a splitsecond finish that won the gold medal in the men's 4x10-kilometer relay race.

With 150,000 spectators cheering wildly. Silvio Fauner of Italy held off a furious challenge by Norway's five-time gold medalist. Bjorn Dahlie, beating him by half a length.

The Biggest Turnaround With Japan appearing to have the team jumping title in hand, Jens Weissflog.

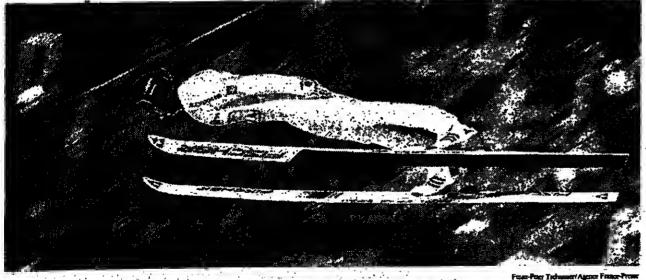
the large hill individual champion, said to Masahiko Harada: "Congratulations on winning the gold medal." Then Weissflog soared 135.5 meters to tie the bill record - and the Japanese anchorman, Harada, who won the 1983 world championship, landed a jump of just 97.5 meters. That gave Germany the gold, in one of the biggest turnarounds in Olympic history.

The Big Moment Arrives Seven weeks of ceaseless speculation and courtroom drama later, Nancy Kerrigan and Tonya Harding have nothing left, to do at the Olympic

Games but take to the ice. A preview of the women's figure skating competition, which begins Wednesday night, looks at the event, the judges and the top skaters.

It's Solely South Korea It was South Korea's day in the first two short-track speed-skating races. Kim Ki Hoon, defending his title, won the men's disputed 1,000-meter race, then his country's women's team set an Olympic record in the 3,000-meter re-

Olympic report: Pages 21, 22 and 23



Jens Weissflog of Germany souring to the day's longest jump, which lifted his team to victory in the jumping event on Tuesday.

# **UN Aide Was 'Very Close'** To Ordering Bosnia Strike

SARAJEVO, Bosnia-Herzegovina - The United Nations came "very, very close" to ordering air power against warring parties in Bosnia after five UN soldiers were wounded Toesday in a mortar artack near Tuzla, a senior

official of the UN Protection Force said here. The attack near the northeastern city was the worst involving UN forces to Bosnia since the inauguration of Sarajevo's most successful cease-fire 13 days earlier. It came as the U.S. secretary of defense, William J. Perry, warned American lawmakers that the NATO mission in Bosnia was "not yet over."

General Jean Cot, commander of the UN Protection Force in the former Yugoslavia, said it was "only because there was oo absolute means of determining the origin of the shell that it was not possible to use the air force."

The chief of staff of the Nordic battalion with the UN force in Bosnia, Colonel Alf Goorsjo, gave a different account. He said that Swedish peacekeepers had called for air cover when they came under attack, and that two British Harrier jets responded.

"We asked for air cover, and two Harriers came over," he said in an interview with Reuters television. "Neither we nor they could identify a target so we could not call for an attack."

NATO, which forced Bosnian Serbs to pull

beavy weapons back from Sarajevo under the threat of bombing, has also said it will use force if UN peacekeepers are attacked in Bosnia. Following the attack Tuesday, an official at

UN Protection Force headquarters in Sarajevo said, "We came very, very close to using air power."

A source at the United Nations in New York said that Sir Michael Rose of Britain, the UN

commander for Bosnia-Herzegovina, had asked for air cover but that General Jean Cot had

The Swedish Defense Ministry said it was unclear whether the convoy had been targeted or hit by accident. The Swedish soldiers, traveling in a convoy of the UN force's Nordic battation, were wounded north of Vares outside Tuzla, in northeast Bosnia, the Defense Ministry in Stockholm said.

Four suffered shrapnel wounds, while one suffered eye injuries. Defense Ministry officials

It was not known on Tuesday who was re-

Diplomats see an opportunity for a negotiated peace in Bosnia. • Flexibility is being shown toward the Serbs in the Sarajevo hills. Page 9.

sponsible for the attack. Both Serbs and Mus-

lims hold positions in the area.

Tuzla, held by Muslim-led Bosnia government forces, has become one focus of diplomatic efforts since the NATO ultimatum forced Bosnia Serbs to pull their heavy guns away from Sarajevo.

Mr. Perry. testifying in Washington before the House Armed Services Committee, expressed relief that air strikes had not been needed, but he added, "The mission is not yet

He said that the NATO chain of command was working smoothly and that all the countries ready to participate in air strikes around be-

sieged Sarajevo agreed on how to proceed. UN peacekeepers continued efforts to con-trol the remaining Serbian guns in the (20-kilometer) 12-mile exclusion zone around Sarajevo, and relief airlifts and convoys, suspended for one day as a precaution, resumed Tuesday.
(AFP, AP, Rewers, WP)

# Fed's Policy For Rates Is Clear: They'll Have to Rise

### Markets Remain Calm As Greenspan Averts Talk About Timetable

By Lawrence Malkin onal Herald Tribune

NEW YORK -Treading a fine line between throttling the economy and spooking the bond market, the chairman of the Federal Reserve Board, Alan Greenspan, said Tuesday that the Fed had to continue raising short-term interest rates to curb inflation psychology during the next year or so.

Ever since Mr. Greenspan disclosed at the end of last month that the U.S. central bank was shifting from easier to tighter money for the first time in five years, nervous bond investors have demanded more inflation insurance by raising yields on long-term Treasury bonds by about one-third of a percentage point.

In his semiannual explanation of the Fed's

policies to Congress on Tuesday, Mr. Greenspan declared:

"To promote sustainable growth, history suggests that real short-term rates are more likely to have to rise than fall from here. I cannot, however, tell you at this time when any such rise would occur,

This seemed to have reassured Wall Street bond bears just enough that the Fed will not relax in the face of a temporary downward blip in the economy without simultaneously worry-ing Congressional Democrats that he might kill the recovery, which has been stimulated mainly by low mortgage and auto loan rates.

The Treasury bond market, after hiccuping a few ticks while he spoke, settled at a yield of 6.60 percent for 30-year bonds, shaving a bit off last week's close of 6.62 percent. The stock market picked up a few points on most indexes aside from those for volatile small-company shares. And the dollar lost ground against other major currencies since Mr. Greenspan did not announce an immediate boost in rates, which some market players had been expecting and which would have made the currency more attractive to hold. (Page 14)

Mr. Greenspan devoted much of his testimooy to explaining wby the central bank had moved while inflation was quiescent.

The lesson of postwar economic manage-ment, he said, was "the key role of inflation

'Any attempt to force-feed the economy beyood its potential bave led in the past to rising inflation as expectations ratcheted higher and ultimately on to lower but to higher unemploy-

Defending the decision to raise the federal funds rate on Feb. 4 by ooe-quarter of a percentage point to 3.5 percent as "low-cost insur-ance," he continued: "If the Federal Reserve waits notil actual infladoo worsens before taking countermeasures, it would have waited too long."

What confused Congress was why the Fed raised rates when inflation was not only quiescent but the consumer price index actually fell to zero last month.

Asked about this by Representative Paul E. Kanjorski, Democrat of Pennsylvania and chairman of the House subcommittee on economic growth, Mr. Greenspan turned the ques-tion around and asked why the Fed should continue to accommodate the economy with cheap credit when it is already growing comfortably at an average of just above 3 percent this year.

"Inflation requires financial tinder, which at the moment is lacking and which we have no inclination to provide," he said.

What confused bond markets were recent reports that growth in the final quarter of last year may have reached almost 7 percent. When the inevitable slowdown comes — and Mr. Greenspan said it would this quarter in part because of a cold snap and the California earth-quake — the question remained whether the Fed could still be trusted to hold firm in its fight against inflation.

Mr. Greenspan hoped his testimony represented a positive answer without actually saying it in so many words, thus frightening other financial markets as the Fed did when it formally announced Jan, 31 that rates were start-

ing up again.

"The problem is that each wants the other 10 move first," said Astrid Adolfson of MCM Moneywatch. "The bond market wants to see higher short-term rates before they feel comfortable lending money long term at lower yields. The Fed wants the long-term market to calm down before it makes the move its waiting for. Both are going to have to wait a little longer for everyone to calm down."

MOSCOW (AFP) - One of four Cherno-

byl-type reactors at the Sosnovy Bor ouclear power plant near St. Petersburg was shut

down Tuesday after a breakdown in its cool-

ing system, Interfax news agency reported. Radiation reached 180 microroentgens an

bour but had slipped to 20 microroentgens

Sosnovy Bor is equipped with four reac-

# U.S. Trade Team Learned About Japan the Hard Way

By Clay Chandler on Post Service

WASHINGTON - When Deputy Treasury Secretary Roger C. Altman helped President Bill Clinton decide what position the United States would take in trade talks with Japan earlier this month, he could draw on his years of

dealing with Japan in private business.

Mr. Altman, who joined the administration from a Wall Street investment banking firm. can tick off the difficulties he encountered in

Newsstand Prices
Andorro 9.00 FF Luxembours & L F Antilles 11.20 FF Morocco 12 DI Comeroon 1.400 CFA Qafar 8.00 Riak Egypt E.P. 5000 Réunion 11.20 FF France 9.00 FF Soudi Arabio 9.00 R Gabon 960 CFA Spoin 200 PTAS Greece 300 Dr. Tunisio 1.000 Dir tvory Coast 1.120 CFA Turkey F.L. 15.00 Jordon 1.00 U.A.E 8.50 Dir Jordon 1.00 CFA Spoin 200 PTAS

helping Duracell Holdings Corp., a client, fight for shelf space in Tokyo. "You'd walk along the side succts downtown

se executive cried foul in a rift with the United States on cellular phones. Page 19.

and see thousands of small consumer electronic

shops," he said. But, he said, it was virtually impossible to get Duracell batteries into those outlets. They were all controlled by big Japanese producers like Matsushita or Hitachi, he said.

Experiences like that one underlie the Clinton administration's tough trade policies toward Japan. The team the president has assigned to manage America's relationship with its most important trade partner is made up of neither scholars steeped in the subtleties of Japanese language and culture, nor striped-suit diplomats versed in the complexities of the

U.S. Japanese security relationship.

Instead, most of them are business professionals like Mr. Altman, or the National Eco- live up to agreements. "This is a serious, sober

momic Council chairman, Robert E. Rubin, and Mr. Rubin's deputy, W. Bowman Cutter, men who gained their knowledge of Japan in the While they stress they also have had positive school of hard knocks, trying to help U.S. companies pry open markets in Japan and fend off a seemingly unstoppable invasion of Japanese competitors at home.

In its first year in office, this team has labeled Japan a renegade nation in the global economy and encouraged Mr. Clinton to insist that Tokyo promise specific and measurable progress m opening Japan's economy to foreign products. At his White House meeting with Mr. Clinton earlier this month, the Japanese prime minister, Morihiro Hosokawa, rejected that approach as "managed trade," prompting U.S. threats of trade sanctions.

Members of Mr. Clinton's Japan team are quick to deny that their personal clashes with Japan inc. have contributed to the failure of this month's talks. They say tough trade policies are the only way to get results with Japan, a nation they criticize for decades of failure to

encounters with Japan over the years, they acknowledge privately that their experiences have left them fed up with Japan's restrictive practices, wary of Japanese assurances and coovinced of the need to quantify Tokyo's progress in opening its markets.

Consider the lessons learned by Joan Spero, the under secretary of state for economic affairs. As an executive at American Express Co., she found out that overcoming legal obstacles is no guarantee of equal access to Japanese mar-

In the 1980s, American Express was finally granted the right to issue credit cards in Japan, but Miss Spero had to make dozens of trips to Tokyo before the company could win member-ship in a trade association that controlled credit data and the communications networks occessary to process credit card transactions. Similarly, while Commerce Under Secretary

See TRADE, Page 9

# Kiosk

# St. Petersburg Reactor Is Shut Down

Dow Jone	es	Trib Index			
Up 24.20 3.911.66		Up 0.55% 115.37			
		previous close			
The Dollar	Tues, close	previous close			
The Dollar New York, DM	Tues. close 1.7236	previous close 1.7304			
New York,					
New York,	1.7236	1.7304			

General News

A UN agency had no iodication North Korea agreed to nuclear inspections. Page 5. rea agreed to nuclear inspection.

South Africa's foot soldiers are forging a Page 2.

Book Review

tors of the type used in the Ukrainian Cheroobyl complex, the site of the world's worst peacetime ouclear disaster in 1986. Experts consider this type of reactor the most unstable in the former Soviet Union.

an hour two hours later.

Kravchuk to Kesign

KIEV (Reuters) - President Leonid M. Kravchuk has decided not to run for reelection in voting due to take place in June, Ukraioian television said Tuesday.

New York Times Service TOKOZA, South Africa - By the faint light of a half moon, four army foot soldiers advanced along streets scarred by urban combat. They passed a ghostly on-man's-land of scorched houses and entered a lane of matchbox bungalows. Suddenly, they came upon

moved in. O.K., stop that, stop that!" Private John Liphoto yelled in Zulu to a tall man in white overalls who was beating his girlfriend in the middle of the muddy street. The soldiers coaxed the drunken couple apart, as neighbors con-

their first battle of the night. They tensed and

verged from their tiny yards, noisily joining in. Three weeks ago, this neighborhood, at the epicenter of South Africa's township political wars, could be counted on for a nightly harvest of bullet-riddled and burned corpses. Now the only conflict the foot patrols encounter on a typical night, aside from an occasional potshot.

It is too early to say that normality has returned to Tokoza and the adjoining township of Katlehong, the black settlements east of Johannesburg that have borne the brunt of the rivalry between the African National Congress and the fukatha Freedom Party.

But since the army poured in hundreds of soldiers, most of them black, on foot patrol, replacing the high-riding armored vans of the mainly white riot police, the townships have become the most heartening news in South

The death toll has fallen from eight or 10 each night to one. A tacit curfew bas been lifted. Children are returning to schools. Refugees have begun reclaiming their abandoned houses. Traffic is flowing on roads that had been barricaded and bedeviled by snipers.

The pacification of Tokoza and Katlehong, if it holds, will be a triumph for the South African Defense Force, long regarded as an instrument of apartheid and for the African National

Peace in these townships has raised hopes that South Africa can contain its destructive impulses sufficiently to hold a credible election in April, and even to deliver on promises of law and order thereafter.

The anti-riot forces of the South African Police, known as Internal Stability Units, have been the main instrument of order in troubled townships. But they are reviled by blacks as brutal occupiers.

That leaves the army, Its regular forces number 70,000, two-thirds of them black, although the officer corps is overwhelmingly white.

Like the police, the army comes tainted by its enforcement of apartheid, but its leaders have been quicker to adapt to the changes.

When the riot police were withdrawn at the beginning of February, the army deployed 1,800 men here. At any given time, about 400 They are backed up by roadblocks, sentries perched high on water towers with night-vision

goggles, and helicopter parrols.
"It's visible policing that has made all the difference," said Meverett Koetz, who watches the townships east of Johannesburg for the National Peace Secretariat, a multiparty organization set up to combat violence.

Leaders of Inkatha, which predominates in the mainly Zulu neighborhoods huddled alongside several migrant workers' hostels, have asscried that the troops are biased against them.

The four men in olive drab uniforms who worked this night in the shadowy side streets of Tokoza got a ooticeably cooler reception in the inkatha area.

During a two-hour patrol in the streets around Angola Hostel, a migrant workers' compound dominated by Inkatha, they twice heard gunshots, once close enough to make them scramble for cover.

As they crossed into an ANC block, the soldiers relaxed, and the private said, "Here, we

don't get problems." The soldiers say, and residents confirm, that there has not been a single partisan battle in the area since they took up patrols. Hours after nightfall, people were still out visiting neigh-

Compared to the riot police, who roared through the town in tank-like riot vans, dis-mounting only to conduct searches at gunpoint, the soldiers are a light presence.

They are not easygoing constables. They work in groups of four or six, spaced on both sides of the street, chatching assault rifles. But they will digress from their rounds to char, or to

escort a frightened woman home.

"You talk to citizens, you learn the area,"
said Lientenant Johann Botha, an intelligence officer for the army group stationed here, "If

"Every night they shoot at us," said Private you drive in a military vehicle, it's got a threat-David Ramapaeane, 21, shrugging nervously. ening look to it. When the people on the ground can see your faces, whether you're smiling or ezing look to it. When the people on the ground can see your faces, whether you're smiling or not, then they start trusting you."

"As soon as we stabilize the area," Lieutenant Botha said, we'll send in the engineering corps to fix roads and get rid of the rubble, fix sewers and water. So when the peacekeeping force moves into the area it's stable and the

infrastructure is livable." The army is scheduled to make way for a joint peacekeeping force by April, but privately both the army and the ANC concede this may be a longer assignment.

Residents say that the towaships' troubles have been suppressed, not resolved.
Vigilante self-defense units still operate in the townships, although they keep a lower pro-file now. Inkatha partisans are still assumed to have arms caches in the hostels. The military, admits there is little hope of disaming the warring sides anytime soon.

# Kohl Party Urged To Renew Values

HAMBURG — Chancellor Helmut Kohl's campaign manager said Tuesday that Germany needed a "conservative renewal" to bring back family values and a sense of civic duty during a marathon election

Peter Hintze said at a con-gress of Mr. Kohl's Christian Democratic Union that Bonn's center-right coalition faced an uphill struggle in 19 elections this year, culminating in a fed-eral poli on Oct. 16.

But Mr. Hintze, the Christian Democratic Union's secretarygeneral, toki delegates that Mr. Kohl's policies were slowly winning back support after a deep slump in popularity in opinion

Mr. Hintze echoed Mr. Kohl's call this week for new thinking saying, "We stand for a conservative renewal of our

Mr. Kohl had called on dele-

gates to rally "against the pre-vailing wind." Such ideals as duty, family, hard work and civic pride had been neglected and lampooned

in Germany for years, Mr. Hintze said. "Today, we all know how important these virtues are," he

"For us, they are the hases of a free and responsible society. The opposition Social Democrats, whose campaign focuses squarely on creating more jobs and bringing new blood to Bonn, accused the Christian Democrats of trying to divert attention from problems that arose during its nearly 12 years

in power.
"It is a bit strange to see the secretary-general of the largest ruling party calling for 'change in Germany after 12 years of the center-right government," declared Dagmar Wiebusch, a Social Democratic spokeswom-



Looking on at the congress of the Christian Democratic Union in Hamburg on Tuesday were, from left, the party's secretary-general, Peter Hintze, the CDU parliamentary leader, Wolfgang Schäuble, Chancellor Helmut Kohl, and the minister of labor, Norbert Blüm.

# Pope Condemns Marriage of Homosexuals as Threat to Family

By Alan Cowell New York Times Service

ROME - Fueling a beightened debate in the United States and Europe over homosexual matri-mony, Pope John Paul II chastised such unions Tuesday as "a serious threat to the future of the family and society" and said they could not be

"recognized and ratified as a marriage in society."

The Pope's comments occurred in a 100-page letter on family values that not only restated the Vatican's familiar views on contraception, divorce and abortion but also seemed designed to erect a moral bulwark to prevent Catholics from supporting

the notion of homosexual or leshian marriage.

The document was issued two weeks after the European Parliament in Strasbourg offered support for the idea of homosexuals marrying and adopting children. In its wider context, though, the letter children. In its wider context, though, the letter ever, the Pope has taken issue strongly with the ian environmentalists saying they perpentate "odiseemed certain to illuminate anew the gulf between nonbinding resolution, telling worshipers in Rome ons discrimination against homosexuals." Claudia consent age of 21.

Vatican doctrine and those who consider it irrelevant to modern social realities.

The letter conflicted directly with the practise of several cities in ftaly that permit the public celebration of gay and leshian marriage by local officials. A group of legislators has proposed the enactment of a national law legalizing such weddings, even though opinion surveys show a majority of Italians opposed

The question of homosexuals adopting children is yet more controversial in Italy, according to opinion surveys showing few Italians in favor of the idea. The Pope's letter - addressed directly to Catholics rather than to bishops or priests - was drafted long before the most recent European Parliament decision and was timed to coincide with the UN

Year of the Family Since the European Parliament voted Feb. 8, how-

on Sunday that the assembly was wrong in "inappro-priately conferring an institutional value on deviant lution, called the Pope's views "totally reactionary.

The Pope said: "Marriage, which undergirds the institution of the family, is constituted by the covenant whereby a man and a woman establish between themselves a partnership for their whole life.

"Only such a union can be recognized and ratified as a marriage in society. Other interpersonal unions which do not fulfill the above conditions cannot be recognized, despite certain growing trends which represent a serious threat to the future of the family and society itself."

"Human beings are not the same as the images proposed in advertizing and shown by the modern mass media," his letter said. the Pope's recent up S have arouse

Britain Lowers Gay Age LONDON - Parliament voted Monday night to

lower to 18 from 21 the age of consent for sex tween men. The vote came after a debate over whether this would create equality before the law or

encourage sexual exploitation of young men.

The decision represented a compromise between a drive led by homosexuals to reduce the age of consent for homosexual men to 16 - the same as it is for. terosexuals and lesbians - and resistance by some Conservatives to any change at all.

The vote will bring British law closer into line with

the rest of Europe, where the age at which homosex-uals can have sex legally ranges from 12 in Spain to cism from homosexual and other groups, with Ital- 18 in Germany and some other countries. Britain was the last West European country to have a

# Catholic-Imposed Moral Conduct Leaves Italians Bickering

By John Tagliabue

ROME - For Dr. Anna Maria Rizzi, the choice was elear if difficult. Like other doctors across Italy, she had to decide which birth-control method to

prescribe for a patient, 28.

Dr. Rizzi refused to prescribe hirth-control pills because, as a Roman Catholic, she prefers "natural

After the patient called Corriere Della Sera and the national daily put the story on its front page, papers throughout the country did likewise, express-ing outrage that religious considerations motivated the doctor's decision. This recent case has divided physicians, patients,

health administrators, church figures and politi-The furor probably would have subsided had not the Vatican oewspaper, L'Osservatore Romano, published an article earlier this month by a theolo-

health professionals such as Dr. Rizzi enjoyed a "right of conscientious objection" to products or procedures they deemed immoral.

Father Concetti did not specify the products, but every Italian knew what he was talking about. Last month Pope John Paul II, addressing a deleation of Italian pharmacists, cited a 1974 appeal by Pope Paul VI for pharmacists to refrain from selling "products that demean man and his dignity."

But Pope John Paul also cited the moral responsihility of pharmacists in treating "certain forms of illness that are spreading with impressive rapidity, and are at times the result of a mistaken idea of freedom and human dignity."

Franco Caprino, president of the Pharmacists Guild in the Lazio region around Rome, said phar-macists "cannot close our eyes" to birth control and the prevention of disease. "Isn't it better to take the

Italian Pharmacists Guilds, agreed that pharmacists faced with the prevalence of these diseases had to choose "the lesser evil, and that's the condom Ten years ago the Vatican and Italy signed a revised Concordat that ended Catholicism's status as

the state religion. But the two sides continue to wrestle with their relationship. dispute has become an extension of "conscientious objection" beyond military service to areas like

When Italy legalized abortion in 1981, the law

guaranteed doctors that they could refuse to perform abortions on grounds of conscience. Elsewhere in health care, the line is less clearly drawn.

"The law speaks clearly, making objection available only for abortion," said Dr. Danilo Poggiolini, president of the National Federation of Physicians

"I think there is an intrusion of the church into the domain of the state," said Dr. Fernando Aiuti, a top immunologist and a leader in the fight against AIDS.

A program to add 6,000 hospital beds for AIDS patients has been halted, he said, and information about AIDS has virtually disappeared from televi-sion and the schools as the disease continues to As Italy prepares for elections, the focus of the spread. Last year, the Health Ministry said, 4,729 AIDS cases were reported, bringing the number to 21,463, placing Italy second only to France among

European nations. While the sale of condoms poses less of a chal-lenge, health care officials must figure out how to deal with refusal to dispense other contraceptives.

"You can sell condoms or not," said Piero Uroda, president of the Association of Catholic Pharmacists. "They are not drugs and everyone can make up his own mind. But the pill is prescribed for meno-pause, to regulate the menstrual cycle, even for acae. Don't tell me we're supposed to question our cus-

### pill than to have an abortion," he asked, "and to use Guilds. "But given that we are not able to take into a condom rather than get an infection?" account physicians' moral and religious convictions, Giacomo Leopardi, president of the Federation of gian, the Reverend Gino Concetti, arguing that we shall open a debate on the issue."



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Delors Tells Greece: Lift Macedonia Embargo Rewers

In Athens, meanwhile, the government rejected calls from its Entropean Commission, Jacques Delors, wrote to Prime Minis
In Athens, meanwhile, the government rejected calls from its Entropean Commission, Jacques Delors, wrote to Prime Minis
In Athens, meanwhile, the government bolder of the rotating the current bolder

ter Andreas Papandreou of Greece "It is inconceivable that Greece would sacrifice basic principles of its foreign policy for public relaon Tuesday demanding that Athens take urgent steps to end its trade embargo against the former tions," a government spokesman, Evangelos Venizelos, said.

Yugoslav republic of Macedonia. In a move that intensified the EU foreign ministers had critidiplomatic pressure on the Greek cized Greece for its imposition of government, the commission said the embargo against Macedonia, with which it is locked in a diplo-Mr. Delors had expressed to Mr. matic dispute. Papandreou his concerns about the

They warned Greece, which is

it is not acceptable it will trigger action in the Luxembourg Court of

His comments reflected the general condemnation of Greece by EU members.

the issue is not legal. It is political." "We have asked Greece to present its legal justification of the embargo," Foreign Minister Jacques Poos of Luxenbourg said. "If the port of Salonika, its main trade route, except for supplies of bu-manitarian food and medicine.

Athens wants the republic to remove the Macedonian star from its new flag and change its constitu-

### Algeria Frees Two Militants

ALGIERS — Two leaders of the banned Islamic Salvation Front have been freed from prison, according to the public prosecutor in Blida, just south of here.

The official press agency APS said Tuesday that the two men were Ali Djeddi, in charge of the fundamentalist movement's political relations, and Abdelkader Boukhamkham, a member of its supreme council. Each had been sentenced to four years.

# WORLD BRIEFS

# **EU and Austria Deadlocked in Talks**

BRUSSELS (Reoters) - The European Union and Austria failed Tuesday to resolve differences in their talks on entry terms for Vienna by Tuesday's deadline, Foreign Minister Alois Mock of Austria said.

Mr. Mock said they were still far apart on important issues of trucks driving through the Alps, agriculture and an Austrian demand to be allowed to stop nonnationals from buying vacation homes in Austria. But

he said be still hoped for success by next week. "I still prefer to be optimistic," he added. Transport Minister Viktor Klima said Austria's room for maneuver in talks on alpine transit rights was even more limited after the Swiss voted Sunday to ben trucks from their mountain roads from early next century.

# Ex-Premier of Italy Goes on Trial

TURIN (Reuters) - Former Prime Minister Giovanni Goria on

Tuesday became the first major politician to be tried on charges resulting from ftaly's corruption investigations.

Mr. Goria, who was not in court because of illness, denies accusations that he agreed to a cut of a 7 billion lire (\$4.1 million) bribe to be paid by companies given a contract to build a hospital in his home town of Asti in Italy's northwest.

# 9 in Peru Army Jailed Over Killings

LIMA (Renters) - The highest military court in Peru has sentenced five army officers and four noncommissioned officers to prison for their role in the 1992 slayings of nine students and a university professor suspected of gaerrilla activity.

by Mint

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Two majors received the harshest penalties, 20-year sentences for having directed a squad that abducted the 10 suspects from La Cantuta University on July 17, 1992, and killed them hours later, a court officer said. They were accused of murder, kidnapping and other crimes.

Four noncommissioned officers who carried out the killings were sentenced to 15 years in prison for the same crimes as their superiors, he

### said. A general, a colonel and a captain were sentenced from one to five years for negligence and other crimes in the case, he added. Pakistan Tightens Rules on Refugees ISLAMABAD, Pakistan (AP) — Outrage over the taking of hostages

by Afghan gunmen this week has prompted the government to tighten-security at refugee camps and encourage the foreigners to go home.

Three Afghan kidnappers took about 70 schoolboys hostage on a bus Sunday. The gummen were killed by commandos Monday night in.
Islamabad after a 40-hour ordest, and the boys were inhumed.

About 2 million Afghan risingers reside in Pakistan.

France to Restart Disputed Reactor

PARIS (AP) — Despite years of commoversy and technical problems, the French government plans to restart Super-Rhenix, the world's only commercial size nuclear breeder reactor, Dominique Voynet, leader of rance's Green Party, and Theaday.

Miss Voynet, whose environmentalist party streamously opposes the reactor, said after she and members of other parties met with Prime Minister Edouard Balladiar that she expected the government to announce its plans. Wednesday.

The \$5 billion Super-Pheno: plant was shut down in July 1990 after typested leaks of this condition that was shut down in July 1990 after typested leaks of this condition than the said of the t

# Quebec Separatists Win Liberal Seat

MONTREAL (Renters) — Quebec's separatist Parti Québécois has ousted the governing Liberals from a previous Liberal stronghold in a ousted the governing Liberal around providing the partial provincial election.

The Parti Québécuis candidate, Marcel Landry, beat his Liberal opponent, Nicole Appleby Arbour, by more than 2,600 votes in unofficial tallies, ending 37 years of Liberal representation in the Bonaventure district of eastern Quebec.

# Correction

A Reuters dispatch in Monday's editions stated incorrectly the number of fatalities caused by a cyclone in Mauritius. Two people were killed.

# TRAVEL UPDATE

# **High Court Sides With the Bumped**

WASHINGTON (Reuters) — The Supreme Court realfirmed Tuesday that an airline passenger banned from an overbooked flight can sue for The high court denied, without any comment, an appeal by Northwest Airlines Inc. arguing that a 1978 federal arrive deregulation law prevents

the 50,000 passengers who are bumped from flights each year from suing under differing state laws.

The case isvolved William West, a Montana lawyer who was bumped

in 1986 from a Northwest Aritines flight from Great Falls, Montana, to Arlington, Virginia. He had purchased a nonrefundable and nonexchangeable ticket. He was offered \$198 in "denied boarding compensation" or the choice of taking another flight scheduled to arrive in the Washington area six hours later than the original flight. He rejected the offer and sued for \$10,000 in actual damages and \$50,000 in punitive damages. The Supreme Court ruling cleared the way for a trial.

Crows packed Florence's Uffizi art gallery on Tuesday for the re-opening of the Michelangelo Room, damaged in May by a car bomb that killed five people. (Reuters)

The Swiss company Asea Brown Bovert will start work on a rail system for Izmir, a port in western Turkey, following the conclusion of financing nems, the company said Tuesday in Zurich: ~ (Knight-Ridder) About 45,000 pesticide packets from a French ship are still adrift in the North Sea and heading for the Danish and German coasts, the Dutch authorities said Tuesday.

(AFP)

authorities said Tuesday. Anthorities in the Brazilian coastal city of Fortaleza, a holiday resort popular with foreign tourists, declared a state of emergency Tuesday to tackle an outbreak of cholera and acute diarrhea that has killed eight. persons and affected 9,000 in the last two months. (Reuters)



legality of Greece's actions.

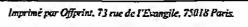
Martha rushed in to break Herbert of his old ways.

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# INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1994 THE AMERICAS / VOICES IN

# Clinton Promotes 'Lifelong Learning'

WASHINGTON -- Wielding charts to show how education can fight unemployment and boost earnings, President Bill Clinton pashed "lifelong learning" on Tuesday as a way to strengthen the U.S. economy and fortify society.

"If we really want America to grow jobs and increase earnings, we

will have to dramatically improve the levels of education of the American people," Mr. Clinton told college presidents and administrators. "We have to start with the preschoolers, but we can't stop with the adults "

Mr. Clinton, in a speech to the American Council on Education offered support for the Goals 2000 legislation moving through Congress and said, "Education goes a long way toward solving the problem of jobs and income.

"Any hope we have to hook the American economy to the 21st century," he said, depends on making sure the educational system is responsive to "the demands of the times."

Fie told the university officials, "It is clear that the future of our economy, and therefore the fabric of our society, is in no small measure in your hands."

The president's seven-point education agenda includes: helping children begin school healthy, higher standards for public educa-tion; making college more accessible; helping young people earn money for college by performing community service; school-to-work programs; re-employment programs; and getting society more involved in learning initiatives.

(AP)

### Labor to Drop Record Sum on Health Plan

BAL, HARBOUR. Florida — Organized labor has announced that it will spend at least \$10 million, the most ever on a single cause, to promote President Clinton's overhanl of the health care system and beat back alternatives in Congress and attempts to compromise

The only other issue to generate spending approaching that magnitude was the unions' unsuccessful campaign to stop the president's enactment of the North American Free Trade Agreement

president's enactment of the North American Free Trade Agreement last fall. That long-open wound in labor's hide has suddenly healed as the two sides turn to an issue on which they agree.

The federation president, Lane Kirkland, equated the drive on universal health care to the ones that led to enactment of the Social Security Act in the days of the New Deal. "We intend to campaign as hard as we can for as long as it takes," Mr. Kirkland said.

Asked how much the unions would spend to sell the president's plan, Gerald Shea, head of the American Federation of Labor-Congress of Industrial Organizations' health care team, said, "It's well over \$10 million, and it could be double that."

(NYT)

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Catherine Moore, spokeswoman for the Democratic National Committee, which raised a record amount for a nonpresidential year, \$31-2 million last year, but has spent most of it: We're not meant to sit here on top of piles of money. We had the responsibility of supporting the White House. It's a burden we're happy to bear.

# Main Rural Worry About Health Care Is Getting Some

By Adam Clymer

PARKSTON, South Dakota — The big problems of health care sound very different in small farming towns than they do in Washington. The issues that congressional subcommittees will begin voting on in a few days are remote, often irrelevant and frequently unknown is the rural Midwest.

Several days of conversations here made it clear that the big problem is less how to pay for health care than to make sure that there is health care to pay for.

Few people concentrate on worries about bureaucracies and health insurance purchasing alliances, though they have their doubts. Instead, they talk about recruiting doctors and using other medical-workers more efficiently.

Gale Walker, the administrator of the 30-bed St. Benedict's Hospital in Parkston, said: "Here it's not 'Do I have a choice?" It is 'What do I do to find a

Or, said Linda Guthmiller, the assistant administra-

tor and laboratory chief at the 25-bed Landman-Jungman Hospital in Scotland, South Dakota, 25 miles (40 kilometers) to the courbons and analysis of the south particular in the courbons and the courbons are considered and the courbons are considered and the cou miles (40 kilometers) to the southeast. "Doctors have to start dropping their egos, and they have to let the nurses and the physicians' assistants do more."

The health care issue arrived in South Dakota on Friday with a visit by Hillary Rodham Clinton to Lennox, a preemptive Republican attack that morning in Sioux Falls by Senator Phil Gramm of Texas and a sudden surge in news coverage of the subject.

It was clear from comments by people who heard Mrs. Clinton, conversations with people in Parkston and in Scotland, and in a discussion with nine South Dakotans assembled to talk about the subject, that one crucial issue seems to have a consensus behind it: the idea that the United States ought to see to it that everyone has health insurance.

After the group discussion, Kate Heligas, executive director of the South Dakota Nurses Association, said, "I think until we have universal coverage, the rest of

the pieces will not fit." She continued: "We should be able to afford some

Lots of people do have a vague idea of how the president's plan might affect them, at least in some eaningful particular. Roy D. Nyberg, who runs the Ace Hardware Store in Sioux Falls, thinks he could not afford to increase his health insurance payments for workers to the level the plan demands, although he

thinks the nation oeeds universal coverage.

Coccia Humphrey, 85, a resident of a Sioux Falls nursing home, told Mrs. Clinton: "One thing I'm pleased about is we get to keep our doctor. I couldn't interest the property of the couldn't in the couldn't interest the

But as to the alternative plans from Republicans and other Democrats, hardly anyone knows what is in them. Dr. Phillip Barker, a family practitioner at St. Benedict's, dismisses them because "most of them fail

to provide universal coverage." If there is one shared concern among South Dako-tans, it is a profound fear that Republicans like Mr. Gramm have capitalized on: that Washington uses a one size fits all" approach, as the Clinton plan's severest critic puts it.

That same concern came through from the nine South Dakotans.

Evelyn Peterson, a retired nursing educator who likes the Clinton plan's emphasis oo preventive care. still worries that "every model that we've been given for rural health care has been developed in an urban area, so it doesn't fit."

Vince Crawford, the director of the Veterans Administration Hospital in Sioux Falls, said, "One-size-

He said if there was one message he could send to Washington, it would be "there needs to be a great deal of flexibility so that South Dakota and New York

City can each solve their own problems. One principle of the Clinton plao does seem irrelevant here. A basic hope of the administration is that the philosophy behind its proposals, known as managed compedition, will lower costs. It requires groups of doctors and bospitals to compete for patients' business. But South Dakota has only three cities of more than 25,000 people and only in Sioux Falls is there a big enough medical center for competition to

# **Retroactive Taxes:** Is a Limit at Hand?

By David G. Savage Los Angeles Times Service
WASHINGTON — The Supreme Court appears poised to reverse nearly 60 years of giving Congress and the states virtually unchecked power to impose taxes

retroactively. Later this month, the high court will consider the case of a Southern California tax attorney who lost \$630,000 for a client in 1987 because Congress retroactively repealed an estate-tax deduction it

had created in 1986. Some tax experts are predicting the court will use the case to say that Congress has gone too far. Richard Samp, chief counsel of the Washington Legal Foundation, is representing 22 Republican U.S. senators who want the court to re-

"This will mean for the first time there is some constitutional limit on what Congress can do," he said.

But the millions of Americans who must pay higher taxes this spring because of retroactive tax provisions should not take heart. Tax experts and constitutional lawyers are nearly unanimous in pre-dicting that the court will not tamper with that sort of retroactive

Congress historically has made changes in tax rates retroactive to the first of the year, because the Internal Revenue Service cannot easily calculate income taxes if the. rates shift in midyear.

The constitution clearly bars ex post facto laws. But since 1798 the high court has interpreted that provision to limit only criminal laws.



MEXICO ACCUSED OF RIGHTS ABUSES — A refugee from the uprising in Mexico's Chiapas state waiting to be fed in Altamirano. As peace talks went into a second day Tuesday, a preliminary report of the International Commission of Jurists accused government forces of serious human rights violations, including summary executions and arbitrary detention of civilians.

# Clinton Aide Shakes Up White House for Midterm Elections

By Richard L. Berke

New York Times Service WASHINGTON - As White House officials worry about the potential for significant Democratic deeats in this year's midterm elections, President Bill Clinton has given one of his closest advisers the job of bringing focus to the troubled political operations at the White House and the Democratic National

The side, Harold M. Ickes, has begun holding weekly meetings with presidential sides and Democratic officials to coordinate a strategy for minimizing

"While officials acknowledge that the party that wins . the White House habitually pays at the polls two years of safety in the Senate; where the Democrats now dominate, 56-44, and in the House, where nearly 40 members have announced retirements.

On several issues, including the North American Free Trade Agreement and the budget, the administration won victories last year with bare majorities.

Adding to the nervousness, and prompting the White House to dictate changes at the Democratic National Committee, is the Republicans' string of victories in all six major elections since the election of

Mr. Ickes, a New York lawyer who was named deputy White House chief of staff late last year, already is coordinating efforts to pass the president's health care legislation and is charged with controlling political damage over the inquiry into the involvement of the president and Hillary Rodham Clinton with Whitewater Development Co.

Officials view the rapid rise of Mr. Ickes as important because he is a veteran operative who ran the successful Democratic National Convention in New York in 1992 and carries weight with the Clintons. .

In a recent interview, Mr. Ickes said: "What we want to do is nail down and focus our strategy for the '94 elections. We're also starting to take a hard look at where the White House resources should be put - the esident's time and what states and districts should be emphasized."

Mr. Ickes is developing a political agenda in which the emphasis for Mr. Clinton will be on traveling to promote his plan to overhaul the nation's health and welfare systems, as well as other programs.

While he will do some campaigning for Democratic candidates, most of those activities will be left to Vice President Al Gore, Mrs. Clinton and, to a lesser extent, cabinet members.

"California will continue to be our favorite stop,"

said Joan N. Baggett, the White House political direcsome of the Northeast, New York and Pennsylvania." Mr. Ickes played down the difficulties. But Demo-

crats outside the White House have been more blunt in tol Hill. describing confusion in the party and the White House, and the struggle to turn a structure that suc-

melds campaigning and governing.

"If they're trying to push health care reform instead of building voter files, they're down the wrong road in my opinion," said Brian Lunde, a former executive director of the Democratic Party.

The White House operation has been regularly

faulted by Democrats in Congress and elsewhere as rudderless and ineffective. Many critics say the Droolem is not lack of talent, but a diffusion of authority. Mark A. Siegel, an aide to President Jimmy Carter, said: "The political talent of this White House is

clearly at a higher level than what we saw in the previous Democratie White House, but the poliocal decision-making process seems to be less structured."

He added, "Clearly, Hamilton Jordan was in charge

of politics at the Carter White House. He frequently made the wrong calls, but he was always making the calls. Here, there is not one central focus to the

Last year, the Democratic National Committee de tor. "I think you'll see the president a great deal in the Midwest — Illinois, Michigan and Ohio — as well as Clinton's programs rather than promoting the pros-Clinton's programs rather than promoting the pros-pects of individual Democrats, leaving the party chairman, David C. Wilhelm, open to criticism from Capi-

Mr. Wilhelm, who was Mr. Clinton's campaign manager in 1992, said in defense of the strategy: "Our ceeded to the presidential campaign into one that focus in 1993 was the president's legislative agenda. And I think that's where it should have been because the president's success and the Democratic Party's

But to underscore his intention to shift emph this year, he has pledged to allocate \$2 million to help House candidates, and \$7 million for senatorial and

to the last month or two. Mr. Wilhelm also has replaced almost all top aides at the Democratic National Committee, and installed more people with campaign experience and links to the White House.

He has hired Debra DeLee, the top lobbyist at the Nacional Education Association, as chief of staff, with wide authority to handle coordination.

"We know it's going to be tough," Mr. Wilhelm said. "We know the historical trends. The history of midterm elections is challenging, to say the least."

danger to the life of the mother; Mr. North would allow abortion

Both first-time candidates are

stannch conservatives who disagree

on few issues and vehemently op-

pose gun control, the Clinton

health care plan and tax increases.

also in cases of rape and incest.





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# Oliver North's Faceless Opponent Suddenly Poses a Threat

By Kent Jenkins Jr.

Washington Post Service
WASHINGTON — Forget the Founding Fathers. In the battle for Virginia's Republican nomination to the Senate, James C. Miller 3d is drawing his inspiration from a contemporary thinker; the comedian Rodney Dangerfield.

"I get no respect," Mr. Miller
wailed — using the comedian's re-

frain — to a roomful of langhing Republicans meeting in Norfolk last weekend. He recounted the insults, such as a columnist's description that he has "about as much charisma as a slide rule" and his own staff's decision to take his picown stain section to the may be mure off campaign brochers.

"What you see before you," Mr. Miller said, waving the photoless flier, "is not just another pretty When you're in second place,

you learn the art of self-deprecapractice the last few months. Ofiver L. North, he has been overshadowed, vastly outspent and all but written off by most in his party. But in recent days, the former Reagan administration budget director has taken the offensive against Mr. North for the first time.

Last week, he was endorsed by a group of retired senior military of-ficers who criticized Mr. North's a skilled grass-roots campaign and role in the Reagan administration's

role in the Keagan administration's arms-for-hostages scandal.

Many Republicans say Mr.

Miller shows increasing strength among those who will choose the Senate nominee at a state party

convention in June.

At a weekend meeting of about 300 Republican activists, Mr. Miller conceded that be continues to trail Mr. North but contended that his campaign is making up

We've got the momentum. We've got our people out there cranking," Mr. Miller said. "A few weeks ago, the North people were saying that the convention was just a formality. Now they're worried enough to engage us. The move-ment is in our direction."

Several senior Republicans agreed with the assessment of Larry J. Sabato, a political scientist at the University of Virginia, who said that Mr. Miller had elevated himself "from the longest of long shots to a credible underdog." The winner will gain a chance at the seat to which Charles S. Robb,

a Democrat, hopes to be re-elected.

the party's concern that Mr. North's Iran-contra history will frighten away voters in November.

The first significant test of both candidates' organizations will be in the coming weekend, when they begin registering delegates for the state convention.

Officials with the North campaign contend that they remain far ahead and are not troubled by recent events. After the military retirees endorsed Mr. Miller last week, North aides made public records showing that Mr. Miller received a student draft deferment during the mid-1960s and accused him of avoiding service in the Vietnam War. They say their counteroffen-sive blunted any potential Miller

"We won't get everybody," said Mark Merritt, a spokesman for Mr. North, "but we continue to pile up delegates. They've got the insiders, but we've got the people."

The first group to rally around Mr. Miller consisted of Reagan alumni. A long list of senior Rea-gan aides — including Edwin Meese 3d, George P. Shultz, Ca-Republican leaders said Mr. spar W. Weinberger and Frank C.

Mr. North. Devotion to Mr. Reagan remains strong among the Virginia Repub-lican faithful, and Republican ac-Mr. Miller believes abortion

bers - have endorsed their old helped Mr. Miller.

colleague, saying he is better quali-fied than Mr. North to keep Ron-Using the abortion issue, Mr. Miller has picked up support by positioning himself to the right of ald Reagan's torch alight.

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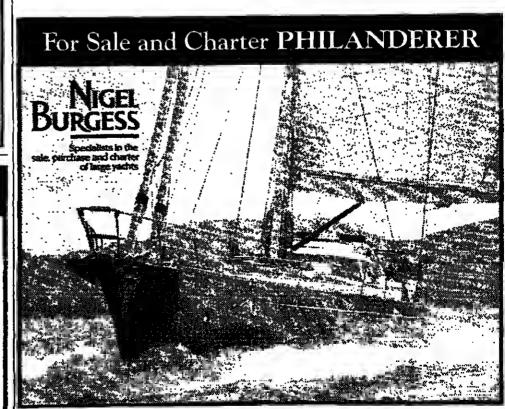
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# **Away From Politics**

• The Federal Communications ssion has voted to reduce rates for many cable television services by 7 percent. The new rates should be to effect by mid-May. The agency only cut rates for the service it regulates, sometimes referred to as "expanded basic." It includes such channels as ESPN, C-SPAN and CNN.

 Martin Marietta Corp. has agreed to pay a \$1 million settlement in connection with a federal probe of suspected fraudulent business practices at NASA's Johnson Space Center, a Houston TV station reported.

• Lieutenant Shannon Workman has become the first woman to qualify to fly combat aircraft off navy warships. Lieutenant Work-man, 26. New her final qualifying

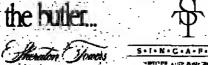
carrier Dwight D. Eisenhower, to about 2 percent.
based in Norfolk, Virginia.

• A man and ble

atmosphere since industrial nations them at a stop sign in Pomona, agreed to phase out manufacture of California, walked up and "just the ozone-depleting chemical, re-searchers said at a symposium in tigators say they believe the shoot-San Francisco. But the rate of that ing was an act of gang retaliation. increase has been cut in half. The Frank Cota, 35, and his son, CFCs increased at the rate of 4. Mathew Frank Cota, were in critipercent annually through the cal condition.

flight this past weekend from the 1980s, but the rate has now slowed

Concentrations of chlorofinorocarbons are still increasing in the





WASHINGTON -- Justice Harry A. Blackmun of the Supreme Court, who has long voiced his growing concern about capital punishment, said Tuesday that he now considered all death penalty laws unconstitutional.

Justice Blackmun thus became the only justice on the nine-member high court to oppose capital punishment under all circum-

"From this day forward, I nn longer shall tinker with the machinery of death," Justice Blackmun wrote in n dissenting opinion from the court's denial of an appeal by a Texas death row inmate, Bruce

The court's action was taken without comment. Mr. Callins is scheduled to die by lethal injection on Wednesday

"For more than 20 years I have endeavored — indeed, I have strug-gled — along with a majority of this court to develop procedural and substantive rules that would lend more than the mere appearance of fairness of the death penalty endeavor," Justice Blackmun said.

Rather than continue to coddle the court's delusion that the desired level nf fairness has been achieved and the need for regulation eviscer-ated," he said, "I feel morally and intellectually obligated simply to concede that the death penalty experiment has failed."

The sole response to Justice Blackmun was provided by Justice Antonin Scalia, who In an opinion concurring with the court's denial

death penalty "beyond doubt" was

"Convictions in opposition to the death penalty are often passionate and deeply held," Justice Scalia said. "That would be no excuse for reading them into a constitution that does not contain them." Justice Scalia took Justice Black-

mun to task for "describing with poignancy the death of a convicted rderer by lethal injection." "He chooses, as the case in which to make that statement, one of the less brutal of the murders that regu-

larly come before us — the murder of a man ripped by a bullet suddenly and unexpectedly, with no opartunity to prepare himself and his affairs, and left to bleed to death on the floor of a tavern," Justice Scalia said. The Supreme Court banned the death penalty in 1972, but in 1976

approved of state attempts to rein-

state it. Since that 1976 ruling, 228

convicted murderers have been ex-

In other cases on Tuesday, the Supreme Court issued these rul

• The court turned down the ap-peal of a former Foreign Service officer with the U.S. Information Agency, who said he lost his jnh because he is homosexual. Without comment, the court let stand rulings that threw out Jan Krc's lawnit against the agency.

Mr. Krc contended that the

agency violated his right to equal protection under the federal consti-tution exclusively because of his

of Mr. Callins's appeal said the homosexuality, and that he wrong-aimed at giving some Vietnam vet-death penalty "beyond doubt" was ly was denied a trial. He entered the crans and their families a new Foreign Service in 1982, and in 1983 was sent to Belgrade.

Upon returning to the United States in 1984, Mr. Krc admitted that while overseas he had engaged in homosexual conduct with a number of people, including a miliropean country and two nationals ment. of a Communist country. As a result, the information agency ended his appointment to the Foreign Service and gave him a jnh in its domestic civil service.

• In a setback for federal government contractors, the court refused to disturb a law that allows people to sue in the government's behalf over alleged fraud and share in any awards. The court, without comment, turned down a constitutional challenge to the law, enacted by Congress in 1863 but mostly unused until recent years. Lower courts upheld the law, called the False Claims Act.

The court rejected two appeals

chance to sue chemical makers over exposure to the toxic herbicide Agent Orange. The court, without comment, turned away arguments that those who discovered their illnesses after the 1984 settlement of a nationwide class-action lawsuit tary attaché from a non-NATO Eu- should not be bound by the agree

> The court refused to order the FBI to release its files on the 1975 disappearance of the former Teamsters union president Jimmy Hoffa. The court, without comment, turned down a Detroit newspaper reporter's argument that the government cannot withhold the documents because it is unlikely anyone will be prosecuted in the case.

Mr. Hoffa disappeared July 30, 1975, from a restaurant in a Detroit suburb. His body was never found. The FBI conducted a nationwide investigation into Mr. Hoffa's disappearance and accumulated about 400 volumes of files in the



A CURTAIN FALLS IN CAMBODIA — A stranded French construction worker waits to be rescued Tuesday as fire destroyed the Tonle Bassac Theater, one of Pinnom Penh's best-known landmarks. Ten Asian renovation employees were arrested in connection with the blaze. It was thought to have been started by sparks caused by welders working in the theater's upper level.

# Vittorio Rieti, American Composer for Diaghilev and Balanchine, Dies at 96

New York Times Service Vittorin Rieti, 96, an American composer who fashioned neoclassi-

cal scores for the ballets of Serge Diaghilev and George Balanchine, died Saturday in New York City. Mr. Rieti had suffered a bad fall at his home, breaking several ribs.
In a career that spanned eight

decades, Mr. Rieti wrote music for more than a dozen ballets, seven operas, five symphonies and sever-al concertos, as well as chamber music for n wide variety of instrumental combinations, songs and choral works.

His music was widely performed. Among the conductors who led

Frederick Stock, Willem Mengelberg and Aruno Toscanini.

Mr. Rieti was born in Egypt, to
Italian parents, and educated in

Italy. But his music - in its craft and economy of means - shares similarities with the work of the French group of composers Les Six, particularly that of Pouleuc. The music of Stravinsky, a close friend, was also an important influ-

Oscar Collazo, 80. Puerto Rican Nationalist

SAN JUAN, Puerto Rico (AP) - Oscar Collazo, 80, a Puerto Rican nationalist who spent 29 years in prison for an armed attack on President Harry S. Truman's Washington residence. Blair House, died of a stroke Sunday in Vega Baja. Mr. Collazo and Griserio Torre-

sola tried to shoot their way into the temporary residence Nov. 1, 1950, in an effort to gain support for the Puerto Rican independence movement. Mr. Truman, who was staying at Blair House while the White House was being renovated, was not hurt, but Mr. Torresola and n White House guard were

The attacks brought about a nationalist uprising that left 32 people dead in the U.S. commonwealth. Mr. Collazo was sentenced to death, but Mr. Truman commuted this to life in 1952. President Jimmy Carter freed him in 1979.

director, died of AIDS Sunday in London. A campaigner for gay rights in Britain, Mr. Jarman shocked and provoked critics and andiences alike with low-budget films such as "Sebastiane" and "Jubilee" in the 1970s.

Chimanhhei Patel, 65, long-time

leader of the Indian state of Gujarat, died Thursday of a heart attack in Ahmadabad. He dominated the state's politics for almost three de-cades. After becoming its chief ninister in 1990, he turned it into an industrial power by attracting

by the priest Saicho (767-822). Thomas Rouald McCartin, 59, a former publisher of the Dallas Times Herald and an executive of the Times Mirror Corp., has died of

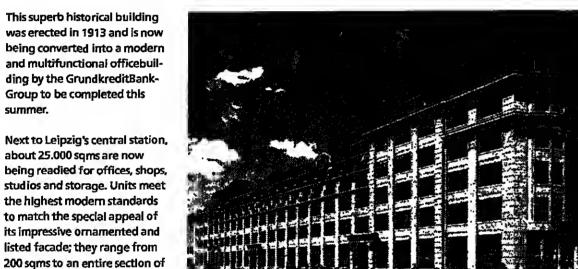
book about Pearl Harbor published in 1991 despite the protests of the British government, died Feb. 16 at Bodmin, Cornwall. In "Betrayal at Pearl Harbor," he and an Australian code breaker. Eric Nave, who died last year, contended that if the British had shared foreign investments. their knowledge of Japanese codes

Em Yamada, 98, the 233d head with the United States in 1941, the

priest of the Tendar Buddhist sect. Americans would have been foredied of pneumonia Tuesday in Ja- warned about Pearl Harbor.

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ON THE GRAND TRUNK

A Journey into South Asia By Steve Coll. 307 pages. \$23. Times Books.

Reviewed by William Shawcross

ROAD: .

S TEVE COLL takes us on an exhilarating, rollicking journey along the Grand Trunk Road, the highway that runs across northern India. Kipling wrote of its rather grim and desolate qualities, noting that "the police are thieves and executioners but at least they do not suffer any rivals." Not much

Coll, a reporter for The Washington Post, follows Kipling along the 900-mile (1,450-kilometer) stretch of the road between Delhi and Calcutta, driven by a gaunt Sikh in a 10-ton Tata truck two axle, six wheel, top heavy steel box that looks to drivers of oncoming cars like one of those carnivotous contraptions from the 'Mad

Like the rest of the book, this is an exciting ride.

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fossils in the exact position in which their accidents left them."

. The book opens with some rather gruesome descriptions of the talent for political assassination in India, Pakistan, Sri Lanka and Afghanistan. It is, he says, "an advanced art characterized by grandiose themes of betrayal, revenge and collective struggle . . . political killers in modern South Asia often stalk their victims with fanatical

In a wretched north Indian vil-

meet that aspiration. After a journey to visit poor is-landers of Bangladesh who have

respect."
Coll spends n considerable

In a wretched north Indian village alice a man who imgin or and scrous, though I don't mean to lage called Chopta, close to China, might not have been involved in an insist that it actually turned out the failure of a. World Bank proposed. Northing in every thin way. Will, I think it probably promoted, liouvest the Afglian way.

In describing the Afglian way.

Coll has fun noring the market of William Shawcross, the maker of the everyone else, wanted to improve their lot as quickly as possible, and were willing to work very Mujahido. You would train up to the Shak's Last Ride," wrote this land to do so Neither the bank nor barren strivells at the help of the Post.

rebel in middy boots and then be nshered with a sort of whoosh into a carpeted dustless digital studio blinking with mixers, dubbers and "The West feels only for these peo-i men with long beards, Islamic caps, ple. If it values courage and determination, what it ought to feel is

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But this is not just a book of amount of effort and ingennity in travels and the stories of Coll's astrying to discover the reasons why signments for The Washington the plane carrying General Zia, the Post. It is also a skilled work of Pakistani leader and the life U.S. reportage woven through with hisambassador. Arnold, L. Raighel, torical and political analysis. Coll says the book is meant to be accesspiracy and goes on an internation subject to the control of al chase after a man who might or and serious, though I don't mean to

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# حكذامن المذحول

# Hong Kong Chief Steps Up Pressure

# **Electoral Plans Nearing Vote**

By Kevin Murphy
International Herald Tribune
HONG KONG — Confident that legislators will pass his lesscontroversial proposals for demo-cratic change, Chris Patten, the Hong Kong governor, will formally announce a second bill on Priday

containing the measures that have most deeply angered China.

The British colony's legislature will vote Wednesday on the less-controversial reform bill, which also is opposed by China. Government radio reported Tuesday that the colony's highest advisory body, the Executive Council, had ap-proved Mr. Patten's decision to force lawmakers to begin consider-

ing the second bill. That bill contains steps that will significantly broaden the voting base for future elections, and which China finds even more unaccept-able than the first bill.

The legislative activity - and with Britain widely expected to make public on Thursday its ver-sion of frauless negotiations with Beijing - promises to bring to a chimax a bitter dispute that has

dragged on for 16 months.
"What we will be debating Wednesday is chicken feed in terms of real democracy," said Christine Loh, an independent member of the Legislative Council. "But it is a historic moment for Hong Kong. Exodus to Camada Fading
China first ignored, then attacked electoral proposals first ple to Canada has peaked and is

122

made by Mr. Patten in October 1992 that it says contravene earlier agreements with Britain over the transfer of sovereignty and Hong Kong's future political system.
Asserting that Britain is seeking to continue its influence in the col-

ony after 1997, Beijing has threat-tued to disband the Legislative Council and any other changes with which it does not agree.

In 17 rounds of negotiations, Britain and China had come close to agreement on lowering Hong Kong's voting age to 18, abolishing appointive membership to local municipal government bodies and instituting a one-seat, one-vote for-mat for the seats in the 60-seat Legislative Council that will be chosen by direct election. These provisions are in the first bill.

The two sides remained far apart on the size of nine new functional constituencies, electorates orga-nized along professional and trade group lines that cover most work-ers, and the composition of an electoral committee that will select 10 legislators in 1995 elections, the last under British rule. These are in the second bill.

Mr. Patten's decision to legislate. on the so-called simple points, a bid to basten discussion of more controversial proposals, prompted a collapse in the talks. ■ Exodus to Canada Fading

NOT SO GREAT WALL OF CHINA - A worker climbins

onto a fence Tuesday built by the Zhuhai provincial authorities along China's border with the Portuguese territory of Macao. The fence is supposed to discourage illegal emigration of hundreds of unemployed Chinese into the foreign enclave.

reduction in the rate of new visa cent last year, a drop Canadian applications, Reulers reported The rate of Hong Kong applica-

now set to decline as indicated by a tions for Canadian visas fell 10 perofficials attributed to concerns about Canada's high unemployment, which stands at 11 percent.

# **UN Agency Sees No Progress** On North Korea Inspections

VIENNA - The United Nations nuclear safeguards agency said Tuesday that it had no indication from North Korea that visas were on their way for its

inspectors to visit suspect nuclear sites there. There's no confirmation of that," said a spokesman for the International Atomic Energy Agency, following a statement to that effect by Secretary of

State Warren M. Christopher. Earlier in Washington, Mr. Christopher said that "the inspectors either have or will soon have their visas

to go to North Korea." There seems to be a resolution of the immediate problem, that is the inspection of the seven sites will commence," Mr. Christopher added.

"I don't have any reason to believe the North Koreans will not go ahead with the commitment they

But the inspection agency spokesman, David Kyd, said, "There is nn such indication here in Vienna by He added it was "unlikely that anything will have moved by the time the board discusses the issue

tomorrow, although of course we cannot exclude it." American and North Korean officials were to meet n New York late Tuesday to discuss the situation, the State Department said. The department spokesman, Mike McCurry, said Tuesday: "There's a meeting at the usual level in New York today between the United States and North Korea. The purpose is to heip ensure that Nnrth Korea schedules these inspections at the earliest possible date."

The 35-member board of governors of the UN gency, meeting at its Vienna headquarters, is considering how to approach the issue after an apparent bid by Pyongyang to use the proposed inspections to extract diplomatic concessions from Washington.

The United States and South Korea are trying to get North Korea to open its nuclear sites to inspection

through a combination of carrot-and-stick measures. holding out the prospect of better relations or econom-

ic sanctions By offering diplomatic ties and economic help to the isolated and impoverished country, they hope to persuade Pyongyang to abandon any ambitions it may harbor to become a nuclear power.

After months of wrangling and attempts to limit the scope of the agency's inspections. North Korea said last week it would open seven declared nuclear sites to inspection. But it has so far failed to issue visas for the inspection team and the agency board will soon face

But Pyongyang added a new hurdle over the week-end when it implied in a telex to the agency that the visits would go ahead only if the United States first resumed high-level talks and promised action on un-

specified issues. This was promptly rejected by Washington, which said inspections must come first and talks later. "With no U.S. formula to break the deadlock our

board will have to address the issue," Mr. Kyd said earlier on Tuesday. The board was scheduled to discuss the situation on

Wednesday, the last day of its meeting, after members had a chance to consult with their governments.

The inspections would allow experts to make tests, change film in monitoring cameras and check seals at the sites, mostly at Yongbyon, 95 kilometers (60 miles)

north of Pyongyang. North Korea's agreement with the inspection agen-cy and the United States does not include two other sites that experts say are crucial to full knowledge about North Korea's nuclear capabilities.

Gaining access to those sites is supposed to be a focus of the so-called third round of senior-level talks veen the United States and North Korea.

# On 'Hot' Drink. Tokyo Stance Is Hands Off

Agence France-Presse TOKYO - The director of the Science and Technology Agency said Tuesday that a video containing a cartoon character drinking water contaminated by plutonium was not suitable as a public health

But the director, Satsuki Eda, also indicated that he did not plan to ask the state-run company that issued the video

to withdraw it. Mr. Eda said, "I don't think the situation requires me to give concrete instruction" to

the corporation. He was commenting on a request by the U.S. secretary of energy, Hazel R. O'Leary, that Power Reactor & Nuclear Development Corp. withdraw the video because it understat-

ed the danger of plutonium. She made the request in a letter dated Feb. 7 and sent to the company's president, Ta-kao Ishiwatari, a company spokesman said.

A spokesman for the company said that it did not intend in withdraw the video, although it regretted that it had

caused misunderstanding. "We did not mean to say plutonium is safe to drink." the spokesman said.

# France and U.K. Retain Reprocessing Program

By Barry James

onal Herald Tribune PARIS - Japan's reported decision to slow down its nuclear fuel cycle leaves France and Britain asthe only two countries strongly committed to reprocessing reactor fuel, rather than storing the spent fuel rods above ground.

But Britain's bid to start opera-tions at its Thermal Oxide Reprocessing Plant at Sellafield has been placed in doubt by a legal challenge from a local government and by the Greenpeace environmentalist orga-

France operates two such reprocessing units at a huge facility just outside of Cherbourg. The plants separate highly fissile waste prod-ucts from spent uranium fuel rods and seal them into glass blocks for eventual burial. About 3 percent of the rods are unusable waste. The rest is converted back into reactorgrade uranium and a small quantimixed together in a fuel known as Mox and reused in commercial re-

France handles the waste from its more than 50 commercial reac-tors as well as spent fuel rods from

foreign utilities, notably Japanese. Japan operates a pilot reprocessing plant, but with French help is building a plant modeled on the French reprocessing facilities near

Continued from Page 1

2050," a senior government official involved in the debate said last

week. "Politically, it is clear that

this is not the time to be producing

plutonium, shipping it around the world or storing it."

The Clinton administration,

fearful of adding to its tensions with Washington's biggest ally in the Pacific, has never publicly op-

posed Japan's plans to build a se

ries of breeder reactors, which both

produce and consume phitonium, or the reprocessing centers needed

to convert nuclear waste. In fact,

by the White House last year gave a

pecific exemption to Japan's pro-

ject, and to reprocessing centers in

England and France that depend

But the United States halted its bwn breeder reactor program 15

years ago, largely to stop the spread of bomb grade materials. Ameri-can officials have made little secret

of their concern that Japan's pro-gram would add tramendously to the glut of plutonium created by the dismantling of nuclear weapons

While Japan's plutonium is "re-actor grade," meaning it is made for energy production instead of weapons, the National Academy of

Sciences in the United States re-cently concluded that such material

could be used to make a bomb,

heightening the concerns that the supplies could fall into the hands of

terrorists or aspiring nuclear states, including Iran, Iraq and North Ko-

The overall program is now seen as more trouble than it is

worth, in terms of the money and

the politics," said Paul Leventhal,

the president of the Nuclear Con-

arol Institute, a group in Washing-

ton that has led the lobbying effort

against Japan's plutonium plans. It

has suggested instead that Tokyo

buy and stockpile large amounts of

uranium, which is far more difficult

. "The increasing international

to turn into nuclear weapons.

in the former Soviet republics:

cavily on Japan's business.

roliferation policies issued

**NUCLEAR:** Delay by Japanese

Cherbourg. The Japanese decision to slow down the fuel cycle appears to put this cooperation under threat, although to what extent was

not clear on Tuesday night. Under the original agreement, Japan would have taken one-quarter of the 3,300-ton reproces market by the year 2000, leaving half in French hands and the rest to Britain.

In the United States, former President Jimmy Carter turner down an application to build a commercial reprocessing plant on the grounds that it would be uneconomic without massive subsidies As a result, the reactor rods from U.S. reactors are stored in lunge tanks of water and allowed to cool for a generation or two. With the exception of Japan, Germany and some other countries in Europe, virtually all the world's nuclear operating countries do the same as the United States.

Japan's decision also places : question mark over the future of the breeder-reactor industry, ac cording to nuclear experts. Breeder reactors produce more fuel, in the form of plutonium, than they burn. But France's Superphénix fastbreeder reactor, once seen as a model for the industry, has been plagued by questions about its safety and concerns about prolifer-

While the wisdom of Japan's en-ergy strategy has been widely de-bated abroad, the government in

Tokyo has done everything it can to

suppress open arguments that

could stir a Japanese public when

there is growing anti-nuclear senti-ment in Japan. But some Japanese scientists are beginning to chafe.

ments on the issue," Professor Ka-zuo Furukawa of Tokai University

wrote recently. With the govern-ment and some government-con-

trolled nuclear institutes com-

manding the research money, he added, "there is no democratic cli-

mate, and the debate has created

factions and authoritarian tenden-

Nonethcless, as a study commis

sion has worked in secret on Japan's long-term energy plan, de-tails have gradually have lead to be a second

out. Every week now Japanese news organizations are reporting

that one element or mother of the

program will be delayed.

Next month, for instance, Japan will finally activate a \$5 billion

breeder reactor called Monju named for the Buddhist divinity of

wisdom, several years behind

schedule. The huge complex, on a

remote peninsula on the Sea of Ja

pan, was originally supposed to be the first of a series of breeders that would fundamentally change the

to run that the construction of a second reactor, originally planned to begin immediately, will now ap-

parently not start until the year 2000, at the earliest.

The program that Japan is being forced to delay is already nearly 30 years old. In 1966, encouraged by

the United States, Japan adopted a

plan to build a series of breeder

reactors around the country and

become a leader in the technology. It seemed to make tremendous eco-

nomic sense. By the 1990s, the gov

ernment said, uranium would be

scarce and expensive, making the

high cost of recovering plutomum from spent nuclear fuel a relative

nuclear power industry here.

But Monin will be so expe

"There are almost no open argu

# If you can't make it to the end of the test, your company may not make it to the end of the decade.

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# ARE YOU CUSTOMERIZED?

1. Do you have as many customers a Caus beginnen line be too healthy? Of course not. And verther can a growth-oriented compan have too many customers. They to the cogine th

2. Are your customers at loyal as you want?

It's one thing to gain customers. It's another to keep them. The strength of your business depends largely upon your ability to assum a relationship with customers.

3. Do you generate as much business from each net as you want?

A critical component of business growth is reased eales content. To maximize seeds bus opportunity, you need a way to leverage your entire arganisation—to bring it totally to bear at the point of

Do you really know what your en D'Yes DNo

Are you alert to every product your customers uld use? Every service that might interest them? Louis user. Every service that might interest them?.
Every transaction they to prepared to make? Every safe they'd allow you to follow through? Are you to follow through? Are you throughly plugged into your market?

S. Dues your entire organization know what your

The DNo A consumer orientation has limited value tailess it's embedded in the very heart of an enterprise- at all levels, and at every place that directly or indirectly involves the customer.

6. Is your information strategy forused our helping you hear what customers and markets are trying to tell you?

The next best thing to reading your minds is fiscening to what they're saying. But unless you're constantly tuned in to enstoners' against. 7. Can your organisation responsition responses and markets are tell

Dies D No When the flow lines of your information system are one within your continuers mach, you won't always sense when opportunity knocks. But oven if you do, getting the message is not enough. If you can't reply impidly to marker signals with information, products and services, revenue opportunities are lost.

8. Does your information strategy enable five pronctive delivery of information to your endousers?

☐ Yes ☐ No.

usiness plans underestimate the po-ion to build customer relationships But imagine the advantage of an information exchanging framily that thereforms afterwarded into customer generating revenue-generating fact.

9. Are the full capabilities of your orga seccessings to home expression as any lo

. DYES D'No

An office. A branch, A retail ain. To a contourer that's your company. One small part of the whole. Which is why you need to leverage your carine organisation by extending its capabilities to each point of

10. Does your information strategy reflect the bottom-ther importance of customer service? \[ \text{Yes} \quad \text{I} \text{No} \]

Business is built on customers. Without them, there is no bestom fine. Government is also built on tentomers, the poblic. And whether you're in the business of commence or the business of government, no objective of at information strategy is more fundamental time changes customer service.

The Bottom Line. If you answered No to any of these questions, you're not yet customerize But you might well agree that this sample test customerized. And as the leader at cus business and government, Unitys will work with you to provide the unswers you need.

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For more information, fax Graham Roberts on (44) 895 862807. Ask for our CUSTOMERIZESM assessment and discover how we can help your organisation earn hìgh marks in an increasingly customer-driven era.

pressure because of the program has created a perception abroad Unfortunately for Japan's industrial planners, the projections went wildly awry. Uranium prices have that Japan is interested in preserving the nuclear weapons option," Mr. Leventhal said. The Japanese plunged, making the breeder reactors 5 to 15 times more expensive to government, he added. "is finding it more difficult to blunt that per- run than conventional nuclear

# **New Russia in Trouble**

be moving into a new and troubling phase. Both inflation and unemployment are rising, creating new burdens for a government that gives little sign of having any clear sense of direction. Now, in the third year of the post-Soviet era, many Russians are clearly weary of economic reform - while the Western democracies have equally clearly lost much of their original enthusiasm for aiding it.

The record of progress so far is mixed and chaotic. There have been solid achievements. Most prices have been freed, and markets are expanding. Privatization of state enterprises is moving along steadily, and some of them are doing well under their new owners. There is enough food; the starvation feared two years ago has not happened. But there is a darker side as well. The transition away from communism has meant a severe drop in living standards for a great many — perhaps most — of Russia's people. One out of every four now lives in poverty in a country that has no reliable system of public help for the aged and unemployed.

Ominously, political paralysis is interfering with the remedies. An ideologically fragmented legislature seems incapable of enacting the basic laws of ownership and commerce necessary for health investment and growth. The government keeps stoking money desperate-

Russia's economic transformation seems to ly into hopelessly unproductive factories wasting the resources out of which a social safety net might be built.

Russians can properly complain that the West never told them about the two paradoxes contained in social democracy as practiced in Europe and North America. The first is that it takes a lot of regulation to make a free market work. Where freedom merely means the absence of government intervention, the market is infested first by racketeers - the stage visible at present in Russia — and then by cartels. The second paradox is that a broad system of social protection and benefits is essential 10 make free enterprise work effectively. Otherwise the prospect of rapid economic change, destroying jobs for some people while creating them for others, is too terrifying to endure, and people will vote to hobble the whole threatening mechanism of economic growth.

Many Russians now think that they are seeing the emergence of a kind of free econo-

my that means impoverishment for most of the population, while crime and the rackets flourish unimpeded by any public authority. That nightmare vision is probably becoming the greatest danger to the rise of genuine democracy in Russia.

- THE WASHINGTON POST.

# **Greece Is Out of Order**

There is something wrong with the Greek government's sense of logic. It says it is afraid of chaos in the Balkans, It then slaps a trade embargo on its small northern neighbor, Macedonia, thereby threatening to widen the Bal-kan chaos. Since they broke away from ex-Yugoslavia, the Macedonians have struggled to build a new economy and keep the peace between their Slav majority and their Muslim minority. They have had some success, but the closing down last week of their main link with the outside world, through the Greek port of Salonika, could knock them spinning.

There is also something wrong with the Greek government's grasp of history. Its problem is not, as it claims, a fear that little Macedonia—a fifth of Greece's size in population, even less in economic power - might try a grab at the Greek province also called Macedonia. That could be dealt with by a border-respecting guarantee, which the Macedonians say they are ready to give. What the Greeks are really after is to stop Macedonia from calling itself Macedonia, because they say that is a "Greek" name.

In fact, the Macedonians are entitled to share the name. The land they live in was part of the ancient Macedonia of King Philip's time, which was at most fringe-Greek. (Philip's army invaded and conquered classical Greece in 338 B.C.) Today's Greeks are using

bad history to pursue a pointless feud.

The irony is that today's Greece bolds, until the middle of this year, the rotating presiden-cy of the European Union. Its EU partners are perturbed by what it is doing.

They probably cannot order it to stop, unless it turns out that the barriers that Greece has imposed on trade with Macedonia violate EU trade law, as the European Commission warned in a statement issued in Brussels nn Monday. Nor can they throw Greece out of the Union, even though they provide close to a tenth of its national m come. Once in that elub, you cannot be ejected, under present rules. But anger with Greece could show itself in other ways.

One is economic. Greece runs a dangerously large public-sector deficit, which seems set to expand still further even though the Greeks have promised the EU to cut it. Starting this year, the Union has the power to announce publicly that a member country is failing to keep its economy in order - in effect, to declare the country uncreditworthy. That would be a drastic thing to do, but Greece's foreign policy may be making its partners less reluctant to be drastic in what they say about

its economic policy.

The other way is for Europe to address Greece's philotima, its sense of dignity. The Greeks have a splendid history. They long to be respected by modern Europe. Their sixmonth presidency of the Union will come to its climax in a summit meeting on the island of Corfu, where the leaders of the rest of the Union are to be greeted by the elderly, ailing Andreas Papandreou. If Greece is not behaving better by then, Mr. Papandreou should be told that his country is falling short of the standards of its own past and of Europe's future.

INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE

# Yes, Help the Japanese to Design a Normal Country

T OKYO — Bill Clinton is being censured for insisting that numbers be attached to a trade agreement with Japan. Why should an administration ostensibly devoted to liberalizing the Japanese economy put so much emphasis on specific import targets that play into the hands of bureaucrats?

The simple answer is that it is not playing into the hands of Japan's bureaucrats—quite the contrary. And the history of trade friction with Japan has shown that only concrete objectives will make trade agreements meaningful.

President Clinton's decision not to sign a window-dressing deal with Prime Minister Morihiro Hosokawa bas in fact ended a quarter-century of mutual deception and self-deception, removing a source of bitterness that eats away at U.S.-Japanese relations.

And, contrary to predictions, it has not undermined the "fragile reformist" Hosokawa coalition government.

Foreigners need to keep reminding themselves that Japan's elected politicians do not run the country. Bureaucrais from the Ministry of International Trade and Industry and the Ministry of Finance have always been the key players in trade negotiations. The Hosokawa government is more dependent on the bureau-crats than any since World War II.

When it was formed, a senior official in the Finance Ministry felt free to remark publicly that whatever the new government had in mind, be and his colleagues would continue to do what they thought was best for Japan. It was the bureaucrats who stopped Mr. Ho-sokawa from going along with specified trade targets this time, because their sole experience

with them was extremely unpleasant.

In the early 1980s, MITI, working hand in glove with the industrial associations, encouraged Japan's leading electronics firms to overbuild horrendously in order to wrest control of the semiconductor industry from the Americans. But after the semiconductor agreement of 1986, reserving 20 percent of the Japanese market for American manufacturers, they had to "betray" their constituents with instructions to buy from these same Americans.

Recent developments have placed the bu-reamcrats in the novel position of being stron-ger yet more vulnerable. The longest economslowdown since the war, and tens of billions of dollars in uncollectable debts, have left many financial institutions bankrupt by American standards, effectively rendering them wards of the Finance Ministry — which thus has greater control over allocating credit than at any time since the early postwar recovery.

At the same time, the bureaucrats have to contend with genuine, if sporadic, scrutiny by the establishment press. And they can no longer hide behind cozy arrangements with heavy-weights of the Liberal Democratic Party, which had to make way for Mr. Hosokawa's coalition in July after 38 years as an official facade.

And the economie bureaucrats are no long

er succeeding with the remedies that pulled Japan out of other postwar recessions. The two most important bureaucratic tools for running the economy are the systematic transfer of wealth from Japanese households

to Japanese industry and the use of exports to pull the economy out of cyclical troughs. For decades, Japanese families put up with substandard wages and rigged, eye-popping prices for essential goods from food to housBy Karel van Wolferen and R. Taggart Murphy

mg - partly because they had no choice, and partly because the Japanese system provided predictable increases in income while guaranteeing relative job security. But there have been no real gains in purchasing power in years, and many Japanese worry that socalled lifetime employment is doomed.

Meanwhile, the days of economic growth fueled by exports appear to be over. Japan's share of the global economy is now so large that the rest of the world is less and less able to pay for exports - particularly so when most other countries want to send their own goods to Japan, a form of payment that Japanese administrators find difficult to accept.

Today, by standard economic criteria, lapan is in the midst of a deflation. But the standard remedy — putting money in peo-ple's pockets — would imperil the bureaucracy's control over the economy, so it is doing recisely the reverse. It is extracting every yen can from already hard-hit households. It is raising every price over which it has direct

It is in the interest of both countries for Americans to send unambiguous signals that Japan's traditional ways of directing its economy are no longer acceptable.

control: expressway tolls, postal rates, taxi and subway fares, utility fees. It is holding the coalition government's feet to the fire until the deeply unpopular consumption tax is raised from 3 to 7 percent.

While bureaucrats are busy raising prices to prop up the stock market and strengthen bank balance sheets, they cannot be expected to accede to American demands that threaten their control over the economy.

From inside and ontside Japan, one hears a growing chorus of voices imploring them to surrender such control, to free prices and to let the market work. But the free market mpions underestimate the likely costs of getting from here to there: bank failures, large-scale corporate bankruptcies, a collaps ing stock market and unprecedented social upheaval as the lifetime-employment system fragments. Furthermore, no bureaucrat anywhere surrenders power voluntarily, and Japan's are not about to be the first.

But this is no reason for Washington to give up. It is in the interest of both countries for Americans to send mambiguous signals, by deeds rather than empty admonitions, that Japan's traditional ways of directing its eco-

nomy are no longer acceptable.

Such actions should not be construed as Japan-bashing. Very senior members of the Japanese political elite have often told us privately that Japan must make vast changes m its political economy if it is to have a secure future. To say so in public would be very bad form, but one Welfare Ministry bureaucrat, Masao Miyamoto, does speak his mind in newspaper articles and best-selling books.

He put it this way: "Without bureaucratic reform, the Japanese people will never be able to enrich their lives, and Japan's trading partners will be forced into a protectionist stance in order to compete. It is time for the Japanese bureaucracy to abandon protectionism, and in order to accomplish this goal, a tough, uncompromising negotiating position [from President Clinton] is welcome.

Elsewhere in the world, rapid technological change and economic globalization have forced national governments to let major companies fail, to restructure their financial sys-tems and to eadure the heavy social and political costs of redeploying people and capital. The central message from Americans to the Japanese should be that their country can no longer remain the only industrial power that expects to avoid these costs or shift them abroad.

And the Americans need to emphasize, sympathetically but forcefully, that only elected politicians with the unambiguous right to rule have the legitimacy to impose and deal with such costs.

Japan's administrators are generally capa-ble and responsible people. But in fulfilling what they see as their mission — defending the interests of their own bureaucracies against any changes that might harm those institutions — none of them looks after Japan's overall long-term national interest.
The Ministry of Finance is more concerned

about losing its tight control over the budget than about Japan's perilously long recession. MITI is more worned about the headache of carrying out modest American trade requests than about the dangers of Japanese industry losing its major markets.

A policy-making apparatus that serves the nation's interest, rather than the bureaucracies', could gradually emerge if the Hosokawa coalition and its main supporters succeed in restructuring the political system. The coalition government has carned the label "neformist" mainly through its program of revamping the electoral system to diminish political corruption. But a much more impor-tant reform, which the leaders of the coalition are known to espouse, is political oversight

over the ruling bureaucracy.
In the words of the architect of the coalition, Ichiro Ozawa, Japan must become "a normal country." This is a Herculean task, given the monopoly over vital information that the Japanese bureaucracy enjoys.

The Clinton administration has what may

be America's last opportunity to help over-hanl Japan's economic structure, by identifying and supporting the forces that want to turn Japan into a "normal" country. Ulfimately, this is of far greater importance than the ups and downs of Japan's trade surplus.

Economists point out that the overall trade numbers are a function of different levels of savings in different nations. But that beas the question of why Japan's savings are so high. They are a direct product of bureaucratic

management of the economy.

Other misconceptions could hamper U.S. efforts to help Japan reform. A prevalent one is the image of a Hosokawa government. "hanging on by its teeth." Japanese party politics has been in great flux for 10 months, resulting in spectacular shifts and splits, but

so far Mr. Hosokawa and Mr. Ozawa have maneuvered asturely, and no political force is seriously challenging the coamion.

If there is a threat, it comes from the bureaucracy — which, while often divided, has often closed ranks to bring down political. cians who try to interfere.

Another misconception is that pressure on the bureaucrats endangers the Hosokawa co-alition. In fact, it does the reverse. Historically, administrators have shifted course only in the face of overwhelming evidence that the old ways no longer work. Elected politicians can be elped only by making it obvious to all that the bureaucrats, incapable of adjusting to interna-tional realines, cannot now lead Japan.

The howis from MITI bureaucrats in recent weeks indicate that Washington has been on the right track. History's most successful practhioners of managed trade are accusing the Americans of managing trade, because they know that this is the only way of moving Japan

oward "normal country" status.

What would it mean for Japan to be a normal country? Among other things, every fourth or fifth car on the road would be non-Japanese. Most medicines in Japan would be American or European imports because almost all Western pharmaceuticals are better and cheaper. Sony television sets and Nissan cars would be full of American, German and Korean parts. Owners of a number of compames in "strategic" Japanese industries, to use a word beloved by MITI, would live in places like Hong Kong, San Jose and Amsterdam.

Japan's administrators are accustomed to

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American bluster with no follow-up. The worst thing that could happen now would be for the Clinton administration to give the impression: that it speaks koudly and carries a twig.

At the same time, the administration

should resist the temptation to punish Japan by driving up the value of the yen, thereby making Japanese exports unprofitable. This substitute for a Japan policy may temporarily mask underlying problems, but in the end in it makes those problems worse.

A large segment of the Japanese bureaucracy, while not exactly welcoming a stronger yen prefers it to any other means of reducing Japan's intractable surpluses. The suffering that it causes in corporate Japan can be presented as something for which America must be blamed, rather than as a consequence of bureaucratic control over the economy.

If the United States fails to help Japan

become a "normal country," the bureaucrats and their corporate cousins will be driven by the inevitable soaring yen to extend their economic apparatus and methods to much of Asia. This would at minimum widen America's trade deficit with Japan to one with the whole region. It would endanger America's ng influence in Asia. And it might provoke great unrest when Asian countries resist economic control by Tokyo — when they resist what MITI refers to as flying in a . formation of geese led by Japan.

Karel van Wolferen, author of "The Enigna-of Japanese Power," is president of the Insti-ude for Independent Japanese Studies. R. Taggart Murphy, a former investment banker in Japan, is writing a book on the U.S.-Japanese financial relationship. They contributed this comment to The New York Times.

treats Boris Yeltsin. It might cut off

the token aid that Mr. Yeltsin receives,

but it would listen to Russia more

carefully and respect its national inter-

ests more scrupulously than now. It is, in other words, willing to appease ene-

mics and unwilling to assist friends.

Persistent illusions and self-deceit

have already cost America incalcula-

ble prestige and goodwill in Russia.

Increasing numbers of Russians, peo-ple who initially looked to it in a

spirit of trust, have lost faith in its ability to belp them, and many are

beginning to doubt its intentions.

Helping Russia will cost money—

much more than any of the aid plans now on the table. The "Marshall Plan" concept is dead. We either

seek alternatives or harvest the fruits

of the politics of paranoia in a coun-

sevelt when he loaned Britain 50

# Vietnamese to Go Home

They first floated into the world's consciousness in 1977, fishing boats crammed with desperate men, women and children fleeing the hardships and persecutions of a newly united Communist Vietnam. They encountered pirate attacks at sea and bostile recentions on nearby Asian shores. Still, nearly a million of these "boat people" eventually set sail, most in the late 1970s and early 1980s.

That chapter of history has now been officially closed by the office of the UN High Commissioner on Refugees. The United Na-tions' refugee arm declared last week that fleeing Vietnamese would no longer be automatically eligible for consideration as polincal refugees; they will be judged on an indi-vidual basis like other applicants. Most of the 60,000 boat people remaining in Asian refugee camps can now be legally sent back home.

That is unwelcome news to the affected Vietnamese. But sending them home is no more cruel than leaving them to rot in refugee camps - if they can be assured of freedom from reprisals on their return. Asian countries, fearing unemployment and ethnic con-flict, will not admit them as residents. And Western countries other than the United States have been almost equally unwelcoming. Although the world likes to pretend otherwise, the treatment that refugees receive al-

**Beyond Nonproliferation** 

cal materials and technologies.

The international regime, and U.S. policy

in particular, must move beyond the strategy of managing proliferation to one of active

denuclearization — capping arsenals and moving toward their elimination, and revers-

ing the incentives in obtain nuclear weapons.

in addition to discouraging commerce in criti-

The World Bank and the International Mon-

etary Fund have already decided to condition

credit upon the willingness of many developing

nations to curb military spending; if aid agen-

ways has a lot to do with international politics and the current standing of their homeland. The Vietnamese exodus of the late 1970s shocked a world that had been lulled by Hanoi's rosy — and false — postwar picture of liberation, peace and national recupera-tion. Vietnam is still a poor country and remains arbitrary in its treatment of those suspected of political nonconformity. Yet in offers more hopeful economic prospects and

less systematic repression.
It is also being officially welcomed back into the community of nations that isolated it during the long Indochina wars. Only this month, the United States finally dropped its 19-year economic embargo. The Association of South East Asian Nations, once virtually an anti-Vietnamese alliance, now weighs accepting Hanoi as an associate member.

International law defines a refugee fairly strictly. Most people trying to escape poverty and dictatorship do not qualify, only those who can demonstrate a "well-founded fear of persecution." International agencies like the office of the UN High Commissioner on Refugees have a dual mandate: to protect legitimate refugees and to organize their return home after it becomes safe to go back. For Vietnam, that moment now seems to have arrived.

cies and private lenders in the developed world applied a similar standard, regional security

anxieties, and therefore incentives to acquire

nuclear weapons, could be reduced. Prompt.

consistent intervention against aggressors by international military action could counter and

deter wars. International punitive measures

might be adopted against any nation that used

nuclear arms against a non-nuclear weapons

state. A multinational nuclear deterrent force

might eventually provide a "last resort" guar-

the Nonproliferation of Nuclear Weapons."

- Peter Gray, in a "Briefing Book on

antee against nuclear attack.

- THE NEW YORK TIMES.

### Make Russia's Long-Term Assets Serve Short-Term Progress Ukraine's ear, encourages its leaders president of Russia tomorrow, the in their policy of idiotic and futile. West would treat him better than it By Walter Russell Mead

N EW ORLEANS — American policy toward Russia has collapsed. Russia is becoming a capitalist most rudimentary ideas about how to

country, but it is becoming an under-developed capitalist country. Russia is moving down into the Third World. As inflation destroys the security and savings of the middle class, na-tionalists develop "stab-in-the-back" theories (The bankers! The liberals! The Jews!). Russia has undergone a revolution, but the substance of the

old regime remains entreuched. Like Weimar Germany, Russia is in effect being forced to accept the loss of enormous stretches of territo-ry inhabited by millions of Russian citizens to weak and poorly organized states on its frontiers.

But in reality Weimar Germany was much better situated than Wei-mar Russia. With the conspicuous exception of a handful of technologically superb industrial processes. Russia's manufacturing plant is years
—decades — behind world levels. Its bankers and managers have only the

operate in the global economy. Russia remains, in short, a backward country that faces cruel choices in a world that has little use for it. Since Russia will remain for the foreseeable future distinctly less attractive to foreign investment than its Asian neighbors, it seems doomed to lag ever further behind the dynamie

societies of the Pacific Rim. Given Russia's demographic weak-ness in Asia — about 30 million Rus-sians living in Siberia and the Russian Far East compared with more than a billion Chinese — it faces a long-term Pacific crisis that is infinitely more serious, and touches U.S. interests much more directly, than its

troubles on its western frontiers. The West's response to this situation has been worse than dismal. The program of aid, reconstruction and support for democracy that remains the official position of the West was

In China, however, idenlogical "bonesty" still shines through, Qin

funded at decisory levels, and most of the funding has never materialized. Yet the West seeks to bind Russia by threats to deny or delay this pittance tries to impose an unworkable territo-rial settlement on Russia and exalts

tiself for the generosity of its impulses.

This is not policy; it is folly on the grand scale — like the folly that brought Hitler to power in Weimar Germany and then sought to appeare him. It is also folly that is early retracing the miserable steps by which the West egged Croatia and Bosnia ou to defy the Serbs and then abandoned those countries to partition and worse.

Ukraine's boundaries with Russia are plainly arbitrary; without an effective Western security guarantee backed by bases and troops, they are unsustainable. The West will not provide those guarantees, but it lacks the moral courage to draw the consequences from this undeniable fact, It temporizes, whispers sweet words in

defiance, and never tells Ukrame the things it needs to hear: that its independence depends on Russian accep-tance of its independence, that the outside world will not lift a finger to save it, and that if territorial coocessions in Crimea and in the east will reconcile Russia to Ultrainian inde-pendence, then the sooner those conessions are made the better.

Yesterday the West could not be this honest with itself or with the Bosmans. Today it is failing the same elementary test in Ukraine.

The West has created a situation in Russia that rewards enemies and weakens friends. Like the famous British and French diplomats of the 20s and '30s who humiliated Weimar's democrats and then fawned before Hilter, it is harsh and stem to pro-Western politicians in places like Russia and Serbia, and it cringes before the ultranationalists. If Vladimir Zhirinovsky became

try with thousands of nuclear war-heads. Why not try lend-lease? Why not give Russia the money it nceds in exchange for some tangible quid pro quo - like Franklin Roo-

> destroyers in exchange for long-term feases on military bases? Mr. Yeltsin once proposed Westem leases on Russian oil lands to pay the foreign debt. On a recent trip across Siberia, I found surprising levels of interest among Russian officials and analysts in proposals including a "Hong Kong solution" for the region around Vladivostok.

it should not be a task surpassing human ingenuity to find ways in which Russia's long-term assets—its natural resources, its earning power—can be brought to bear on its desperate short-term problems.

The writer, a senior adviser of the World Policy Institute, is completing a book on American foreign policy Id the Twentieth Century Fund, He con tributed this comment to The Wash ington Post

# Ingestion for Hong Kong, Indigestion for Beijing By George Hicks been Hong Kong's role as a safety valve. Florida performed a similar

life-style will not be threatened by the Chinese takeover.

HONG KONG—That the sound and fury of the "disagreement" between Britain and China signify nothing was first divined by the Hong Kong stock market about six months when there ceased to be any relationship between the political temperature and movements in the market. The Hong Kong masses had long before lost interest in the repeti-tive polemics of the two sides.

The supposed climax to this squalid story begins this Wednesday when the legislature of the British colony votes on a limited democratic reform bill proposed by Chris Patter, the governor. It is his stake in history to the moral high ground. Beijing has again warned Hong Kong that come 1997 it will disband the territory's three tiers of government if the legislature approves the reform package.

The brutal suppression of the prodemocracy movement in China in 1989 brought a million people onto the streets of Hong Kong to protest on several occasions. While public opinion polls show that a majority supports the Patten proposals, it is a safe bet that virtually no one in the territory will be clamoring either for or against more democracy. Most people in Hong Kong want to do nothing to provoke China and precipitate the premature arrival of the dreaded People's Liberation Army.

The masses of Hong Kong understand that the real drama lies not in electoral fiddles but in the coming collision between an authoritarian China and a semi-Westernized Hong Kong. Almost nn one in the colony believes in the "one country. two systems" principle enshrined in the Chinese-British Joint Declaration on Hong Kong. It is simply a convenient fig leaf behind which both Britain and Chi-

na hide. Its emhrace enables Britain

to avoid charges of a sellout, while

China can assert that Hnng Kong people have nothing to fear as their

Wenjin, a deputy director of the New China News Agency, said recently China News Agency, said recently that Hong Kong, after 1997, would become "purely an internal matter of China." In Beijing, the post-1997 status of Hong Kong will be no different from that of Tibet or any other The most important consequence of the absorption of Hong Kong by China will be political. It will give a territory under Chinese sovereignty. The success of Hong Kong and of economic reforms in China in the last 15 years is rooted in an odd political

political, legal and cultural divide that can never be bridged. It is this combination of closeness and apartness that gives the Hong Kong-China relationship its unique creative tension. The colony has provided the capital, entrepreneurship, technology, marketing and infrastructure essential for the success of China's reforms, while Hong Kong, without China, would not be a major international city. Once this crucial element of apartness is destroyed, as it will be in 1997. Hong

and economic relationship. Although they are physically close and eco-

nomically complementary, there is a

Kong and China are likely to be millstones around each other's necks. The first problem to be overcome the colony's difficult transition to Communist rule. Forty months from now, a free society will be handed over against the will of the great majority to a country with one of the world's worst buman rights records. This transition has to be worked by sleight of hand, using the hollow slogan of "one country, two systems." China's economy works, after a fashion, without the rule of law, an

independent indiciary or a free press.

But it is an illusion to think that the

finely tuned, modern service econo-

my of Hong Kong will do the same.

With subsistence wages, manofac-turing and agriculture can boom in a corrupt environment. Financial services and most other sectors of Hong Kong's economy cannot. If they are lost, the alternative will be to bring back the manufacturing industry that has moved from Hong Kong to Chi-na. The territory would then be seen as a drag on the mainland's economy.

tremendous push to the centrifugal forces that already threaten to tear China apart. By far the most power-ful of these independent regions is Guangdong, the southern Chinese province adjacent to Hong Kong. From Beijing's perspective, Guang-dong's economic growth is already wildly out of control. A powerful new alliance against

Beijing between Hong Kong and Guangdong linked by common eco-nomic interests and the Cantonese dialect, is sure to develop. The foun-dations are already in place. A Beijing that can barely control the pe-riphery now would regard inclusion of Hong Kong in the Guangdong camp as the final straw.

It is ironic that Hong Kong, under British rule, has always given Beijing the best of all possible worlds: vast economic gain, political neutrality and no responsibility. But once Hong Kong is Beijing's responsibility, Chi-na will find itself with the worst of all worlds: an economic burden, a political thorn, a cultural contaminant and

a threat to the very nnity of China. In gaining physical control of the territory. China will necessarily destroy crucial functions that Hong Kong has performed. These include a bridge to the outside world, a conduit for capital and ideas, and a training ground for maintanders. More abstract but also of vital importance has

function for Communist Cuba by pro-viding Cuban dissidents with both exit and voice, indirectly enabling the regime of Fidel Castro to survive. After 1997; the Hong Kong safety

valve will no longer exist. Thousands of pro-democracy critics in Hong Kong—people like Martin Lee. Szeto Wah, Emily Lan, Christine Loh and Anna. Wu — will be inside China. Even in jail they would prove as tronblesome for the Chinese authorities as Aung San Sun Kyi is for the Burmese.

The writer, an economist and author of books on China, contributed this comment to the Herald Tribune.

# IN OUR PAGES: 100, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

### 1894: A Difficult Début PARIS - It is a long time since any

Paris theatre has been the scene ofsuch scandalous incidents as took place yesterday evening [Feb. 22] in the Opera Comique. The cause of the scandal was the debut of Mile. Jane Harding in M. Saint-Saëns' opera "Phyrne." Mile. Harding has up to the present been better known as a leader of the demi-monde than as an operatic star. The moment the actress made her appearance on the stage, whistling, hisses and catcalls were heard on all sides, followed by a shower of dead rabbits: fish, cabbages, eggs and vegetables. At the end of the first act, one lady declared: "She took my husband from me and spent my fortune. Nobody shall prevent me hissing lier off the stage."

1919: Boishevist's Arrest LONDON — The "Daily Express" understands that Scotland Yard de-tectives of the Special Branch last

night made another sensational arrest in connection with the activities of the Bolshevist agents in Great Brit-ain. The arrested man is an alien whose name is stated to be Marx. In view of the discoveries made by the Paris police following the attempt in assassinate M. Clemenceau, the British authorities are taking drastic action with all suspicious "undesirables in this country.

## 1944: Sweden Bombed

STOCKHOLM — [From our New York edition:] Bombs from "foreign planes" fell in Stockholm tought [Feb. 22] for the first time in the war. and the official Swedish news agency said citizens of the neutral capital were in a "panic mood." The bombs landed in an open-air theater in southern Stockholm and in the town of Strangnas, just west of Stock-holm. No persons were reported killed or injured, but thousands of windows were said to have been shattered by the explosions.



Other Comment

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International Herald Tribune, 181 Avenue Charles-de-Gaulle, 92521 Neurlly-sur-Seine, France. Tel.: (1) 46.37.93.00. Fax: Circulation, 46.37.06.51; Advertising, 46.37.52.12

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S.A. au capital de 1.200.000 F. RCS Nunterre B 732021126. Commission Parhaire No. 61337

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# **Answers That Could Help** Contain the War in Bosnia

By A. M. Rosenthal

N EW YORK — How did it happen that the West finds itself politically, militarily and economically at war against one side in a three-sided war in the Balkans?

In the breathing space that came with the NATO ultimatum and the decision of the Serhs to pull artillery hack from range of Sarajevo, that is the most important question that the United States and its allies can ask themselves. With luck, the answers could belp prevent the war from spreading wider and keep the United States out of the civil, religious and ethnic wars now breeding.

Obviously the president should ask

that question of his top foreign policy advisers and then —oh, dreamer —let

And the guestion diplomats detest: Was it possible to avoid the war that brought about so many atrocities — to avoid it

honorably and sensibly?

us know. Even if he does not, the answers can be found plain in govern-ment actions, and failures to act, of the past three or four years.

Most Americans give the same answer about what brought the United States in — the atrocities of Serbs against Muslims, particularly that last shelling of the Sarajevo market. The Serbs deny responsibility and the United Nations says it cannot fix blame. But Serbs committed so many horrors that they cannot expect the world to believe them when they deny another.

Now this is the question diplomats detest: Was it possible to avoid the war that brought about the atrocities — avoid it honorably and sensibly?
The answer is "yes" times four.
At least four times the alarm of civil

war to come was sounded, three times by representatives of the United Nations, once by the current president of Bosnia, Alija Izetbegovic.

The warming was that if Europe too quickly recognized Croatia's breakaway from Yugoslavia, Bosnian Muslims would feel impelled to declare independence, over the objections of Bosnian Serbs. Civil war — the Bosnian president's phrase — would explode. Most Bosnian Muslims say they want a democratic nonreligious state. But Serbian Christians had suffered

countrymen, first centuries ago and their during World War II. They recalled both times, in detail. And most Serbs had read an essay by Mr. Izetbegovic. Written and circulated

under the rule of their Serbian Muslim

secretly in 1970 but published openly in 1990, the document said that there "could be neither peace nor coexistence between the Islamic religion and non-Islamic social and political institutions."

The West did not deign to pay attention to Serbian fears, or Serbian rage at being enveloped in a new Bosnia, influenced by thinkers like its president. The Serbs chose war.

So these are some leasons for America, its allies and the United Nations: 1. Wait before encouraging secession unless you are prepared to protect the seceders - not only from the mother country but from their own minorities. This does not apply to collapsing empires, like the Soviet or colonial models. But it does to individual conntries facing secessionist

forces — say, India or Mexico.

2. Before recognizing a new country, find out if it has enough control of its territory to provide a decent chance that independence is not a synonym for civil war.

3. If not, decide in advance among three options: withhold recognition pending negotiation with large minorities, jump in militarily if war comes, or just high the match and sit around looking dolefully at the fire. The lessons for religious or ethnic

groups planning independence:

1. Decide whether or not you are strong enough to survive — alone. 2. If not, forget the fantasy that the countries that recognized you will

also fight for you.

3. Make concessions that will convince important groups of bostile countrymen to live under your roof -

or let them secode themselves. The West not only encouraged the conditions of war in Bosnia but then failed to get behind an agreed political

solution to end it.

Now, President Bill Clinton is again urged on to air attack by some of my journalistic colleagues. They seem let down, made bombless by the Serbian withdrawal and Russian entry.

I believe that in Bosnia the road to peace is not down a bomb bay but through U.S. led negotiations for par-tition. It is the only solution left standing by Western and Balkan poli-ticians and diplomats.

On Bosnia I am a minority among more fearsome colleagues, and now their target, but bere I stand, without any intention of secession. The New York Times.

Letters intended for publication should be addressed "Letters to the Editor" and contain the writer's signature, name and full address. Let ters should be brief and are subject to editing. We cannot be responsible for the return of unsolicited manuscripts.



# LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

**Properly Tough on Tokyo** Regarding "It's Risky Getting Too Tough on Tokyo" (Business/Finance, Feb. 11) by Reginald Dale:

I wonder who has led whom up the garden path in the U.S.-Japanese relationship. The United States should face reality. We Americans are wasting time in believing that the Japanese will be-come more like us; until they abandon their mercantilistic practices, we should try to act more like them.

President Bill Clinton should continne his pressure tactics until America's trading partners learn that warm and fuzzy promises will no longer work. action will persuade the rest of the world that the Japanese are sincere about opening their markets.

THEODOR V. HEYERMANN.

### **Enchanting Exchanges**

In your article on Faberge ("The Op-ulent, and Intimate, Faberge," Style, Feb. 8), a spiteful and untrue comment is repeated about Queen Mary, who was an enthusiastic and scholarly collector with a real appreciation of beantiful objects. I had the privilege of knowing both Her Majesty and the late Henry Bainbridge, who wrote the following relevant and faithful comment in his book on Faberge, whom he represented

"It was then I heard that after the death of the King, Queen Alexandra gave back to each of his friends something which they at some time had given to him. The most noteworthy of all these souvenirs must be the cigarette case in royal blue translucent ename

with an encircling snake in diamonds which Mrs. George Keppel gave to King Edward and which Queen Alexandra gave back to her as a souvenir. I say noteworthy, because it is a

fine example of that for which Faberge was famous, a large surface of enamel on a guilloche background of gold or silver. It is remarkable, too, as an example of the happy and sane way of doing things: for in 1936 Mrs. Keppel gave it to Queen Mary to return to andringham and thus keep the collec-

tion complete."
The details of this enchanting and characteristic series of exchanges are recorded in Queen Mary's hand and are to be found, to this day, on a piece of paper kept maide the case.

A. KENNETH SNOWMAN. Chairman, Wartski Jewelers.

### Lillehammer Gets the Gold

Let me offer early thanks to the Norwegians for putting on the best Olympics in recent memory. This has been a simple country village celebration, with no unnecessary glitz or glamour, no false patriotism or chauvinism; just friendliness, hospitality, honesty and superb sportsmanship by athletes and spectators alike, As an American, I have appreciated this all the more as a contrast to the embarrassingly overdone spectacle of the Los Angeles Olympics.

Thanks also to the speed skater Dan Jansen, whose Olympic triumph, after many difficulties, helped remove some of the smell that has been hovering over ice skating in the United States.

AL ROSSUM.

### From the Chinese Camps

Regarding the review of "Bitter Winds: A Memoir of My Years in China's Gulog" (Books, Feb. 10):

Andrew J. Nathan, in his interesting review, states that "there have been many memoirs about the suffering of the Chinese under Mao, but none about life in camp." Please allow me to draw your attention to the classic description of the Chinese system of labor camps in the antohiography of Bao Ruo Wong (as the Frenchman Jean Pasqualini was known in China), "I Was a Prisoner of Man," which was published in the 1970s.

HELLE LYKKE JACOBSEN. Danish Embassy.

### **Prenatal Testing**

Regarding "Dilemma of Knowing: Patients, Not Doctors, Now Make the Hard Choices" (Jan. 28):

Yes, perhaps prenatal diagnosis does lead to "the most tortured medical decisions today." Ultrasound tests are nearly routine, yet notoriously unreli-able, and amniocentesis, the usual follow-up, is risky.

But more wrenching than the predicament of parents who are pressured into discovering that something may be wrong with their haby is the mentality that would screen habies at all, weeding out the sub-optimal ones before hirth and awarding a parent's love and acceptance to those who can pass the prenatal test.

DEVRA TORRES.

# Lillehammer to Sydney — A Friendly Spirit at Stake

fortable. It was late fall, and the town's wooden homes hid behind russet and tially fragile—a city's spirit. Sydney's is bronze leaves that shimmered on the trees unique, as a few examples from my most and fluttered across the hard ground. I met a Nnrwegian girl my age and ended up staying a few weeks. In the

### MEANWHILE

mornings we hiked in the chill blue mountain air, or explored rustic shops for those thick sweaters that would keep you warm at the North Pole, in the drowsy afternoons she played the piano in the inn's empty salon. In the evenings we toasted ourselves before a roaring log fire. We had eyes mostly for each other, but there really were not many other people around.

Winter Olympics. In the runup to these Games, the town saw its face changed hy the construction of roads, an Olympic village, a media center for 6,000 journalists, indoor and outdoor sporting facilines, a hospital, an art museum, a train station, restaurants, shops, toilet blocks, food stalls and more.

Friends in Norway tell me that long before the Olympics started, many Lillehammer inhabitants were anxious, fearmg that their romantic town would end up as a small city with big city problems unemployment, empty hotels and social dislocation. The new infrastructure, they thought, could destroy the place.

Today people are much less worried about the buildings, which have been carefully located and hlend into the surroundings. "Most people think it still looks pretty much the same," a friend in Lillehammer said. But he added that the question "is whether it will be the same place, or whether it will change some-how, from the inside."

In the usual thorough Norwegian way, researchers will try to assess the impact. The University of Oslo has launched an anthropological study. A women's forum is reviewing the possible infiltration of prostitutes.

Lillehammer now lies in my past. But do worry about my hometown, Sydney, one of the warld's truly great cities. How fragile is the magic of a city? Could hosting the 2000 Summer Olympics produce a less wonderful Sydney? Sydney is a big, self-confident place, a

much tougher nut than Lillehammer, Yet the Summer Olympics, which dwarf the Winter Olympics in every way, be-come a bigger and bigger deal each time. With a population nearing 4 million, Sydney is already one of the great tourist centers of the Pacific Rim, attracting 2

million foreign visitors a year. The 2000

حكذامن الأصل

By John Williams

N EW YORK — Nearly four decades ago, as a young Australian hitch-hiking around Europe, I happened to stop at a small inn near Lillehammer. The food was simple and the bed comfortable. It was late fall and the town's

recent visit show. The weekend after New Year's Day walked into a fruit-and-vegetable shop in Musman, an affluent seaside suburb. The owner and two assistants sat near the counter, sipping glasses of chilled Australian chardonnay. "Please join us," said the owner, who had never seen me before, pouring me a glass. "A delayed New Year celebration?" I asked. "No," he replied. "It's just that we're on a long shift today, and need a

little cheering up."
We arrived late at a suburban cinema. Two young ushers stood at the entrance. "You've missed the first 10 minutes," the man said. "Here's what has hap-Lillehammer, which normally has a population of 23,000, is now hosting some 100,000 spectators a day at the man said. "Here's what has happened so far." In 60 seconds he gave us a succinct summary that placed us perfectly in the plot.

My wife asked if there was a water fountain nearby. "Not up here," the woman smiled. "But no worries, I'll just nick downstairs and bring you up a glass. Do you like ice?"

Finishing a meal in a small restaurant I asked the waiter if I could pay by credit card. "We haven't got that machine in yet," he said. "No worries, mate. Pay the next time you come in, if you like."

I paid by cash. Next day, still full of wonder, I recounted the story to our eldest son, who lives in Sydney. "Dad, thanks for reminding me," he said. "I did the same thing there a month ago. I must

remember to pop in and pay them.
You may still find such generosity in viilages, if you are lucky, But how many hig cities are like this today? One thing is for sure. If it's last, no anthropological surveys will bring it back.

Mr. Williams is a free-lance writer based in New York. He contributed this comment to the International Herald Tribune.

# A Wrong-Footed Opening

Q UESTION: How much time would elapse in CBS-TV coverage of the Winter Olympics before mention was made of Tonya Harding and Nan-cy Kerrigan? Answer: Barely one sec-ond. CBS in effect delayed its broadcast of the opening ceremonies for the bulletin that Harding would be allowed to skate after all. Perhaps it was feared viewers would tune out in droves if they didn't hear Harding's name immediately. For some of us, though, opening with yet more tales of "trampy Tonya" and "nice Nancy" got the coverage off on exactly the wrong foot.

- Tom Shales, The Washington Post.



# de most important Deople in the chiese economy Would like to meet de most influential e from th 5 multinationals.

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THE INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE CHINA SUMMIT.

# Chance for Peace Is Seen

# Russian Envoys Join Allies in Bosnia Talks

By Craig R. Whitney

New York Times Service BONN - Russian, American and European diplomats agreed that the Bosnian Musimus new and European diplomats agreed that the Bosnian Musimus new Tuesday that the withdrawal of offered something qualitatively better than the one-third of the Saraham heavy wearons from Saraham better than the one-third of the Serbian heavy weapons from Sarajevo after a NATO bombing ninwas in the latest plan prepared by

"Third nesoniahad created the best chance in two UN and European Union negotia-years to achieve a negotiated end to tors and rejected at the Geneva had created the best chance in two. the war in Bosnia-Herzegovina.

Jurgen Chrobog, a German For-eign Ministry official who presided over the meeting, said that the offi-cials had recommended concrete steps to their governments but that these did not include any new bombing threats to stop the lighting in other areas.

The United States on Tuesday played down calls for an extension of the NATO ultimatum, Reuters reported from Washington.

McCurry, a State Department spokesman. We're in a position now where we are trying to consolidate those gains that have occurred around Sarajevo and then figure out how you branch out from that

chance of negotiating success can turn this into something that would come if both the United brings us a negotiated solution." States and Russia remained closely involved. Russia objected to the NATO ultimatum but used its influence with the Serbs to persuade them to withdraw or turn over their heavy weapons by the I A.M. Mon-

[The commanders of warring Bosnian Mushims and Croats will meet in Croatia on Wednesday to. try to sign a general cease-fire, Reuters reported from Zagreb.

The meeting, due to take place under UN auspices in Zagreb, was delayed for two days because of objections by the Bosnian president, Alija Izetbegovic, that are now resolved, a senior official in the UN Protection Force said "Izetbegovic seems to have caused the delay by initial reluctance to enter into a cease-fire but that seems to be out of the way now as a result of UNPROFOR and other plies to the beleaguered civilian

Mr. Chrobog said that all those areas of Srebrenica and Tuzla, and present, including Vitali I. Churkin, the Russian negotiator, agreed that the Bossian Muslims had to be achieved was not clear from the

conference earlier this month. "In the list of specific things we are trying to do now, there is nothing that in my view would require strong words or strong actions." Mr. Churkin said after the talks held in the Bonn suburb of Bad

The officials at the meeting, who also included the U.S. special envoy, Charles E. Redman, agreed that while the Bosnian Muslims, Croats and Serbs had agreed and Serbs had agreed to the Serbs h I We are not in a position where principle to dividing up the country we want to overreach, said Mike equally, the quality and survived country, a State Department ability of the territory for the Bosnian government," representing the Muslims, "must be improved."

Mr. Redman later told reporters: "Our engagement, along with the European Union and the Russian effectively."]
Federation, has certainly stummarMr. Chrobog made clear that the
ed the parties to think in new ways. European view was that the best And now we're going to see if we

brings us a negotiated solution."

Mr. Churkin told German television that he was very skeptical that the Sarajevo model could be used in other places because the situation in the capital was unique. But the statement said the offi-

cials had agreed to use their influence on all the warring parties to grasp what they called the new chance for peace" and to agree to a cease-fire and a removal of heavy weapons from around the city of The officials said they would

work for a gradual widening of the protected zone around Sarajevo, in particular by preventing a "spill-over" to other war zones of the weapons pulled out or placed under UN supervision by the Serbs over the weekend.

And they called, yet again, for access for humanitarian aid suppopulations around the embattled

# In the Sarajevo Hills, Flexibility Toward the Serbs

By Roger Cohen New York Times Service

PALE, Bosnia-Herzegovina — On Tilava Hill, in the Serbian-held mountains ringing Sarajevo, eight 120-mm mortars stood in open defiance of NATO threats, flanked by multiple-rocket launchers, anti-airstatement. Some of them, such as craft guns and other Serbian weapthe opening of the civilian airfield ons used to the 22-month stege of at Tuzla for civilian relief deliveries, have been called for by the North Atlantic Treaty Organiza-

the Bosnian capital.

About a kilometer away, Sergeant Robert Monnerer, a French tion and the UN for months. member of the UN force, stood in a "We have a joint position." Mr. snow-covered field and peered Chrobog said. "Now we will go to grimly at the weapons through binour ministers. They must draw their own conclusions." Chancellor Helmut Kohl has

said that he would welcome "a

ence" on the Balkans.
"I welcome the fact that, with

power has taken on responsibility.

Mr. Kohl said.

"My mission," he said, "is to survey the Serbian weapons and prevent any use of them. For us, it high-level international conferwould have been much easier to regroup these artillery pieces and mortars in a UN collection site Boris Yeltsin and the Russian govlower down, but the Serbs say they erriment, now another important have orders not to budge from this

sweeping overhead. Sergeant Monneret added: "We are sull negotiating with Serbs to try to ensure the they stood, and were scattered over regrouping of the weapons, which are spread over quite a wide area

few miles from the Serbian barracks in the Sarajevo suburb of Lukavica, illustrates the was in which the United Nations and NATO have shown fieribility toward the Serbs.

liable for NATO air attack. The alliance's ultimatum calls for the withdrawal of any heavy weapons or "regrouping and placing" under UN control within a 20-kilometer (12.4-mile) radius of the city center.

But these Serbian weapons in the hills to the south of Sarajevo are

United Nations, They had not even been regrouped in the fields where an area of about 2.5 square kilome-

'The guns are operational," said the sergeant, who heads a platoon The messy situation at Tilava, a of about 30 French soldiers that set up camp this week on the Tilava hillside. But we try to keep them under our visual cootrol. What is manders are really willing to move them, or if this is a small reserve in Technically, it seems that the Serbian Tilava battery should be case of a Bosnian Muslim attack."

Both Yasushi Akashi, the top UN official in the former Yugoslavia, and Sir Miehael Rose, the British lieutenant general commanding L'N forces in Bosnia, have been prepared to give the Serbs the benefit of the doubt because, they said, beavy weapons not already with-

Lowering his binoculars, and within the designated zone and had glancing up with a hint of concern clearly not been regrouped at any at two NATOF-14 Tomcat fighters of the eight sites designated by the sweeping anythered Concern the content of the cight sites designated by the sweeping anythered Concern the content of the cight sites designated by the content of the cight sites designated by the content of the cight sites designated by the cight sites

leader of the Bosnian Serbs, also blamed the weather. "There are a few pieces stuck in the snow," he said, "but those

pieces are under UN control, and as soon as conditions permit, we will put them in UN sites." He added that "more than 50

percent" of Serbian heavy weapons had been withdrawn beyood the not yet clear is if the Serb com- zone, rather than placed under UN control. But the weather does not explain the situation at Tilava.

Referring to the weapons there, he said. If they'd agree to move

them, I'd escort them to Lukavica barracks anytime." As Sergeant Monneret talked. the F-14s swooped ever lower over

the Serbian guns with a dealening

and intimidating roar. "If they dropped a bomb it would amaze me." he said. "But in any case, if they do, we're pretty badly placed." If NATO has refrained from dropping bombs, it is clearly in ecause UN officials are con-

can be built into a wider settlement for the war.

But Mr. Karadzic rejected the terms of current peace talks, which call for a union of three republics! Muslim, Serbian and Croatian,

- in Bosnia-Herzegovina. "I think it is too late to talk about a unioo of three republics," Mr. Karadzic said, "We are separate ethnic groups and we are separate states. Why should we make some hybrid creation that would! not work? It is not a good solu-

While the Bosnian government bas repeatedly adjusted its negon. ating stance, it appears clear that it will not accept the carving-up of Bosnia-Herzegovina - at least not without gaining substantially more or better territory.

The Serbs have offered to cut their current share of the territory to about 50 percent, but Mr. Karadzie appeared to retreat from that position, saying: "We control 72, percent of the land, and we own 64. percent. We are ready to go below 72 percent, even below 64 percent, but cannot give away traditional vinced that the current cease-fire Serbian territories."

# 6174

# A man pulling a child on a sled through the snowy streets of Sarajevo on Tuesday was an indication of the calm that continued to reign. As Privatization Nears, a Belarus Storekeeper Goes Western

By Steven Erlanger New York Times Service .

MINSK, Belarus — This fragile, semidependent country can seem like the Soviet Union in aspic. But the only place you would be able to buy aspic is at Vladimir S. Nerohyperinflationary sca.

this extraordinary emporium, which stocks normally unmaginable goods ranging from frozensole (by special contract from Marmansk) to German sparkling wine, Bordeaux and Kiwi shoe polish.

Mr. Nerozya, who has made the store as Western as he dares, with a special department for hard-currency sales and a trained and polite staff making \$70 a month, or three times the average salary, is eagerly awaiting the start of privatization.

which he thinks may begin in April.

When the store is finally allowed to go private, he says, "it will be casier to change old habits." While a "work collective" of all the employees will buy title to the store, a group of seven will put up most of . the money and run the show. Then we can do a real renova-

Confinued from Page 1

the longevity of the Muse system will chill already sluggish sales of

high-definition sets and make com-

pames reluctant to invest in new

equipment and programming for

"Now, it's chaos," said Hiroshi

Fujiwara, senior vice president of

Graphics Communications Lab-

oratories, a small company developing digital video technology.

Japan's startled electronics in-

dustry association anguly called for Mr. Egawa to retract his re-

marks, saying they could render three decades of development and

billions of dollars of investment ob-

"This is like pouring water in a sleeping person's ear," Toshikatsu Yamawaki, a managing director of Matsushita Electric Industrial Co.,

the existing system.

fix it up now, it will just increase As an example of old habits, he

said, the store by law is supposed to shut at 6:00 P.M. But it now stays zya's Universal Jubilee Shop, an open to 9:00 P.M., "and we sell a island of capitalist practice in a lot in those hours, when people get

their shopping.

tion and sell off all the junk," Mr. Nerozya said. "We don't want to

The lunch-time break persists,

Added to the usual breaks for "tea, chat and the watching of soap operas, it is a wonder anything gets done at all. Mr. Nerozya, at least, has ensured that the hunch break is strict; and that when the sign says the store will reopen, it actually

Japan's largest consumer electron-

ics concern, said Tuesday, using a Japanese expression to indicate

shock. "If this is the ministry's poli-

High-definition images are twice as sharp as those of conventional television. The higher resolution al-

lows screens to be larger without

the picture becoming grainy, making TV viewing more like being at

Japan's public broadcasting cor-poration, NHK, began research ou

high definition television 30 years ago. Broadcasts from a satellite be-

gan here in the late 1980s, making lapan the only nation in which peo-ple can actually watch high-defini-

So far, only about 20,000 sets have been sold, far below expectations. One reason is that the sets

cost the comvaient of at least

tion television over the air.

cy, it is extremely regrettable."

fellow shoppers out of the way with a quick elbow to the kidney. Con-

however, as it does all over the former. Soviet Union. Just when office workers break for hunch, all the shops close for hunch, too, leav-ing most of the business to the kiosks. But the range of goods there is small and there are many fewer kiosks here than in Russia, so the inevitable result is a lot of hooky during working hours as people disappear from their desks to do

Another old habit he would like ago, is still run by the same Com-

to change is the time-honored, tor-tuous procedure for buying any-thing. Goods are displayed with prices. To see them, consumers throng the counters, jamming their

sumers then line up at the cashier and pay for what they want, getting shops." a receipt. They then line again at every counter to exchange ocipt for the goods. Mr. Nerozya wants to institute a

self-service system, as in the West, with piles of goods and cashiers at the end. He has done that with cheaper items, especially state-sub-sidized, price-controlled products like bread that cost him more to sell than he gets in profit.

But his customers are not ready for self-service on most items. He says: "People steal, that's the problem. People get very low salareaching Western levels. So they come in to steal what they can't

Reform is too slow in every field. he said, since Belarus, which had freedom thrust upon it two years

\$6,000, although that is down con-

siderably from as much as \$30,000

a few years ago. Another reason is

that there is only one channel of programming available, for nine hours a day.

Digital technology, in which the sound and image are transmitted in

the ones and zeros of computer

ages, just as digital compact disks offer sound free of the hisses and

pops on analog records. Digital

technology also will make it easier to merge televisions and computers

to provide interactive multimedia

At the time Japan began devel-

oping the Muse system, and up until a few years ago, it was thought

that digital technology would not be feasible. Then American compa-

nies like General Instrument and

code, should allow for cleaner pic-tures, free of static and double im-

We want to avoid too many rapid shocks and changes," Mr.

would prefer to work just as little pointed out to him that a 10-cents-met and his customers blame him and as badly as they did before, a can profit would be considered — no and have it the same way in the very bandy by a Western grocery price.

Government absurdities add to his problems. There is no profi limit on imported goods sold for dollars. But for Belarus ruble-decommated goods, there are profi limits. And for basics like milk meat and bread, which are subsidized, there are fixed prices if supplied by state companies or farms.

Because of shortages, there are ration coupons to get such subsidized products. But when Mr. Nerozva makes his own contract with a collective farm, there is no fixed price or coupon required. "So there are two different prices for the same items," he said. "It's ridicu-

The Belarus government also has instituted new import and valueadded taxes, as Russia has, a step that increased prices.

For example, before Jan. 1, a can

of imported beer cost a customer 50

Zenith Electronics demonstrated

Some analysts, and even some

executives in Japan's computer in-dustry, say that the television mak-

ers should have known a switch to

digital was coming and should wel-come it. A single worldwide stan-dard would mean higher produc-

tion volumes, lowering costs and

allowing the market to grow, which would benefit the television mak-

These analysts say it is better to

make the switch to digital soon

before too much more is invested in

"It's about time they face reali-ty," said Peter G. Wolff, technol-

ogy analyst with CS First Boston in Tokyo. "If technology is going the

other way, why continue to back the wrong horse?"

the analog system.

such systems.

munist government that ran it in U.S. cents, providing the shop a 10- store. Mr. Nerozya shrugs, as if to cent profit. The store still buys the say. "You're not in Kansas anybeer for 40 cents and gets a 10-cent profit, but now, with taxes, the cost Nerozya said. "But most people to the customer is \$1.40. When it is unaffordable, he said. Sales plum-

The taxes make the beer ocarly - not the state - for a tripled

SPIES: Senior CLA Agent Arrested commit espionage, each would face a maximum sentence of life in pris-

The arrests capped an investiga-

tion that had run for more than two

ently triggered by a tip from a KGB

In June, agents found top-secret

documents unrelated to his work in

Mr. Ames's ClA office, according

physical surveillance, and their trash was searched. Their home

was secretly searched by the FBI

last fall under procedures approved

by the attorney general, the court

One trash search turned up a

typewriter or computer printer rib-

bon from which agents extracted

damaging information, court pa-

The complaint charged that the

couple deposited the payoff money in banks in the United States and

abroad using at least two Swiss bank accounts to store and transfer

Mr. Ames, whose salary is \$69,800 a year, is currently as-

signed to the counternarcotics cen-

ter in the CIA's intelligence directorate, the Justice Department

pers said

the funds.

retary, said the national security adviser, W. Anthony Lake, and the director of central intelligence, R. James Woolsey, had been ordered years, officials said. It was apparto lead a "coordinated examination of the national security implications of this case.

"We take this very seriously." Ms. Myers said. "We don't like it to court papers. The couple's home was placed under electronic and

The charge d'affaires of the Russian Embassy was summoned to the State Department to receive the formal U.S. protest from Secretary of State Warren M. Christopher. Mr. Ames, 52. a ClA employee

for more than 31 years, was arrested Monday along with his wife, Maria del Rosario Casas Ames, 41, Colombian-born, naturalized U.S. citizen who was a paid source

for the CIA in Mexico City. An intelligence expert said Mr. Ames's post at the CIA dealt with handling double agents, among other sensitive tasks.

"He must have been paid by the successor to the KGB and for them be would be a gold mine," said the expert, a former CIA official, "He would have had access to all the information that has been coming our way since the Soviet Union

broke up. The spying continued until the couple's arrest by FBI agents, officials said. Mr. Ames was taken into custody in his car on his way to work, while his wife, a part-time student at Georgetown University. was arrested at their home.

If convicted of conspiracy to stocks.

The couple allegedly paid cash for a \$540,000 house in Artington, Virginia, made credit-card purebases averaging more than \$50,000 a year, and bought a Jag-uar and more than \$165,000 in

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# TRADE: Clinton Team Learned About Japanese Practice the Hard Way

HDTV: Japan to Retreat in Face of Advanced American Digital System

# Continued from Page 1

Jeffrey E. Garten was at Shearson Lehman Brothers Inc., an American Express subsidiary, the brokerage firm waged a long battle for a seat on the Tokyo Stock Exchange. The campaign succeeded only after Congress threatened to put sanc-tions on Japanese securities companies operating in the United States.

Mr. Cutter knows all about the red tape ensnarling Japan's telecommunications sector. As a former consultant for the accounting firm Coopers & Lybrand, he advised U.S. companies styrned by laws protecting Nippon Telegraph and Telephone, Japan's quasi-gov-ernmental telecommunications gr ant, in its domestic market.

"For most companies, the view was, "We're better than the Japa- knowledge is power, not weak-

Many on Mr. Clinton's Japan team profited handsomely from bank that has done business with their business dealings with eash many of Japan's largest firms and

But those dealings, if anything, seem only to have strengthened fice has been one of several foreign their belief that the United States securities companies that reaped needs tougher trade policies for Ja- huge profits from its sophisticated

Mr. Altman's investment banking firm, the Blackstone Group, helped Japanese firms execute some of the largest foreign take- firms while at Goldman Sachs. overs of U.S. companies, including Sony Corp.'s acquisitions of CBS Records and Columbia Pictures. Kirin Breweries and companies in the Mitsubishi industrial group.

Mr. Altman chickled when he recalled that senators expressed concern during his confirmation hearing that he would be "soft on Japan" as a result of his past business ties. "My answer was that

was, "We're better than the Japan ness," he said.

ness firms, but we just can't get ness, he said.

Mr. Rubin was co-chabrman of Goldman Sachs Co., an investment

rich Japanese firms in the 1980s. is partly owned by Sumitomo trade pact with the United States Bank. Goldman Sachs's Tokyo of-fice has been one of several foreign computerized trading operations in the Japanese stock market.

Mr. Rubin last week declined to

members of the team shaping ad- out a plan. Records and Columbia Pictures, ministration policy toward Japan, Blackstone has also done work for including the U.S. trade representative, Mickey Kantor, and Treasury Secretary Lloyd Bentsen, have not dealt with Japan in the business

> It is nevertheless clear that it is the appointees Mr. Clinton has drawn from the business community who are driving his policy to-ward Japan. By contrast, top officials at the State Department have had remarkably little input.

> I Japan Sees Talks in March Japan will try to thrash out a

next month but will not accept demands for concrete market-open ing targets, a senior figure in the ruling coalition said Tuesday, Reuters reported from Tokyo.
Ichiro Ozawa, Mr. Hosokawa's

adviser and one of the most powerdiscuss his dealings with Japanese ful politicians in the eight-group governing coalition, said it would Some of the most important take most of next month to work

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# David Hare **Tackles** 'Galileo' Streamlining Brecht's Epic Of Betrayal

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By Sheridan Morley

ONDON - Brecht's "The Life of Gaffleo" is the one that he never quite managed to get right, or even finished to his own satisfaction. He first wrote it as a film script in 1938, reworked it extensively with Charles Laughton toward the end of the war, and was writing yet another version when he died in 1956.

Thus we can hardly blame David Hare at the Almeida for giving us a new version, one that

### THE LONDON STAGE

trims 40 or more minutes off the original, replaces the carnival with a pupper show and makes this vast, sprawling epic of scientific betrayal accessible for the first time to studio

The roll call of those who have been involved in cutting and shaping "Galileo" over almost half a century is as lugely impressive as its central figure, played now in a gargantnan performance by Richard Griffiths. Originally it was to have been Oskar Homolka, then Langh-ton; directors who came on board for a while included Elia Kazan and Harold Chirman before Joseph Losey finally got it into rehearsal for Los Angeles in 1947.

Critics were less than thrilled. The man from Variety wrote of a moment in the play when Galileo investigating the laws of motion rolls a ball down an incline and measures its ability to roll up the other side: It doesn't make the grade, and neither, unfortunately, does the play.

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Already it had come a long way from the first version Brecht had written in Denmark seven years earlier. Hiroshima ("very bad publicity for us," Laughton had noted) had made the end of the play into a debate about the ethics of science and its function, if any, in politics, while the dominance of Laughton, not only as star but also as co-writer, was bound to affect the balance of the leading role.

Neither the Los Angeles nor the Broadway premieres of the late 1940s were anything like triumphant, and those first stages of the project petered out in a haze of ill will, with Brecht, Laughton and Losey all accusing each other of elling out, either to communism or to fears of the McCarthy tribunals.

It was not perhaps the best of times to be dealing with a crisis of conscience epic which has at its heart a debate over the rights and gious bigotry or state control.

This is the only major Brecht work that takes a historical character as its focus, and perhaps the only one in which the major event, Gableo's forced recantation of his own and other scientific discoveries, takes place offstage.

As a polemic, it lucks in the shadows of history and politics, of science and religion, and it is hugely to David Hare's credit that he has cut a path through the maze. To some extent he has also refocused the piece, so that Griffiths is now able to play a cuddly great bear of a man. who is from the very outset a charlatan, eager to import telescopes from Amsterdam and then pass them off as his own invention.

The man is now essentially Falstaff instead of the rather more complex and enigmatic figure of the full text. His slow destruction, by church and state, and his own realization of what he has done to destroy the progress of scientific discov-try, are none the less haunting for that

ROUND Griffiths, the director Jonathan Kent has gathered one of the best supporting casts in the business (Michael Gough, Alfred Burke, Patrick Godfrey, Jerome Willis, and Edward de Soura as a pope becoming more authoritarian even as he is dressed for office), but they are really only there to prop up Griffiths, sometimes literally, as the great inventor becomes a giant martyr caught in the crossine of church and state, eventually losing the very sight that has enabled him to see the stars.

This a magnificent, not-to-be-missed performance in a handy thearrical digest of a sprawling epic. It is also a useful reminder of what Brecht always did best, the counting of the human cost of the activities of the state in religious or political turmoil.

The author himself knew more than most about the cost of sellout and personal betrayal and it is impossible not to see in the final moments of Griffiths Galileo something of Brecht at the end of his life coming to terms, albeit hindly, with the conflicting messages he had sent out into a confused world.



The Hollywood welcome mat is out for foreign actors, here Sweden's Lena Olin in "Romeo Is Bleeding.

# Joan of Arc, an Enduring Film Star

'It was easier to burn her than to tear her from the soul of France," André Mairaux, 1964

By Joan Dupont

ARIS - Is it her woman-warrior look, that haircut? The fact that she came out of nowhere and changed the map of medieval France? Her brilliant defense plea or her spectacular end? Perhaps for all these reasons, Joan of Arc is the most abiding saint in film history. From Paris to Hollywood and Rome, even to Moscow, in some 40 films, directors have vied to have the last word on the historic Maid of Orleans.

"I will last a year, not much more," Joan predicted. She survives five centuries later, less for her religious trappings than for her originality, her driving conviction. Her miraculousness lies in her powers of persuasion. Not only did she move armies, route the English invaders from Orieans, and crown a king at Reims, she has since won over skeptics like Voltaire, Mark Twain and George Bernard Shaw.

In France, Joan has been treated as a Maid for all seasons, seized upon by politicians at crocial times, perceived both as the champion of individual spirit against enemy occupation and as a standard-bearer for the extreme right. Both the right and left claimed her during World War II, and afterward she was held up as an example of resistance and liberation; recent-ly, Jean-Marie Le Pen has adopted her for his National Front party. Now a new two-part film treats her as a modern miracle woman.

Jacques Rivette's "Jeanne la Pucelle: Les Batailles" and "Jeanne la Pucelle: Les Prisons" are a day-to-day chronicle of Joan's campaigns and travails, adapted from texts by historian Regine Pernoud. Played by Sandrine Bonnaire, Joan is shown on horseback, moving men to get her "gentil Dauphin" crowned at Reims, bat-tling at their side. Bonnaire, an earthy actress who made her mark as a working-class heroine, speaks in her own contemporary accents. Her Joan spends little time on prayer; she marches, shouts, laughs and cries.

Rivette, working with longtime associates Christine Laurent and Pascal Bonitzer, has an artisan's approach that may look rugged, but is actually sophisticated. He never starts shooting with a completed script, which is written when the film is under way. The dialogues have imme-diacy and freshness. They discovered that 15thcentury French was good for today, with certain modifications that give the language an up-to-date ring. Laurent also designed the hand-dyed costumes, fitted tunies and pants. Rivette, who makes long films, has made the longest Joan to date — the two films total nearly six hours. French critics have praised his human view.

In France, the great classic has always been Carl Theodor Dreyer's silent film, "La Passion de Jeanne d'Arc" (1928). Dreyer focused on the trial and on the tragic face of Marie Falconetti, an actress who won immortality with a single film role. In his "Procès de Jeanne d'Arc" (1962) Robert Bresson, another great director, also concentrated on the questions and answers of the trial, as noted in court minutes. Rivette the cinephile has avoided treading on

conquered ground, replacing the close-up with the long view, making living theater out of tragedy — the trial whizzes by. Joan is neither saint, martyr oor witch, but a healthy young girl with a mission. Although this is the director's most expensive film, the amount was small in proportion to its scope: This action movie has fewer extras than an illuminated manuscript.

The Joan Americans know best is Ingrid Bergman, who starred in two movies. Victor Fleming, of "Gone With the Wind," adapted "Joan of Arc" (1948) from the Maxwell Anderson play; Roberto Rossellini made her the heroine of "Giovanna d'Arco al rogo" (Joan of Arc at the Stake) (1954), his filming of the Paul Claudel and Arthur Honegger oratorio. Then girl, brought to the screen by Otto Preminger in "Saint Joan" (1957) after a publicized talent hunt. A man of the theater and lover of courtroom drama, Preminger adapted George Ber-nard Shaw's long-running hit; Graham Greene wrote the script. None of these marketable features saved the film from disaster.

As a matter of fact, Joan of Arc, the movie, has always been a challenge. Directors from different countries and backgrounds - Jewish Lutheran, Jansenist - have made the flops of their careers with this singular story. The heroine who defied all odds seems in have particular appeal to cincasts of the extreme, unsung by the public, like Dreyer and Bresson. Nor is Rivette considered an easy, popular filmmaker. Prior to his 1990 "Belle Noiscuse," his claim in fame was "La Religieuse" (1966), which was banned and became a cause célèbre.

REYER'S "Passion" was made in a climate of adversity, problems with his producers and attacks from the press. A few years after Joan was canonized in 1920, the director was brought to France by producers who wanted him to make a popular movie, with a star like Lillian Gish or Madeleine Renaud. But the idea of a Danish director and American actress tampering with their historic monument was too much for the French. He ended up with Falconetti, an actress who had performed only on stage. Dreyer saw her in a comedy and chose her, he said cause he could tell she knew about suffering

More suffering was in come. Falconeth's contract contained a clause saying she must have her head shaved for the final scene. The actress cried to see her glorious hair cut off. As the tears fell, Dreyer plucked one from the corner of her eye and placed it on her lips, where it was filmed for the stake scene. Antonia Artand plays a monk who gives Joan a cross to hold as the flames mount. Dreyer's "Passion was considered expensive and unfavorably compared to Abel Gance's "Napoléon," with its battle scenes and crowds of extras. Reviews were mixed; the public preferred "Napoleon."

# A Hollywood Boom For Foreign Actors

By Richard Natale

OS ANGELES - The United States may be a land of immigrants, but its motion picture industry has oot always been hospitable to foreign talent, save mainly for those born where English is the mother tongue. Victoria Abril's fate may be

If Barry Levinson's lorthcoming film, "Jimmy Hollywood," in which the Spanish star (Pedro Almodovar's "High Heels") portrays a Latin hairdresser, captures the public's fancy, she might wind up with an active American film career. It happened for the Italian actress Valeria Golino, after Levinson cast her as the love interest in "Rain Man."

Golino is an exception. Few foreign actors who come to Hollywood in search of riches and renown work here steadily or achieve the heights of international stardom of an Ingrid Bergman or a Marlene Dietrich.

In recent years, however, Hollywood has begun to tender a warmer welcome to foreigners. Foreign actors can attract foreign financing in make films. And once a lilm is released, loreign actors can attract audiences in overseas markets.

"Foreign revenue on a lilm has increased 100 percent over the past three years," said the producer Albert Ruddy, whose credits include The Godfather," "If you got 25 percent of your money from foreign eight years ago, you were doing very well. Now it's at least 50 percent. So if you can pick an actor like Gérard Depardien or Lena Olin who means something in the foreign market, their involvement can

cover half the budget in some cases."

And as more films rely on international financing, the decadelong trend toward using foreign-born actors in American films accelerates; the roster of names lengthens: Arnold Schwarzenegger (Austria), Depardieu (France), Rutger Hauer (The Netherlands), Jean-Claude Van Damme (Belgium), Golino (Italy), Antonio Banderas (Spain), Juliette Binoche (France), Anne

Parillaud (France), Julie Delpy (France).

Some are not yet bousehold names. Others, like Golino ("Rain Man," the "Hot Shots" movies and the lorthcoming "Clean Slate") and the Spanish actor Antonio Banderas ("The Month Ching" "Philadelphia") under semilar. Mambo Kings," "Philadelphia") work regularly in Hollywood. They may soon join the ranks of foreign-born performers who have become international stars, like Olin of Sweden, Hauer, Isabella Rossellini of Italy, and especially Schwarzenegger and Van Damme.

The story of Joan goes back to the start of

cinema history. George Méliés, the pioneer, directed the first "long" "Jeanne d'Arc" (1900) — 15 minutes, 12 scenes, hundreds of extras.

Cecil B. De Mille's "Joan the Woman" (1917),

was his first superproduction. Made in the shadow of World War L it went easy on Ameri-

It may seem curious that with so few films

made on historical women, so many have been

made on Joan of Arc. And directors have proba-

bly not finished with her. Joan exerts fascination

because she is a subject for our time, too: an

bullied. Yet in our age of heightened awareness,

no woman director has investigated this original

ca's English allies.

The current openness is not Hollywood's first display of xenophilia. During the late 1950s and the 1970s, the industry briefly spiced films with international talent. And all along, there have been independent-minded directors. like Levinsoo and Sydney Pollack, who used cultural and language differences to enhance

androgynous, stubborn, single-minded woman who heeded her own counsel and refused to be dramatic conflicts.

Pollack said be decided to cast Olin opposite
Robert Redford in "Havana," "because I liked the combination of someone as American as character or the mystery of what made her different — her voices, her virginity. The lady — for filming, for burning — has been left to men. Redford against a European sensibility. It brings a texture and a richness you can't get any other way. And it helps with the sense of conflict."

The role played by Golino opposite Tom Cruise in "Rain Man" was originally written for an American, she says. But after several meet-ings, the director "was starting in think if he had a foreigner in the role it would add something to the lack of communication between the character and her boyfriend," says Golino.

What makes Hollywood's current openness to foreign actors different, and probably more enduring is more than economics, says David Shiff, an agent with United Talent. "In some ways the world has shrunk, and cultural barriers have diminished. So audiences are better equipped to accept a more foreign flavor in American films."

In contrast to the past, when the studios cast Anthony Quinn in the title role of "Zorba the Greek" or Meryl Streep as the Danish writer Isak Dinesen in "Out of Africa," Depardieu was given the lead, Columbus, in the international co-production "1492." Not even the failure of that film has deterred producers from tossing out an international casting net.

Among current films, for example, Olin is starring in "Romeo Is Bleeding," Depardieu is starring in "My Father the Hero" and Delpy is starring in the forthcoming "Killing Zoe" and Younger and Younger."

LUENCY in English helps. English helped Abril win her first Hollywood assignment, she says. Levinson hired her after watching her performance in Almodovar's "Kika," the director's first film

The Dutch-born Maruschka Detmers, whose credits include "The Mambo Kings," speaks seven languages, which makes her an asset oot only in American films, but also in the increasiog number of European productions shot in English, said her agent,

But accents are no hindrance, as proved by Schwarzenegger. Similarly, Hauer, who started in "Blade Runner," among other films, is rarely referred to as a Dutch actor, Olin's national origins were oever even explored in "Mr. Jones," in which she portrays a West Coastbased psychiatrist. Nor were Rossellini's as Jeff Bridges' wife in "Fearless."

Golino of the "Hot Shots" films has had her greatest success in that most American of Hollywood genres, the comedy, "In comedies it's easier to get away with being a foreigner, be-cause you don't often have to explain why the character speaks with an accent," she says, "In dramas the characters have more of a past or a

Not all loreign-born actors are looking for a Hollywood career, but a high profile in Ameri-can movies can enhance an actor's value around the world. It's a snowball effect: the more work actors get in American films, the more recog-nizable abroad their names become, and the better their access to strong roles in foreign

Richard Natale, who writes a nationally syndicated column on entertainment for L.A. Weekly, wrote this for The New York Times.

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# Me'Shell: Debut on Madonna Label

By Mike Zwerin onal Herald Tribune

ARIS — Ndegé Ocello means "free like a bird" in Swahili. I don't know what Me'Shell means, but she was born with it in Berlin. Me'Shell is the first woman signed to Madonna's Mayerick record label. The band may be under her name but Me'Shell looks and acts likeone of the boys (she's 24). Presenting her persona, she can take care of herself. What's happening here is obviously more than mere promo. She's not programmed yet. She looks for two-way communication even in

She said she has been traveling too much lately and the only thing she has had time to learn is "airport hingo," not a very interesting subject. When I suggested that it might make a song, she asked me: "Do you like to travel?". I said: "I like to be in other places, I just don't like setting there. She thought about it:

On stage, she's not choreographed. She leaps around and jumps up and down because it's fun. Not exactly a sex symbol, she is dank person I got fired of being angry. She nevertheless attractive because of who she is joined a Muslim sect and changed her name in rather than what she looks like. And the more order to "leave the old Me'Shell behind and

you look the better she looks. Having signed Mc Shell makes you like Madonna.

Her music is a polished, bubbling blend of the elements of contemporary African-American popular music - with Steely Dan-like keyboard chords topping the funk of it all. The ghost of Miles Davis hovers. Such elegant textural sparseness would never be commercial without his traifolazing

"Plantation Lullabies," her debut album, deals with the emotional and racial aspects of America on the verge of the millennium. It's more melodic than rap but there's plenty of rapper "flow." She compares her storyte style to that of the griots, African oral historians. Me'Shell wrote and arranged it all. "It's not too bad considering I'm self-taught," she says, "but I've been learning a lot from the guys in my band. They're all from Berklee. they're monsters."

She grew up in a "war zone" in Washington. She knew she had to change her life when her instinctive reaction to the splattering of blood from a nightclub altercation was to get upset about her strined sweater.

She was "always alone, turning into a very

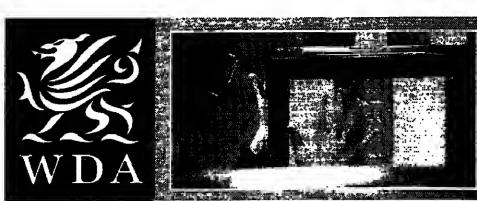
create a more positive one." She started to read books, and she wrote "poetry, stories, lyrics, whatever" in a series of diaries. She attended the Duke Ellington School of the Arts, and then Howard University.

Her father, a musician in a U.S. Army

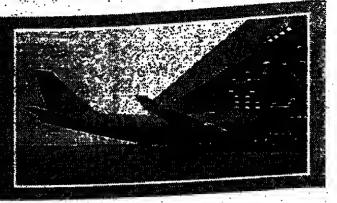
band, bought her a bass. Moving to New York, she started in work because every band needs a bass player, a female bass player attracts attention and most of all because she learned fast. Meanwhile, her demo tape making the rounds was repeatedly turned down for more than three years and so she scrubbed floors and and went to barber college before the tape reached

The Maverick people came to hear her on a Thursday. The following Monday she was in Los Angeles. Two weeks later she was signed. Now she lives in L. A. with her 4-year-old son in a little house with a lemon tree in the yard. Sooner or later the question had to be asked: What's she like?"

A group of Italian journalists were waiting their turn in the lobby, humming with guests. A record-company mimon edged her way through the crowd to deliver a hot salmon platter fit for a rising star about to do a showcase. Me'Shell's face lit up. "Oh." she replied. "We don't answer Madonna questions



# WORLD-CLASS WALES



# THE START OF A GLOBAL LINKUP

he availability of labor and the overall skill base are as important a part of infrastructure as good communications and logistics. Many of the companies setting up in Wales with the assistance of the Development Agency were surprised to find an unusually high degree of quality within the skill base and excellent road, air and rail links with the rest of Britain and Europe.

South Wales is connected to London and the southeast by the M4 highway corridor. The A55 expressway in North Wales joins highway networks leading to Liverpool, Manchester and the Midlands. Central London is about a threeand-a-half-hour drive from Cardiff, and Heathrow is about two-and-a-half hours away. The rail link takes under two hours, and there is easy access to the channel ports on the east and south coasts. There is also easy access to Manchester and Birmingham airports and to Gatwick in the south via the M4 and M25 London

orbital highway. offers services to other British cities as well as to many European destinations direct or via Heathrow. Flight times to Brussels. Amsterdam and Paris are all under two hours.

Road-freight times from North or South Wales meet most manufacturers' needs. Stuttgart, for example, can be reached in two days.

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Barcelona in three-and-a- and last servicing bay is half days and Rome in five

days.
The German company Robert Bosch built its Cardiff plant adjacent to the M4 highway. Infrastructure and logistical availability were two of the deciding factors for Robert Bosch. "Connections with Europe are excellent from here," says Gerhard Turner, commercial director, "Basically, in two days we can send everything to wherever it should be in Europe."

Infrastructure also influenced substantial investment decisions by British

A terrific infrastructure and a large greenfield site...

Airways, which is completing two brand-new maintenance and repair divisions in South Wales.

British Airways has invested more than \$100 million in a new dedicated maintenance plant for one of the world's most successful jet liners, the Boeing 747. The plant is in the final stages of completion on a Cardiff's own airport site close to Cardiff's airport, just off the M4 highway. It contains three bays for servicing 747s, of which there are about 1,000 in operation around the world. The plant is managed and run by British Airways Maintenance Cardiff (BAMC), a wholly owned subsidiary of British Airways. It opened for busi-

almost ready for operation. The whole 72-acre (29hectare) complex will be fully operational by next September and will employ about 1,000 persons.

Giving the principle reasons for choosing the Cardiff area, Alan McDonald, director and general manager of BAMC, says unequivocally: "It was the terrific infrastructure and a large greenfield site which gave us the opportunity to introduce modern working methods."

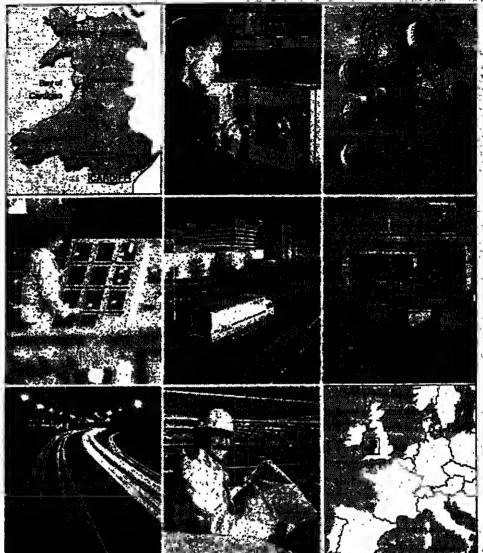
Other important factors were the recruitment potenrial, local training facilities, logistics and a certain amount of regional financial assistance.

"There is also a large pool of qualified people in the area, including ex-miners and ex-steelworkers, with a host of industrial engineering experience," says Mr. McDonald, adding that the nearby Barry College played a key role in providing training facilities.

BAMC is now working in partnership with the college to enhance its aviation training center.
"I think one of the biggest

bonuses was the 'greenfield opportunity' to introduce new management philosophies," says Mr. McDonald Many companies moving into Wales brought new management practices with them, and these had already been accepted locally.

"This has given us an opportunity to experiment in a technical sense - to ness last year, and the third bring in a production-line



The secret of Wales: position, communication, logistics and a skilled labor force.

which implies total quality control," says Mr. says Mr. McDonald, who runs a team. Every employee, technician, wears the same white overalls. Teamwork is

philosophy for maintenance, a must, as is total flexibility. Every three months, every support employee in BAMC works in the bangar and 'minimum-status" work actually carries out tasks on an aircraft under superviwhether manager or line sion. "This includes everyone," says Mr. McDonald. "It ensures that all company

members remain, fully aware of what this business is focused on,"

BA has run out of space for aircraft maintenance at Heathrow. As its fleet expands, more 747s will be coming to Cardiff, which will be able to handle 75

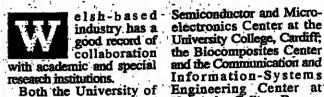
aircraft a year, with responsibilities ranging from regu-lar service checks to more sophisticated services that iavolve almost rebuilding the complete aircraft.

A few miles along the M4 is BA's new avionic plant, part of which is still under construction. British
Airways Avionic Engineering Ltd. (BAAE) at
Pontyclun will be the airline's service center for electronic equipment fitted to its aircraft. All BA's existing avionic facilities at Heathrow are currently being relocated to the new site, and the full move will Wales.

be completed by October

Paul Kelly, director and general manager of BAAE, says that room to expand and a location less than three hours from Heathrow were important factors in the decision to come to Wales, BAAE services all electrical and electronic equipment that a modern jet carries; from coffeemakers to the latest navigation systems. The plant not only services BA's fleet, but is also seeking more business from other airlines looking for quality service - from

# CENTERS OF EXPERTISE



Wales and the University of Glamorgan provide tailor-made training and support. A network of specialized centers of excellence is also available to help new companies. These include the Electronics Materials Center, the Polymer and Composites Center and the Institute for Industrial

University College, Cardiff; the Biocomposites Center and the Communication and Information-Systems Engineering Center at University College Bangor North Wales; and the Advanced Manufacturing and Business Industrial Technology Center at Ebbw Vale College, Gwent. Under Welsh Office direction, there is also a net-

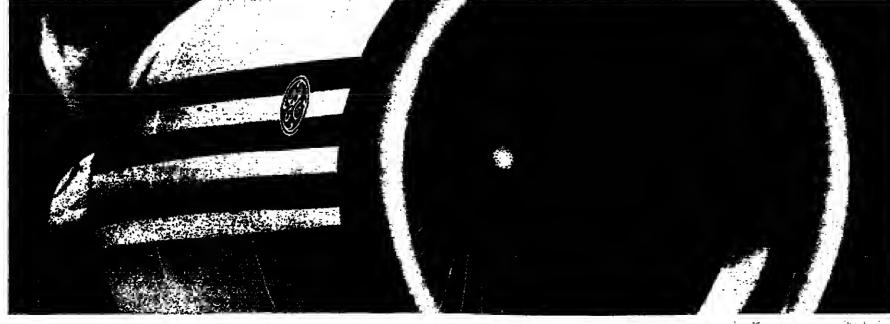
work of seven Training and Enterprise Councils (TECs), which collaborate with the Information Technology at Welsh Development University College; Agency to help ensure a Swansea; the Japanese long-term supply of key Studies Center and the skills for inward investors.

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This advertising section was produced in its entirety by the supplements division of the International Herald Tribune's advertising department, it was written by Michael Frenchman, a London-based free lance writer. The next issue on Wales will be published on March 2, 1994.





Action the second was the deal with the These days the Welsh Dragon is a real high fiver since two international giants of the aero engineering industry chose Wales.

British Airways has its new engineering base at Cardiff Airport and recently General Electric (USA) has moved to nearby Nantgarw, where they service aircraft engines for famous names like CFMI, Rolls Royce and Pratt & Whitney.

With more than a little help from . the Welsh Development Agency, both companies were not merely able to find the right site, but also the right people from Wales' skilled and flexible workforce.

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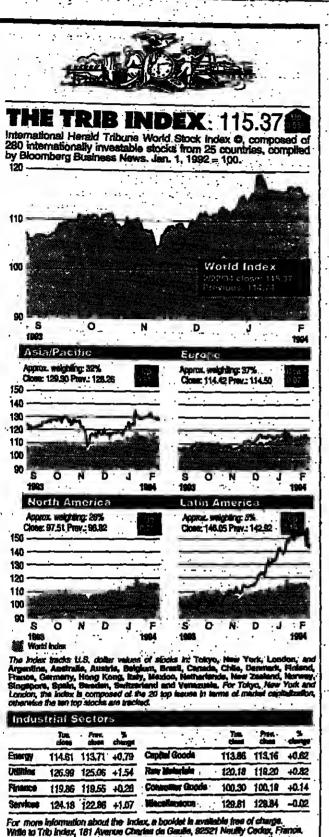
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# Unilever **Plans Cut** In Jobs

# Restructuring And Lower Profit Surprise Market

Compiled by Our Staff From Disparches LONDON - Unilever Group stunned market analysts Tuesday by taking a £490 million (\$723 miltion) charge against 1993 carnings to pay for a restructuring plan that includes cutting 7,500 jobs from its work force of 294,000.

"The charge is fundamentally a good move, but it is a cold shower," said Henk Stotboom, an analyst with Amstgeld NV, adding that he would lower his rating on Unilever to a "hold" for the abort to medium term but leave his long-term recommendation as a "buy."

The British-Dutch consumergoods conglomerate said 1993 pretax profit was £1.94 billion after the charge, down 4 percent from 1992. Earnings would have risen 11 per-cent if the company hadn't taken

the charge.
In guilders, net profit including the charge fell 9.8 percent, to 3.61 billion (\$2 billion). Profit would have been up 2.8 percent without

the restructuring.
Unilever said the cost-cutting should result in annual savings of 665 million guilders. About 40 percent of the job reductions will relate to management and adminis trative posts, it said. Unilever PLC's American do-

positary receipts fell \$2,375 to \$69.125 on the New York Stock Exchange, while shares of Unilever NV lost \$1.125 to \$115.25. David Atkinson, an analyst with

NatWest Securities, said the fall reflected "shock at the size of the restructuring charge and disappointment at the results." Sir Michael Perry, chairman of Unilever, said the job cans would be

spread across Europe and North He said the company would focus on markets outside North America and Europe for growth

potential in 1994. (AFX, Bloomberg, Reuters)

# Asia's High-Flying Market Demand for Airliners Is Expected to Soar

By Michael Richardson

International Herald Tribune
SINGAPORE —As rapid economic growth and industrialization in the Asia-Pacific region spur demand for jetliners, the ambitions of Asian countries for a greater stake in the aerospace industry

As a result, Western firms find that they must increasingly share work and technology or risk losing sales.

The Asia-Pacific area has become "the fastestgrowing market for sireraft, aerospace equipment and services," said Lee Hsien Loong, Singapore's deputy prime minister. "Major aerospace compa-nies have turned to this region to participate in the growth and to service their clients."

Mr. Lee spoke Tuesday at the opening of the Asian Aerospace show, at which 930 firms are vying for business. The show, which is held every

when Bosing Commercial Airplane Group, a unit of Bosing Co. of the United States, rolls out its new-generation 777 jet in April, it will contain more Asia-Pacific components than any previous widebody commercial aircraft. About one-quarter of the 777's sirframe, mea-

sured by value, is being manufactured by compa-nies in Japan, Australia, Singapore or South Korea under a program that already has been worth \$2 billion to \$3 billion to these suppliers. That figure will increase if, as expected, addi-

tional firm orders are placed for the twin-engine jet when it starts service in 1995. To promote sales of their sircraft and head off the possibility of a rival pan-Asian airframe manu-

facturer, analysts said. Western companies would have to offer even more generous work-sharing and technology-transfer deals to Asian aerospace companies in the future.

Japan, China, India. Indonesia, South Korea, Taiwan and Malaysia either have the capability to manufacture passenger jets or plan to do so in the

South Korea's Daewoo Heavy Industries recently outlined plans to team with Aviation Industries of China, India's Hindustan Aeronautics and Korean Air Lines to form a consortium to raise \$1 billion and start building midsize passenger jets within five years.

Sixteen airlines on four continents have an-nounced 147 firm orders and 108 options for the Boeing 777 family of jess. Asia-Pacific airlines make up close to 50 percent of that customer base. Asia has replaced Europe as the largest market for jetliners outside the United States. Boeing forecasts that between 1993 and 2010, Asian carriers will need some 3,000 aircraft, valued at about \$245 billion. That is more than 30 percent of the total world market for the period.

Richard R. Albrecht, Boeing's executive vice president, said that Western aircraft makers were extending their international manufacturing arrangements "because they make good business sense." He said that having partners in Asia and elsewhere helped cut costs, shared the heavy financial risk involved and improved the final product

For the foreign suppliers, such arrangements See JETS, Page 19

# EU Warns U.S. Film Distributor

By Richard W. Stevenson New York Times Service

LONDON - The United States and Europe appeared headed toward a new confrontation over the film industry after a dispute broke out Tuesday between the European Union and United International Pictures, the film-distribution company owned by three large Hollywood studios.

João de Deus Pinheiro, the European Union commissioner for audiovisual issues, said in Brussels that United International should be denied an extension of an antitrust waiver that allows the three - Paramount, Universal

trolled by Credit Lyonnais, the French state-owned bank,

(Also on Tuesday, Mr. Deus Pinheiro warned Britain that if it continued to allow Turner Network Television broadcasts, it may find itself facing its European Union partners in court, The Associated Press reported from Brussels. He said TNT, owned by Ted Turner. should not be allowed to broadcast in the EU because it did not comply with EU rules that more than half of a broadcaster's program content must be produced in the European Union, Sports and news

broadcasts are exempt.) Mr. Dens Pinheiro said United International had acted in a way and MGM — to distribute their that impeded competition, for ex-films to theaters in Europe through ample by forcing theaters to take a to the three studios of distributing a single organization. MGM is con- package of less popular movies to their movies in Europe.

versal's "Jurassic Park." United In-ternational denied the allegation. Mr. Deus Pinheiro said he was

American-made movies but said United, one of the two largest U.S. film distributors in Europe, might be impeding the growth of the En-ropean film industry. He said he would recommend to the European Commission, the hioc's policy-making body, that the antitrust waiver, which was granted

year, be revoked when it takes up the issue this summer. If the waiver is revoked, that could jeopardize United Interna-

in 1989 and technically expired last

# Metallgesellschaft Still 'Defining' Core Businesses

By Brandon Mitchener

International Herald Tribine
FRANKFURT — The new leadership of Metallgesellschaft AG acknowledged Tuesday that it had no idea what the huge, diversi-fied conglomerate would be like when the restructuring ordered by its creditors is completed in several

"There is no specific strategy for the Metalligesellschaft group," said Kajo Neukirchen, the turnaround expert brought in as chairman after his predecessor, Heinz Schimmelbasch, and most of the board member were fired over enormous unexpected losses at a U.S. trading subsidiary in November.

We are in the process of definng what our core businesses are," Mr. Neukirchen said as he asked reporters and financial analysts to "show mercy" as the company, Germany's 14th largest industrial group, is stripped down.

Analysts who used to praise Metallgesellschaft's efforts to diversify from its original focus on metals and mining have recently warned that the restructuring could leave the company strategically amputat-

Such is the web of activities that Metaligesellschaft comprises more than 250 individual units with interests in mining, trading, engineering and financial services that the process of distinguishing core from periphery could take months, Mr. Neukirchen said.

not trying to limit distribution of In the meantime, the company is paying its creditors 20 million Deutsche marks (\$12 million) a month in interest on emergency credits and bracing its 43,000 employees for layoffs, the first of an array of actions aimed at restoring profitability and paying off debt.

Metaligesellschaft has sum-

moned shareholders to an extraordinary meeting Thursday to seek approval for the restructuring and debt rescheduling program worked out by the company and its major international creditors in January. One change that shareholders and analysis slike are likely to ap-pland is the company's decision to

abandon the oil futures trading that cost it 2.3 billion DM —activi-ties that Mr. Neukirchen derided as "pure speculation."

The problem was discovered when Metallgesellschaft Corp., a U.S. subsidiary, ran short of cash to meet margin calls at the New York Mercantile Exchange and asked

banks for an emergency loan. Even before the oil futures fias-co, however, Metallgesellschaft had amassed pretax losses of 1.1 billion DM, and Mr. Neukirchen said the new board would act quickly and decisively to identify and isolate the sources.

Sales of stakes in subsidiaries including Metall Mining Corp. in Canada and Kolbenschmidt AG in Germany are expected to raise about 1 billion DM in the short term, he said.

The company previously named several large subsidiaries that it said would not be sold, including Lurgi AG, Buderus AG and Dyna-mit Nobel AG.

Gereon Mertens, Metallgesellschaft's chief financial officer, also said the company would out rule out selling its 55 percent stake in its prominent Frankfurt headquarters, the rest of which is owned by German banks.

The main strategic change in the oew Metallgesellschaft, Mr. Neu-kirchen said, would be the "medium-term" creation of a holding structure in which the company's remaining operational units were span off as wholly owned subsid-

M Swatch Finds Car Partner Mercedes-Benz AG, the German luxury carmaker, plans to develop a small, environmentally friendly car nicknamed the Swatchmobile along with the Swiss watchmaker SMH AG. Reuters reported from The announcement ended more

than a year of speculation about what partner SMH would choose, after Volkswagen AG withdrew from the project early last year. SMH has said that the car would be ready in 1996 and cost around \$10,000.

# MEDIA MARKETS

# Dim Future for GIs' Journal

New York Times Service : WASHINGTON - World War II veterans of the military newspaper Stars and Stripes reminisce about filing stories as shells exploded overhead. Although today's staff members do not have to worry as much about life and limb, Stars and Stripes itself seems under siege.

By the time of the Gulf War in 1991, more than half of the newspaper's correspondents were ci-vilians, and many American sol-diers no longer saw the daily Stars and Stripes as their primary source of news.

Today, as the newspaper tries to maintain a journalistic spirit, its financial picture is cloudy.
Military curbacks have pulled thousands of U.S. troops and their families from Europe, effectively eliminating a large pool

Meanwhile, many troops can find other sources of American news, from USA Today and the International Herald Tribune to newsmagazines and CNN. . . . .

"We're struggling," says Bern Zovistoski, an editor of the European edition of Stars and Stripes.
Two-thirds of our customer
base has withdrawn from Europe in the past few years."

The newspaper was founded during World War I to provide a daily, hometown-style newspa-

per to American troops serving in Europe.

It was shut down after the war but reborn during World War II, when its staff included young soldiers with a passion for jour-nalism, such as Bill Mauldin, the cartoonist, and Andy Rooney, now a television commentator. The circulation of the newspa-

We're struggling. Twothirds of our customer base has

withdrawn from Europe in the past few years.

per was about 500,000 during World War II, when it had 25

World War II, when it had 25 editions. Today, there are two editions: the European, with a circulation of 59,000, and the Pacific, with about 32,000.

Stars and Stripes, which is owned by the Department of Defense, has always been financially self-sufficient, but 85 percent of its revenue comes from bookof its revenue comes from bookstore operations at military post In 1993, Congress passed a law

requiring the newspaper to turn over the bookstore business by next fall to the Army and Air Force Exchange Service, which runs the post exchanges.

Without the bookstores, the peper's two editions expect to lose more than \$8 million, on com-bined revenues of \$22.9 million, in the year beginning Aug. 1.

What is the future of a news-paper whose circulation and funds are withching?

"That's the question of the day," said Lieutenant Commander Ken Patterson, deputy commander for operations of the Pacific edition.

At the European operation, the number of newsroom work-ers has been halved since the Gulf War. There are now 61 reporters, editors and photogra-phers. "We'll go over the edge if we have to cut more," Mr. Zovistoski said.

While many factors are con-tributing to a sense of drift at Stars and Stripes, an overriding concern is that the newspaper may no longer be unique.

Bill Hogan, a Stars and Stripes reporter during World War II and later cultural editor of the San Prancisco Chronicle, said, "Why, we've got Time, News-week and other daily newspapers serving the same purposes."

CURRENCY & INTEREST RATES

# Moscow Struggling On Budget

VIENNA — Russia faces "huge, enormous, looming problems" in drafting its 1994 budget and will have to resort to measures such as gold sales to meet its commitments, the head of the central bank, Viktor

V. Gerashchenko, said Tuesday. Mr. Gerashchenko said at a briefing in Vienna that Russia would not be able to keep its 1994 deficit below a range of \$40 billion to \$45 billion.

"The drafting of the budget is in a very bad situation," Mr. Gerssh-chenko said. He said the govern-ment would be compelled to sell gold to finance its delicit.

He also said it was time to pro-mote a market for Treasury bills as an instrument for debt financing. Mr. Gerashchenko was reluctant

to make a forecast on inflation with the budget issue still unsettled. Prices rose 22 percent in January from December. Mr. Gerashchenko has been in-

vited by the Group of Seven leading industrial nations, along with the acting finance minister, Sergei Dubinin, and the economics minister, Alexander N. Shokhin, to a ting in Germany on Saturday. The seven nations will seek as-

surances that Russia is acting to avoid hyperinflation and to continne economic reform.

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banker and client. It's also about building for the future, keeping assets secure for the generations This client focus has contrib-

uted to our leading position in private banking. As a subsidiary of Safra Republic Holdings S.A. and an affiliate of Republic New York Corporation, we're part of a global group with more than US\$5.6 billion in capital and US\$50 billion in assets. These assets continue

to grow substantially, a testament to the group's strong balance sheets, risk-averse orientation and century-old heritage.

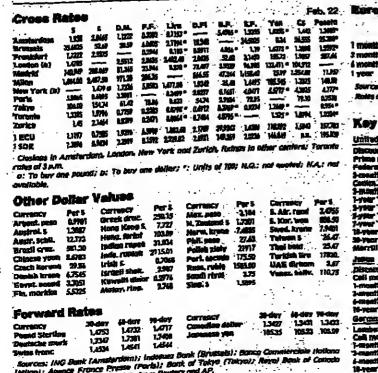
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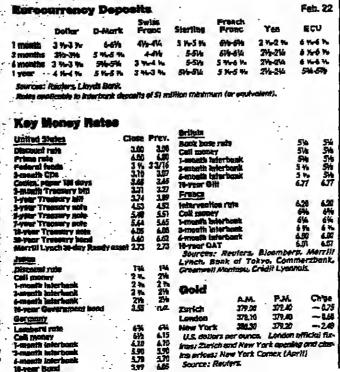
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Spot Commodities

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# MARKET DIARY

# Greenspan Speaks, Stocks End Higher

ompiled by Our Staff From Dispatches NEW YORK - Wall Street was cheered Tuesday by remarks from the Federal Reserve Board chairman, Alan Greenspan, who said inflation was not likely to heat up

as the economy expanded.
In one of his semiannual appearances before Congress, Mr. Green-

### N.Y. Stocks

span said the outlook for the ecooomy was "the best we have seen in decades," with inflation subdued and long-term interest rates low. The Dow Jones industrial aver-

age rose 24.20 points to close at 3,911.66. Gainers edged losers by a 9-to-8 ratio on the New York Stock Exchange, with trading relatively light at 220 million shares. The rally was tempered by lin-

gering concern that interest rates are bound to move higher this year, given the pace of economic growth. People are optimistic the Fed's doing the right thing, but they're not jumping in with both feet," said Dale Tills, manager of institutional equities trading at Charles Schwab & Co. in San Francisco. "It's fairly clear that rates will, at best, stay where they are oow. Most likely, they'll inch their way up."

But prospects for rate increases to be slow and steady rather than in

to remaio subdued helped Treasury bond prices recover from a week-

The price of the benchmark 30year Treasury bond rose 24/32, to 95 16/32, with the yield slipping to 6.60 percent from 6.62 percent Friday. U.S. markets were closed on Monday for Presidents' Day.

Beverly Enterprises rose % to 14% m active trading. The nursing-home operator is in talks that may lead to its purchase by Columbia HCA Healthcare Corp. Columbia rose 1% to 42%, also boosted by a buy recommendation from Merrill Lynch.

British Petroleum's American depositary receipts topped the New York Stock Exchange's active list jumping ¼ to 64% after oews that a well in Papua New Guinea had shown evidence of oil and gas de-Teléfocos de México SA's Amer-

ican depositary receipts were the second most actively traded issue on the Big Board, falling 1½ to 69% in step with a slide in the Mexican stock market Monday.

Merck lost ¼ to 32% in active trading. The drug maker recently told analysts its acquisition of Medco Cootaiomeot Services would shrink profit margins.
(Bloomberg, Knight Ridder, AP)

# **Dollar Heads Lower Despite Rate Warning**

NEW YORK - The dollar settled lower against the Deutsche mark on Tuesday even though the Federal Reserve Board chairman, Alan Greenspan, warned that U.S. short-term joterest rates were more likely to rise than fall." The dollar closed at 1.7236 Deut-

### Foreign Exchange

sche marks in New York, off from 1.7304 DM on Monday in Loodon. when U.S. markets were closed for a holiday. The U.S. currency also finished at 105.545 yen, off from 106.270 yea.

The market had been closely watching for signs from Mr. Greenspan's testimony about the possihility of another imminent rise in U.S. Interest rates. But dealers said his remarks had been too vague to move the currency market.

Dealers said Mr. Greenspan's remarks hinted the Fed was not set to dramatically boost rates oow and that short-term rates would rise only modestly. The Fed raised

The dollar was also pressed by ocws released Tuesday that the Conference Board's consumer con-

fidence index had fallen to 80.8 in February from a revised 82.6 in

fo Bonn, Finance Minister Theo Waigel said Tuesday that the rela-tionship between the dollar and the yen was oot on the agenda of the Group of Seveo meeting scheduled for Saturday, but he would oot rule out that Washington and Tokyo would discuss it.

Against other currencies, the dollar rose to 1,4495 Swiss francs from 1,4449 francs Monday but slipped to 5.8583 French francs from 5.8825. The pouod was gooted at \$1.4790.

NASDAQ Diary

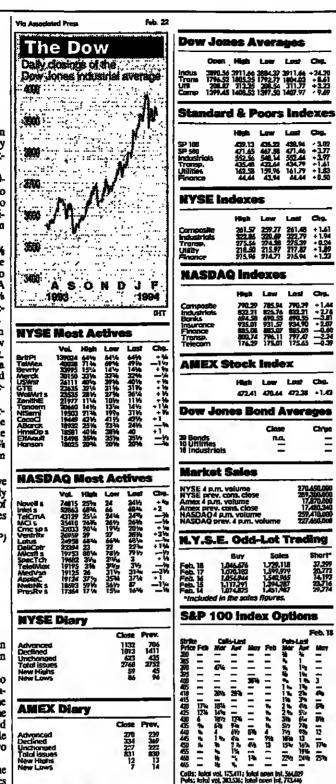
(Knight-Ridder, Reuters, AP)

Bloomberg Business News

LONDON — World gold demand in 1993 was close to 1992's record level even though prices rose about 20

Demand in the 22 countries monitored by the coun

percent, the World Gold Council said Tuesday.



statement said. "Io the developed markets, demand was resilient," Roger Murphy, regional manager of the

In contrast to explosive growth in the previous two

years, China's gold consumption in 1993 fell 11 per-

council in London, said.

### Italian Firm Eyes Douglas Stake **World Gold Demand Stays Near Record**

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Bloomberg Business News LONG BEACH, California — McDonnell Douglas Corp.'s commercial aircraft division may sell a stake as large as 20 percent to Finmercanica SpA, a spokesman for the Italian company's parent

Istituto per la Ricostruzione Industriale SpA said it had given the go-ahead for oegotiations to purchase a stake of 10 percent to 20 percent in Douelas Aircraft Co., based in Long Beach, IRL Italy's state holding company, owns 90 percent of Finneccanica.

McDonnell Douglas, based in St. Louis, would oot immediately

# Stores Post Higher Profits

NEW YORK — Increased retail sales in step with a recovering U.S. economy boosted 1993 earnings for three major chains: Wal-Mart Stores Inc., May Department Stores Co. and Home Depot Inc. Wal-Mart, the largest retailer in the United States, said net earnings rose 16 percent from 1992, to \$2.33 billion. Sales jumped 21 percent, to \$67.345 billion.

David Glass, chairman of the Bentonville, Arkansas, retailer, said the strong results reflected expansion into Mexico and Canada. At the end of the year, the company had 2,021 Wal-Mart stores and 419

Sam's Chubs, its wholesale unit.

May Department Stores earned \$711 million in 1993, up 18 percent from 1992, the St. Louis-based retailer said. Sales rose 7.5 percent, to \$11 billion.

The company said it was considering buying individual stores or groups of stores to further boost sales growth. May said it opened 13 new department stores and 216 Payless ShoeSource stores last year under a five-year plan to add 100 department stores and 1,200 Payless ShoeSource stores.

May also operates Lord & Taylor, Kaufmann's, Robinsons-May,

Home Depot Inc., an Atlanta-based home improvement store chain, said its earnings jumped 30 percent in 1993, but bad weather

and a sharp increase in expenses to open new stores hampered stronger gains.

Home Depot earned \$457.4 million in 1993, while sales rose 29 percent to \$9.24 billion. Some of the impact of inclement home-improvement weather was offset by a construction boom in southern

(Bloomberg, AFX, Resters)

# Consumer Confidence Slips Slightly

NEW YORK (AFP) — Consumer confidence in the United States fell a little in February, the first drop in three months, the Conference Board

said Tuesday.

The board's index of consumer confidence, based on a survey of 5,000 households nationwide, fell to 80.8 from 82.6 in January. In December, the index was 79.8, in November 71.9 and in October 60.5.

## Morgan Stanley's Earnings Up 28%

NEW YORK (AP) — Morgan Stanley Group Inc. on Tuesday reported a 28 percent jump in fourth-quarter earnings, thanks to strong reveaue from trading and increased investment-banking business.

Morgan Stanley said its profit for the quarter ended Jan. 31 was \$181.2 million, or \$2.18 a share, up from \$141.8 million, or \$1.68 a share, in the same quarter of 1992. same quarter of 1992.

Turner Broadcasting Earnings Drop ATLANTA (AP) - Turner Broadcasting System Inc. said Tuesday its

At LAN 1A (Ar) — Turner Broadcasting System Inc. and Tuesday Its-fourth-quarter earnings dropped sharply because of the absence of one-time gains that fattened results a year ago.

For the year, the owner of Cable News Network and other cahle channels lost \$244 million, mainly because of a required change in accounting. For the quarter ended Dec. 31, Turner earned \$10 million, or 4 cents a share, compared with \$30 million or 11 cents a year earlier.

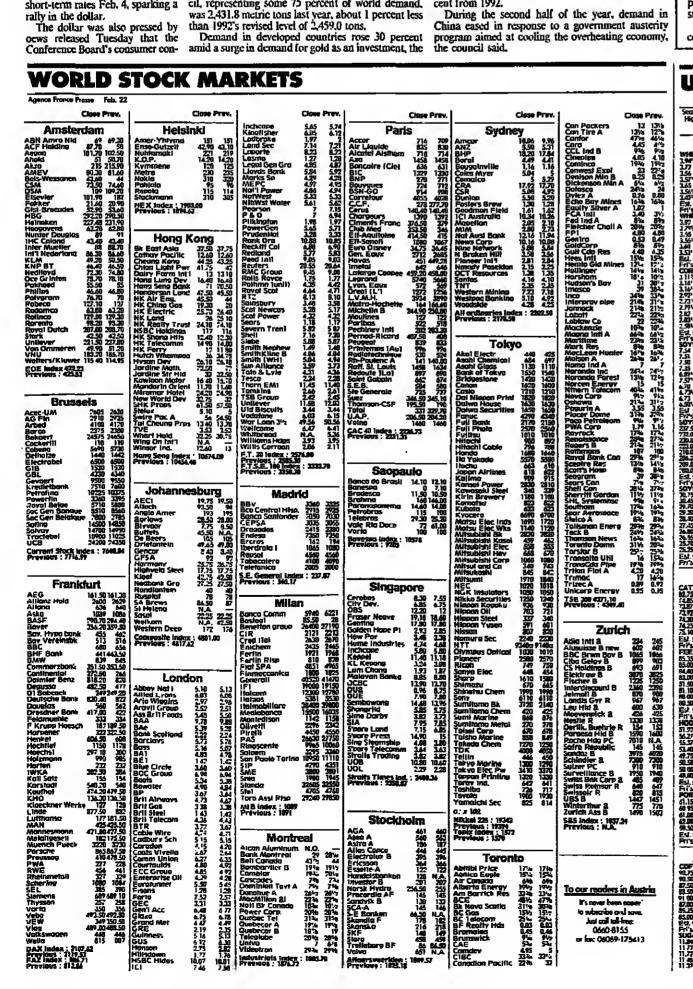
### For the Record

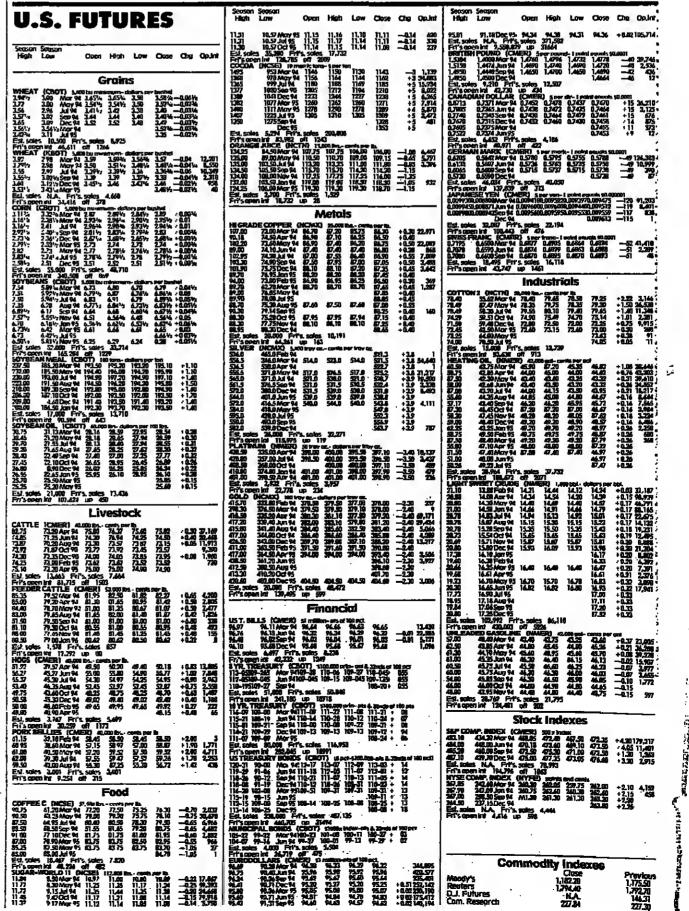
Deere & Co. reported a better-than-expected first-quarter profit of \$87 nillion, reflecting increased production and sales. UNR Industries Inc., the diversified steel company, said it had endeddiscussions concerning the sale of the company after proposals failed to meet the company's expectations. (Knight-Ridder)

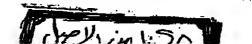
**Weekend Box Office** The Associated Press

LOS ANGELES - "On Deadly Ground" topped the weekend boxoffice, earning an estimated \$14 million. Following are the Top 10 moneymakers based on Friday ticket sales and estimated sales for:

(Warner Brothers)				\$14 million
: : : Worner Brothers)	••			\$10,5 million
(Paramount)				\$10.1 million
[Universal]				56.5 million
(Wall Disney)				36,1 million
(Universal)				55 million
(Tweatisth Century-Fox)				54.9 million
(Columbia Pictures)				54.6 million
(Touchstone Pictures)				34.4 million
(TriStar)				54.3 million
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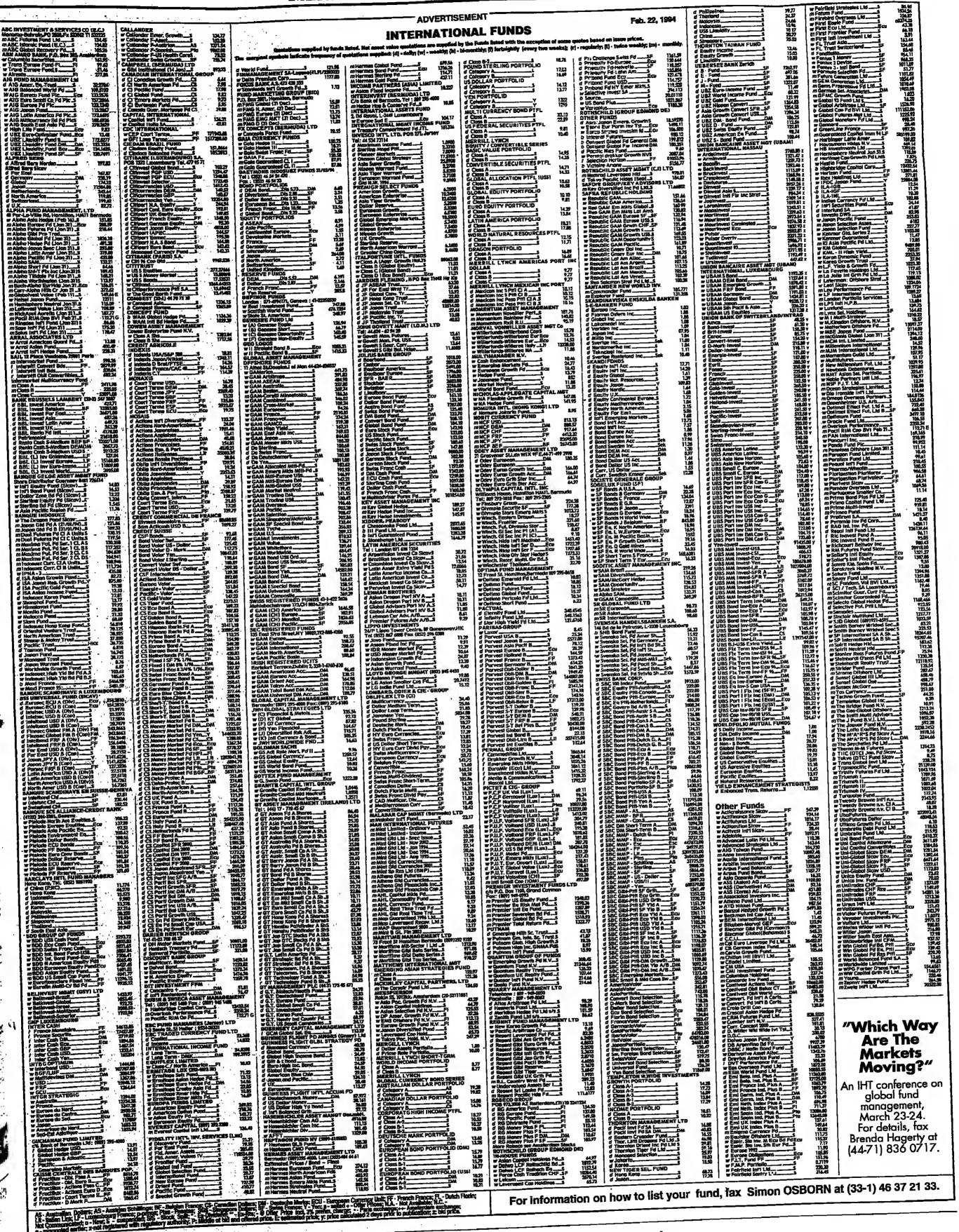


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Every Saturday, the International Herald Tribune publishes The Money Report, a weekly section that provides a penetrating analysis of financial products and services available to today's high-net-worth investor. For timely investment information, read The Money Report.



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# Mannesmann Posts 'Clear' Loss for '93

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches BONN - Mannesmann AG 10ported flat sales for 1993 on Tuesday and said that it had suffered a

The industrial group did not provide profit figures. In 1992, the company had net profit of 63 mil-lion Deutsche marks (\$37 million), off 76 percent from its 1991 result.

The company said its sales held steady at 28 billion DM while or-ders totaled 27.9 billion DM in 1993, up 1 percent from 1992.

The company said its weak results in 1993 were due to the costs of restructuring, a decline in world-wide demand for investment equip-ment and the effects of exchange-

It said sales had been maintained by demand for portable telephones and a strong performance by for-cign subsidiaries.

The company said the restruc-turing "had considerably burdened earnings" but "simultaneously created the conditions to significantly lower the break-even point and boost productivity."

It said the restructuring would help to increase the company's competitive position in 1994, but Mannesmann gave no indication of whether it expected to return to profit this year.

nann said its engineering and plant construction division, with sales of 12.5 billion DM, was profitable in 1993 but suffered a clear decline in earnings, largely because of weak profit in plant

tions unit, which includes mobile phones, posted a sharp gain, as sales rose to 900 million DM from 140 million DM

The automotive technology divi-sion's loss widened in 1993 because of reduced orders from the car industry and pressure on prices;

The company said that exports produced in Germany fell 5 percent, to 9.2 billion DM in 1993, but sales from its foreign plants rose 12 (Reuters, AFX)

# Irish Group Wants More of Independent

LONDON - An Irish newspaper group said Tuesday it had agreed to raise to 29.99 percent its stake in The Independent

Dublin-based Independent Newspapers PLC, run by the Irish businessman Tony O'Reilly, said it would pay £3.7 million (\$5.6 million) for an additional 5 percent of Newspaper Publishing PLC. parent of the Independent.

The deal requires that regulators give the O'Reilly group permission to exceed a 25 percent stake in Newspaper Publishing.

Mr. O'Reilly engineered the purchase of 24.99 percent of Newspaper Publishing on Feb. 4 for £3.50 a share, the same price he had

agreed to pay for the additional stake.

Rival bids, led by the newspaper group formerly owned by the late Robert Maxwell, have by now put the same value on Newspaper Publishing's stock, although those bids have been a combination of

The former Maxwell company, Mirror Group Newspapers PLC, teamed up with two European newspapers that are already Newspaper Publishing shareholders — El Pais of Spain and La Repubblica of Italy — and executives including The Independent's founding editor, Andreas Whittam Smith.

"With these further purchases we have increased our stake in NP to a very significant level," said Liam Healy, chief executive of the Irish group. "We believe that this demonstrates our continued commitment to the company and is fully consistent with our determination to ensure the future success of its newspaper titles."

BREMEN - A Belgian subsidiary of Arbed SA

signed an accord to buy a 25 percent stake of Klöckner Stahl GmbH, officials of Bremen said Tuesday, a pact

meant to ease European Union concerns about gov-

ernment control of the steel mill.

The officials of Brennen, a German state and city, also said that Arbed's Sidmar SA was interested in raising its stake in the Klöckner-Werke AG unit to

more than 50 percent within two years.

Klöckner-Werke agreed to sell most of the steel mill

to a group of investors backed by Bremen in November, but the European Commission began an investi-

gation into the takeover because of the high level of

the Arbed involvement probably would pave the way for the European Commission to approve the takeover by the investor group: "With the companies Sidmar, Klöckner, Bremer Vulkan and Hegemann, a private-

a third of Arbed's capital.

The Bremen officials said Arbed's supervisory board

sector majority is established without any doubt." The Luxembourg government, however, owns about

would decide on the investment next month

Klaus Jaeger, the Bremen economics minister, said

Arbed Seen Aiding Klöckner Unit

# Steady Growth Seen for U.K.

Compiled by Our Staff From Disputches LONDON - Prospects for steady economic growth, despite tax increases scheduled for April. offer little reason for further interest-rate cuts, the Treasury's independent panel of advisers said Tuesday.

In their first report this year to the chancellor of the Exchequer, Kenneth Clarke, members of the panel known as the "six wise men" said that in the absence of a rally in sterling, which would make exports more expensive, "most of us see little reason for further cuts in inicrest rates.

The Bank of England signaled a quarter-point cut in Britain's base lending rate, to 5.25 percent, on Feb. 8, saying subdued inflationary ares gave it room for the move. Many analysts said they expected a further cut to offset tax increases scheduled for April.

But the panel said consumers would probably sacrifice savings

Last year, the Klöckner unit closed one of its two blast furnaces in Bremen. Klöckner-Stahl GmbH was

one of three of Klockner subsidiaries to file for protec

Pechiney SA, the French state-controlled aluminum

and packaging conglomerate, refused to comment on statements this week by a Russian official, who singled it out for failing to do its part in reducing global capacity in the glutted aluminum market, Knight-Ridder reported from Paris.

Vladimir Kalchenko, first deputy general director of Aluminiy, the Russian producers' group, said he was dissatisfied with the level of cutbacks by Western

producers, and he singled out Pechiney as an example. Mr. Kalchenko said further Russian cutbacks would

depend on those made in the West, Gilles Tourvieille, a Pechiney spokesman, said the

company would not comment on possible capacity cuts before Friday. The company has said it would "take its responsibilities" regarding cutbacks.

Under a deal reached in January, major aluminum

producing countries agreed to a program of capacity

■ Pechiney Silent on Russia Statement

tion from creditors in December 1992.

# Panel Doubts the Need for Further Rate Cuts

rather than cut spending and that flation rate would stand near 2.9 disposable income would grow after accounting for inflation, makyear and rise to 3.1 percent by the ing a further rate cut for economic stimulus purposes unnecessary. But "the weakness of inflation-

ary pressure" still gives the govern-ment scope to reduce interest rates if the recovery falters, the panel

It forecast that Britain's core in-

fourth quarter of 1995. The advisers predicted that the country's gross domestic product would rise by between 2.4 percent

and 3.0 percent this year and 1.7 percent to 3.5 percent in 1995. (Rewers, Knight-Ridder)

# SmithKline Earnings Rise On Sales of Newer Drugs

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatch

LONDON — SmithKline Beecham PLC said Tuesday pretax profit rose 12 percent last year to £1.22 billion (\$1.8 billion), helped by an 18 percent increase in sales.

The British drug company said the results, which were within

expectations, allowed it to raise its full-year dividend by 24 percent. to 10.9 pence a share.
"Our solid performance was fueled by the success of new products

in all our businesses," said Robert P. Bauman, the company's chief Sales in 1993 were £6.4 billion, helped by weakness in sterting and strong demand for the four new drugs SmithKline has introduced since 1990. Sales of those drugs more than doubled last year to £463

Sales of Relaten, an arthritis drug, increased 44 percent, the company said. Paxil, the No. 1 anodepressant in Britain, was introduced in the U.S. market, where sales reached \$135 million io

the first 10 months of the year. Sales of Kytril, a nausea drug for cancer patients, and Havrix, a

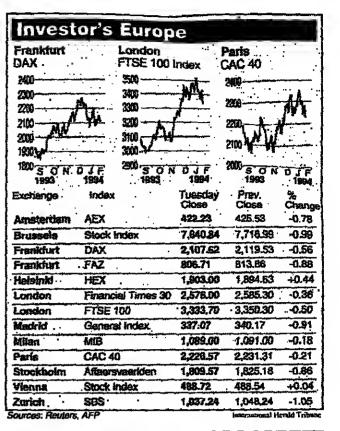
nepatitis vaccine, also advanced But sales of the anti-ulcer drug Tagamet, the company's best-selling prescription drug, dropped 6 percent. The patent for the drug will expire in May, freeing U.S. generic-drug producers to market

Also on Tuesday, Thorn EMI PLC, a music publisher and electrical rental company, said its pretax profit climbed 2.5 percent to £251.1 million in the first nine months of its financial year.

Profit got a lift from increased sales in its music division, the

company said. The results include a one-time charge of £20.3 million for the sale of some operations.

Thorn also said that a government investigation had cleared its U.S. Rent-a-Center unit of allegations of overcharging customers (Bloomberg, Reuters) renting furniture and appliances



### **Very briefly:**

 Svenska Handelsbanken AB reported an operating profit of 1.92 billion kronor (\$241 million) for 1993, after a loss of 840 million kronor for 1992. · Volkswagen AG workers at an assembly plant in Belgium have gone on strike to protest firings of two colleagues.

Philips Kommunikations Industrie AG, a German unit of Philips NV, said it planned to shed 800 jobs in addition to a previously announced 900 job cuts, bringing the work force down to 3,100 by 1995.

 Germany's trade balance showed a surplus of 8.5 billion Deutsche marks (\$4.9 billion) in December, up from 8.2 billion DM in November. France tripled its trade surplus to a record 87.26 billion francs (\$14.9

Belgium set the price for the sale of Société Nationale d'Investissem which holds 50 percent of Distrigaz SA, to Ackermans & Van Haaren NV at 19.04 billion Belgian francs (\$534 million).

billion) in 1993. The 1992 surplus was 30.9 billion francs.

 The European Union's combined industrial output fell 3.5 percent in 1993, the sharpest slide in oearly two decades. Industrial productioo plunged 4.1 percent in Japan in the same year, but U.S. production rose 4.2 percent.

# 2 Groups Join in Italian Bid

**Protests Mar Fiat Pact With Union** 

chances of a final deal being signed by a weekend deadline.

ROME — Wildcat strikes and protests on Tuesday greeted an agreement between unions and Fiat SpA to cut some 16,500 jobs, clouding the

About 300 workers from Fiat's Arese car plant blocked Milan's central train station, and employees from its Sevel Pomigitano works denounced the plan to cut 7,000 permanent and 9,500 temporary jobs as a sell-out.

Under the plan, the government will help pay for "social cushious,"

such as early retirement packages and enhanced layoff compensation, to help soften the blow. Fiat, Italy's biggest private company, had a loss of \$1 billion last year.

MILAN -- Omnitel SpA and Pronto Italia will join forces to bid for a license to run Italy's second cellular phone service, it was announced Tuesday.

The combined company will be owned 70 percent by Omnitel and 30 percent by Pronto Italia.

Ing. C. Olivetti SpA controls 51 percent of Omnitel. The rest is split among Bell Atlantic, with 16.6 per carbani. ternational Inc., with 14.7 percent, Lehman Brothers, with 8 percent, and Sweden's Telia, with 9.7 percent. vide competition to the existing service, run by the state telephone group SIP SpA, which reports having more than a million customers.

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Pronto Italia is led by Pacific Telesis Corp. of the United States and includes several Italian banks. The merger narrows the field of

state involvement.

bidders to two. The other group is United SpA, put together by Fiat SpA, the me-dia group Fininvest SpA, the British cellular operator Vodafone PLC and Italy's state energy holding company Ente Nazionale Idro-

Both groups are bidding to pro-

### NOTICE TO THE SHAREHOLDERS DAIWA CAPITAL-L.C.F. EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND

cutbacks to help prop up prices.

20, Boulevard Emmanuel Servais L-2535 LUXEMBOURG R.C. B 28616

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of DAIWA CAPITAL - L.C.F. EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND will be held at the registered office of the company on March 15th, 1994 at 12.00 noon.

**AGENDA** 

1. Approval of the report of the Board of Directors and the report of the Auditora

Approval of the financial statements for the year ending on December 31st, 1993;

Allocation of the net result:

Discharge of the outgoing Directors and the Auditor from their duties for the year ending on December 31st, 1993; Appointment of the Agents of the company; Re-election of the Directors;

Re-election of the Auditor.

6. Any other business.

Resolutions on the above-mentioned agenda will require no quorum and the resolutions will be passed by a simple majority of the shares present or represented at the meeting.

A shareholder may act at any meeting by proxy. On behalf of the Company,

BANQUE PRIVEE EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD S.A. Succursale de Luxembourg

20, Boulevard Emmanuel Servals L - 2535 LUXEMBOURG

### ROYAL FCP MANAGEMENT S.A. Societé Anonyme

2, Boulevard Royal, Luxembourg

R.C. LUXEMBOURG B-28867

# DIVIDEND ANNOUNCEMENT

THE BARCLAYS GLOBAL FUND will pay on March 2, 1994 a dividend of US S 0,40 per share to the Unit-holders on record as of February 22, 1994.

Shares will be traded ex-dividend on February 22, 1994.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS ROYAL FCP MANAGEMENT S.A. Société Anonyme

### ROYAL FCP MANAGEMENT S.A. Societé Anonyme

2, Boulevard Royal, Luxembourg

R.C. LUXEMBOURG B-28867

### DIVIDEND ANNOUNCEMENT

THE EUROPE FUND will pay on March 2, 1994 a dividend of US \$ 0,50 per share to the Unit-holders on record as of February 22, 1994.

Shares will be traded ex-dividend on February 22, 1994.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS ROYAL FOP MANAGEMENT S.A. Société Anonyme

## ROYAL FCP MANAGEMENT S.A.

Société Anonyme 2, Boulevard Royal, Luxembourg

## R.C. LUXEMBOURG B-28867

DIVIDEND ANNOUNCEMENT THE ORIENT FUND will pay on March 2, 1994 a dividend of US \$ 1,00 per share to the Unit-holders on record as of February 22, 1994.

Shares will be traded ex-dividend on February 22, 1994.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS ROYAL FCP MANAGEMENT S.A. Société Anonyme

### UBZ INTERNATIONAL TRUST MANAGEMENT S.A. Société Anonyme

2, Boulevard Royal, Luxembourg

LUXEMBOURG

## **DIVIDEND ANNOUNCEMENT**

260,000 m<sup>2</sup>

Shares will be traded ex-dividend on February 22, 1994.

THE UBZ EURO-INCOME FUND will pay on March 2, 1994 a dividend of CHF 0,55 per share to the unitholders on record as of February 22, 1994.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS UBZ INTERNATIONAL TRUST MANAGEMENT S.A.

# REPUBLIC OF LEBANON COUNCIL FOR DEVELOPMENT AND RECONSTRUCTION

Tender for the Execution of the Infrastructure Works in the Beirut Central District

The Government of Lebanon, represented by the Council for Development and Reconstruction (C.D.R.), invites suitably qualified Lebanese infrastructure and civil engineering Contractors to tender for the Reconstruction of the Infrastructure Works in Beirnt Central District (BCD).

- Works will include the following main elements: - A Ring Road around the BCD area with an approximate length of 3.6 km and of various widths, including interchanges, bodges,

- Primary roads in the BCD area with an approximate length of 8.4 km and width varying between 15 m and 40 m. - Secondary roads in the BCD area with an approximate length of 10.5 km and width varying between 7 m and 27 m.

- Tertiary roads in the BCD area with an approximate length of 6.2 km and width varying between 8 m and 10 m. - Road furniture such as sidewalks, kerbs, traffic lights, etc.

- General public lighting for streets, interchanges, bridges, underpasses and tunnels. - Sewerage network, including around 28 km of sewer pipes with service connections, manboles, and a sewage pumping station. - Stormwater drainage network including around 26 km of stormwater pipes and culverts with gullies, manholes and outfalls.

- Landscaping and irrigation network for roads including around 38 km of irrigation mains manifolds and laterals, wells, a ground reservoir and a pumping station. - Water supply network including around 30 km of water mains with fittings, valves, fire hydrants and control devices. - Electric power distribution works including cable support system within culverts, as well as duct banks and manhotes for the

-Tunnel lighting system complete including lighting fixtures, transformer sub-stations, stand-by generators, CCTV, etc. - Civil works including primary and secondary ducts, manholes and handholes for Telecommunications Network (Outside Plant). Are invited to tender, Lebanese Contractors working in Lebanon or outside Lebanon who have executed in the last twenty years similar works for government agencies or public or private organizations for a total amount of one hundred and fifty (150) Million U.S. Dollars at dollar actual rates at the times of execution, of which at least one similar project has amounted to fifty (50) Million

Lebanese Contractors who do not meet the requirements stipulated above and who wish to participate in this lender must establish Lebanese Contractor with an International Contractor who must meet the conditions stated above provided that the Lebanese Contractor a joint venture with an International Contractor who must meet the conditions stated above provided that the Lebanese Contractor a joint venture with an international belief 20 years amounting to 30 Million U.S. Dollars, one project of which amounted to 10 has executed similar work during the last 20 years amounting to 30 Million U.S. Dollars, one project of which amounted to 10

Tenders must be submitted inside two separate scaled envelopes. The first envelope shall contain the completed qualification documents contained in the Tender Documents for this purpose and The first envelope shall comman and ordinated and financial ability and experience of the Contractor. The second envelope any other supporting documents proving the technical and financial ability and experience of the Contractor. The second envelope shall contain the commercial proposal.

The Tender Committee shall first open the first envelope and establish the ability and experience of the Contractors. The Ommittee shall retain only those Contractors who qualify to execute the Project and shall return the Tender Documents to those Contractors who do not qualify.

The Tender Committee shall then open the second envelope of only those Contractors who have qualified publicly at a date and time to be announced in due time. Contractors who wish to participate in this Tender are invited to collect the relevant Tender Documents against a sum of U.S. Contractors who wish to participate in the offices of C.D.R. as of Monday February 28, 1994 at the following address:

The Council for Development and Reconstruction Tallet Al-Saray, Beirut Lebanon Tenders are to be submitted at the above address not later than 12:00 hours noon Beirut local time at the offices of C.D.R. on Friday May 13, 1994.

### REPUBLIC OF LEBANON COUNCIL FOR DEVELOPMENT AND RECONSTRUCTION

Prequalification of Consortia for the Finance, Design, Build, Operate and Transfer of a Conference Center and Luxury Hotel Complex in Beirut

The Lebanese Government wishes to build a center for conventions, exhibitions as well as Arab and International conferences, as part of its plan to reinforce the role of Beirut as a center for culture, finance, tourism and trade.

The Government of Lebanon, represented by the Council for Development and Reconstruction (C.D.R) invites applications from suitably qualified Lebanese, Arab or International institutions wishing to undertake this vital project to prequalify to participate in a competition to design, execute, finance and operate a conference center with a luxury five star 500 to 1,000 room hotel including luxury and ordinary suites, a commercial center in addition to a marina with all its facilities on plot No. 705 in Ain Al Mraissi, Beirut.

Those wishing to prequalify should form consortia which will include a financier, an international hotel operator, an international qualified consulting firm with a wide experience in designing first class luxury hotels provided he

collaborates with a Lebanese consulting office. The project will be erected on land owned by the Lebanese Government with a total area of 66,000m. The main

functions of the project will occupy a built up area of 260,000 m² approximately, distributed as follows: 43,000 m<sup>2</sup> - Conference halls, lecture halls and theatres 167.000 m<sup>2</sup> Hotel 35,000 m² ~ Commercial centers - Cultural and entertainment centers 15,000 m<sup>2</sup> - Car parks as needed

Total built up area excluding car parks The project is to be designed and executed in accordance with a time schedule within a period not exceeding 36 months. The successful consortium will have to operate the project for a period of time then hand it over in excellent condition

Prequalification must be in accordance with the prequalification document available at C.D.R. against the sum of U.S.\$ 5,000 (five thousand American dollars) in the form of a banker's certified cheque in the name of the Council for Development and Reconstruction.

Those wishing to participate in the competition are invited to receive the prequalification document starting Monday February 28, 1994 and return them with all supporting material before twelve o'clock noon. Beirut local time on Thursday April 28, 1994 at the following address:

> Council for Development and Reconstruction Tallet Al-Saray Beirut Lebanon

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مكذامن الأحل

# Finance Unit Weighs on Matsushita

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches

TOKYO - Matsushita Electric Industrial Co. said Toesday that its quarterly profit had fallen, that its annual profit would be below expectations and that it would spend 180 bil-lion yen (\$1.6 billion) to rescue a finance subsidiary burdened with bad loans.

The electronics and entertainment stock fell 30 yea in Tokyo to close at 1,690. The one bit of light in Matsushita's report for its third quarter, which ended Dec. 31, was that its entertainment revenue edged up 1 percent largely on the box-office success of the movie "Jurassic Park." Matsushita owns MCA Inc., the American company whose Universal Pictimes made the film.

Matsushita's core consumer electronics business, however, was hit hard by weak demand and the strength of the yen, and group net profit for the quarter fell 12 percent from a year earlier, to 10.8 billion yen. Pretax profit fell 3.3 percent to 47.1 billion yen.

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches

TOKYO — Honda Motor Co. said Tuesday its third-quarter net profit fell 1.9 percent from a year earlier and fell 49.5 percent in the first nine months

of its financial year, as the strong yen ate into

(\$65 million) in the October-December quarter,

compared with 6.89 billion yen in the 1992 quarter.

Honda's profit for the nine months was 16.1 billion yen, down from 31.9 billion yen.

The company predicted that its full-year profit would be down 55 percent from 1992.

Houda, the only Japanese antomaker to sell more cars in the United States than in Japan, said a recovering U.S. market cushioned its earnings in

the third quarter. Strong motorcycle sales in Asia

The Japanese automaker earned 6.76 billion yen

Group revenue at the Osaka-based company

operating margins.

in supplication of the sup

fell 6 percent in the quarter to 1.76 trillion yen.

Matsushita consumer products include the JVC, Panasonic, National, Technics and Qua-

sar brands Matsushita's problems mirrored those reported last week by Sony Corp. and Pioneer Electronic Corp., two other leading consumer electronics companies, which said their net profits fell by 38 percent and 77 percent respec-

tively in the quarter ended Dec. 31.
Sony's results, unlike Matsushita's and Pioneer's, improved in consumer electronics; Sony was hurt by a weak performance from its movie

On Tuesday, Matsushita also lowered its profit forecast for the year ending March 31. It now expects net profit of 21 billion yea, a 44 percent drop from the previous year. Its previous forecast was a profit of 40 billion yea.

The biggest surprise sprung by Massishita was the announcement that it would provide

180 billion yen through a grant and a lowcrest loan to its subsidiary NL Finance Co. "Despite its strennous efforts to date, due to

and particularly in China

Honda's U.S. sales, they said.

bright spot, the company said.
Still, sales in the quarter were down 2.8 percent,

at 948 billion yen, and for the nine months were down 9.5 percent, at 2.823 trillion yen.

Analysts have taken a pessimistic view of Hon-

da's stock for the next six to 12 months. Continued

currency volatility and escalating trade tensions with the United States could limit strength in

Also on Tnesday, Moody's Investors Service Inc. lowered its ratings on unsecured senior debt and commercial paper issued by another Japanese automaker, Nissan Motor Corp., to A-3 from A-2,

citing continued pressure on earnings.

the worsening economic climate in Japan, part of NLF's approximately 340 billion yen in loan receivables now appear to he uncollectable. the company said

Maisushita said it would give 80 billion yen outright to NLF to cover the expected loan losses. It will make NLF a 100 billion yen loan to reduce its interest expense, and NLF will further raise 40 billion yen by selling stock.

The parent is also seconding staff to "improve NLFs capability in administering and collecting receivables.

NLF was established in March 1992 to administer and collect loans receivable trans-ferred from another Matsushita subsidiary, Na-

tional Leasing Co.

Matsushita said the 80 billion yen grant would be treated as a nonrecurring loss for the parent company in the current financial year. It will balance this by recording a nonrecurring profit of a like amount from the sale of portfolions and the sale to spirit diaries of certain lio stocks and the sale to subsidiaries of certain fixed assets that are oow leased to these subsidiaries.

(AP, Bloomberg, AFX)

# **Data Show** Limp Japan **Economy**

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatchet TOKYO - Japan's leading index of economic indicators stood at 36.4 percent in December, well below the key level of 50 for the cutive month, the Economic Planning Agency said Tues-

An index above 50 indicates economic expansion, while a figure below that represents economic con-

The leading index, which fore-shadows trends in the economy, fell from a revised 41.7 in November. It had stood at 33.3 in October. The index of coincident econom-

ic indicators, which was released simultaneously, stood at 25.0 in December, compared with 20.0 in November, for its third consecutive month below 50.

The country's production of vehicles fell 13.5 percent in January from a year earlier, to 772,858 units, the Japan Automobile Manufacturers' Association said Tuesday. It was the fifth consecutive

(AFP, Bloomberg)

# Tokyo Executive In Čellular Phone Rift Cries Foul

By Andrew Pollack New York Times Service

TOKYO - Depending on one's point of view, Takeo Tsukada is either the culprit responsible for an escalatiog trade crisis between the United States and Japan or a bystander caught in the crossfire.

Mr. Tsukada, who prefers the latter description, is president of Nippon Idou Tsushin Corp. known as 1DO, a provider of mobile telephone service that the U.S. government accuses of failing to provide adequate access to Japan's cellular telephone market for equipment made by Motorola Inc.

Last week, the U.S. government said it would impose sanc-tions on Japan for violating a 1989 trade agreement intended to open Japao's market to American cellular technology.

Mr. Tsukada assailed Motor-ola for making what be called selfish demands that threatened to drive his company to bank-TUDICY.

At the last minute, he said. Motorola said sanctions could be avoided if IDO placed an immediate order for 225,000 Motorola portable telephones, which would have guaranteed Motorola a 50 percent share of IDO's anticipated cellular cus-tomers. IDO, he said, rejected the request as being impossible to fulfill and against free consumer choice.

Mr. Tsukada also expressed surprise that the American gov-ernment would bring all its weight to bear in the service of a single company.

"It's a dirty, collusive rela-

tionship between the government and a private company, Mr. Tsukada said. "Japanese people cannot understand it." lodeed, Motorola's maio building in Tokyo has been splattered with graffit in the last day or so, with such slogans as "Crush the hard-selling di-

plomacy of U.S. imperialists

painted oo the walls.

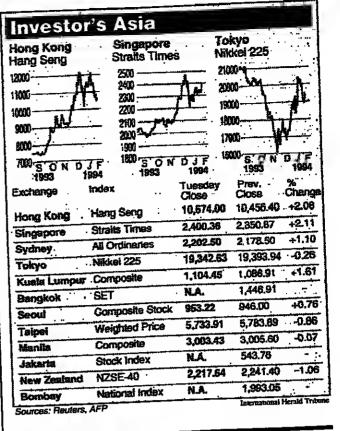
As Mr. Tsukada tells it, there is no plot to keep Motorola out of the Japanese market. In 1987. Japan's government decided to allow one company in each market to compete in cellular telephone service with Nippoo Telegraph & Telephone Corp., Japan's maio phoce company.

IDO woo the franchise for the beavily populated corridor from Tokyo to Nagoya. It decided to build its system using technology developed by NT&T. Mr. Tsnkada said not to block Motorola but simply because the NT&T technology already had a proven track re-cord in Japan. DDI Corp., which won the franchise for the rest of Japan, chose Motorola's

Still, the United States complained that it was unfair that the Motorola system was not being used in the highly populated corridor. In 1989, the cellular phone trade accord was signed to open the Tokyo-Nagoya market to Motorola. IDO was persuaded by Japan's government to build a second system using the Motorola tech-

IDO could oot afford to build two systems, Mr. Tsukada said. So it put more emphasis on the NT&T system, oot to block Motorola but simply because it had started on the NT&T system first and needed to build it up quickly so it could compete. The result is that today, IDO has about 310,000 customers for its NT&T-comparible system and only a few more than 10,000 for the Mo-

torola system. Even Motorola executives say IDO was saddled somewhat against its will with the franchise for the Motorola technology. But that has oot stopped Motorola, based in Schaumburg, Illinois, from complaining that IDO has dragged its feet in building the system.



### Very briefly:

 China's retail sales climbed 22 percent year-on-year in January, to 119.2 billion yuan (\$13.7 billion), the Economic Information Daily reported. Salomon Brothers Inc. appointed Trevor Rowe to head its Asia Pacific and Australasian Investment Banking Group, which will handle oon-Japanese Asian husiness from a Hong Koog base.

 Hong Kong's annual inflation rate fell to 6.2 percent in January, its lowest level for more than six years, but economists said the figure, which was down from 8.6 percent in December, was an aberration caused by a difference in timiog of the Chinese Lunar New Year.

· South Korea's exports to the United States, Japan and the European Union dropped last year to 47.6 percent of South Korea's total exports, or \$39.11 billion, from 50.8 percent the year before, signaling a further shift in overseas markets from advanced to developing nations,

 The Maritime and Port Administration of South Korea said European and Japanese shipping companies would be able to compete on protected sea routes between Japan and South Korea starting in July; these routes are oow restricted to 54 South Korean and two U.S. companies.

• Tioxide Group Ltd., a unit of Imperial Chemical Industries PLC, said it had sold on the Australian market its 44.6 percent bolding in Westralian Sands Ltd. for £35 million (\$51.6 million).

• Akita Zinc Works, one of Japan's most efficient smelters, will have to cut production 5.3 percent in the first six months of the year starting April 1 because of poor industrial demand, industry sources said.

 Sumitomo Realty & Development Corp.'s unsecured long term debt was downgraded to Ba-1 from Baa-2 by Moody's Investors Service Inc. - Ho Chi Minh City's state companies are so troubled that only about 20 percent of the 102 operating there are profitable, according to a Department of lodustry study cited by the Vietnam News Agency.

AP. AFP, Bloomberg, Knight-Rudder

China to Launch

# TNT to Spin Off Shipping Assets the Australian Stock Exchange on April 8. TNT forecast that Holyman was trying to sell its shipping assets to raise cash and pay debts. After completion of the sale, TNT's ratio April 8. TNT forecast that Holyman

Strong Yen Eats Into Honda's Net

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches SYDNEY -TNT Ltd., a global transport company, said Tuesday it would sell most of its shipping assets through a 123 million Austra lian dollar (US\$88 million) public share offering next month.

TNT's high-speed ferry and bulk commodity operations, which are based in Australia, the United States and Britain, will be spun off into a publicly traded company-called Holyman Ltd.

Holyman has set aside 21.6 million shares, or 35 percent of the company, for sale to TNT shareholders. Shares will go on sale for holders. Shares will go on sale for by mid-1996. three weeks starting March 4. Ho by mid-1996. TNT said in September that it lyman is scheduled to be listed on

would post a net profit of about 12.9 million dollars in 1994 on revenue of 39.1 million dollars. Holyman will have about 8 million dollars of leasing debt.

Holyman is expected to pay a dividend of about 14 Australian cents a share in 1994, an indicated yield of 7 percent, TNT said. TNT, once loaded down with

debt, has sold more than 200 million dollars of noncore assets over the past year and plans to sell a further 160 million dollars of assets

Shenzhen Exchange Suspends Trading

formed of the suspension.

flood the market.

Shenzhen "A" shares — stock reserved for Chinese citizens — have tumbled 40 percent since August because of tighter credit under China's austerity drive and fears that new listings would

Locally, "A" shares closed only slightly higher after the statement. But in Shanghai they surged 1.9 percent on expectations among some investors that authorities there would follow suit.

of net debt to equity will drop to 100 percent from 217 percent on

(AP. Bloomberg, AFP)

TNT is scheduled to post results for the first half of 1993 on Thursday, and analysts are expecting a profit of about 20 million dollars, compared with a loss of 9 million dollars a year earlier. It would he the company's first profit in more than three years.

A key factor is its 50 percent

itability last year.
(Bloomberg, Reuters)

interest in Ansett Airlines, a domestic carrier that returned to prof-

Continued from Page 13 "provide access to advanced tech-nology, relatively high-paying jobs and entry into a highly admired

Mr. Albrecht said. The two other major Western-makers of jetliners, McDonnell Douglas Corp. of the United States and Europe's Airbus Industrie, have similar subcontracting arrangements with a growing group of suppliers in Asia and elsewhere. John Wolf, executive vice president of Douglas Aircraft Co., a unit of McDonnell Douglas, said that in an increasingly competitive aviation market, globalization of manufacturing was "the best way to

at the lowest cost. He said that while the total foreign content of the airframe and engines of McDonnell Douglas's MD-11 long-haul jetliner was just over 18 percent and of the mediumrange MD-90 around 32 percent, any future models develo company were likely to have more

than 50 percent oon-U.S. content. The three largest Japanese acrospace companies — Mitsubishi Heavy Industries Ltd., Kawasaki Heavy Industries Ltd. and Fuji Heavy industries Ltd. — are re-sponsible for about 20 percent of the Boeing 777 airframe, including

ensure the highest quality products the majority of the fuselage panels and doors, the wing center section, the wing to-body attachments and parts of the wing ribs.

The Japanese firms are participating as program partners in the design and testing as well as manufacture of these portions of the air-

While Boeing has developed close ties with Japan, which is expected to need more than 600 jet-liners worth \$60 billion over the oext 15 years, McDonnell Douglas has concentrated on China, which is likely to emerge as the second largest aviation market in Asia.

Reging forecasts that China will Boeing forecasts that China will

### JETS: Asian Aerospace Companies Seek a Bigger Share of Soaring Market 2 U.S. Satellites need 800 airplanes valued at about Agence France-Presse \$40 billion over the oext 15 years. The value is one-third less than for Japan because China mainly needs small and medium-sized aircraft

for its domestic services. Japan re-

quires most of its new planes for

international routes.

80 and MD-90 aircraft.

BEIJING - Chioa Great Wall Industry Corp. signed a contract Tuesday to launch two broadcast satellites for EchoStar Satellite Corp. of the United States.

The satellites, made by Martin McDonnell Douglas has devel-Marietta Corp., will be carried into orbit in late 1995 and mid-1996 by oped co-production arrangements with China since 1985 for its MD-Great Wall's Long March 2E rocket from the the Xichang launch site Mr. Wolf said these and other lo Sichuao Province. A Loog partnership arrangements with March 2E was used in the aborted attempt to send the Australian Optus B-2 satellite into orbit in De-Chinese aerospace companies had resulted in more than \$2 billion in sales of McDonnell Douglas planes and other products to China. cember 1992

HONG KONG—China's Sheuzhen Stock Pa-change suspended new listings Tuesday to halt a stide in prices that had sparked resentment among

The exchange sent prices soaring on China's other market, in Shanghai, with a brief statement announcing the halt but giving no clues about how long it would last.

Shenzhen's market regulator, the Securities and

the nation's legion of small investors.

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# **SPORTS**

# Florida **Stops Rival** Florida St.

The Associated Press

With March approaching, No. 16 Florida is starting to draw comparisons to the 1986-87 Florida team, the only squad in school history to advance to the National Collegiate Athletic Association

tournament's final 16. But the Gators did something Monday in Gainesville, Florida,

### COLLEGE BASKETBALL

'86-'87 team, had accomplished: It beat intrastate rival Florida State, 72-61, and improved to 22-4.

The 1986-87 team, which leatured the current National Basketball Association player Vernon Maxwell, managed 21 regular-season victories, but was never ranked as high as the current squad.

"This is the best Florida team I've seen since Maxwell and (Andrew) Moten," said the Florida State coach. Pat Kennedy, "They are a legitimate team that should be ranked higher than they are."

For about one half, Florida State looked more like the nation's 16thranked team than Florida did. The unranked Seminoles (12-11) dictated the tempo and had a 36-34 lead at the half.

Just 19 seconds into the second half, Florida State's lead was gone, never to return.

Craig Brown's 3-pointer put the Gators in from 37-36 and ignited an 11-2 run that put the Gators ahead 45-38 with 16:48 left. Florida State pulled within two points twice in the next three minutes. both times as a result of close-range shots by Bob Sura.

But Florida guard Dan Cross, who scored just four points in the first 34 minutes, sparked Florida's final run by hitting 10-of-11 free

throws in the final six minutes. No. 24 Oklahoma St. 73, Colorado 56: Oklahoma State used a 20-6 second-half run and cruised past the Buffaloes in Boulder, Colorado.

Bryant Reeves scored 17 points and Brooks Thompson added 15 to lead Oklahoma State (19-7, 8-3 Big



GRETSKY STRIKES AGAIN — Los Angeles's Wayne Gretsky flipping the puck past Toronto goalie Felix Potvin in a 6-4 NHL loss. Earlier, Gretsky signed a three-year, \$25.5 million contract.

# **Ted Williams** Hospitalized After Stroke

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches GAINESVILLE, Florida -Ted Williams, the Hall of

Fame outfielder, suffered a slight stroke at his home in Florida and was listed in fair condition Monday at a hospital, where he was being treated in the intensive care unit. "He's conscious, clear-

beaded and talking," said Ralph ives, a hospital spokesman. Ives could give no de-tailed account of Williams's condition, but said the former Boston Red Sox star was experiencing "some weakness on the left side." Another spokesman, Daniel Moore, said Wil-liams was also having some difficulty seeing as a result of the stroke, which occurred

Saturday.
"All his indicators are favorable for recovery," said

Moore. Williams, 75, also suffered a mild stroke two years ago and then underwent surgery on his neck to clear a blockage in a carotid artery. The procedure was designed to prevent future strokes.

Williams voted into the Hall of Fame in his first year of eligibility in 1966, was the last major league baseball player to hit .400. He batted .406 in 1941.

(NYT, Reuters, AP)

# They Dream of (Soccer) Genie

Rob

winning a World Cup? You and I night believe that talent is preeminent — and that organization. fitness, teamwork and money are secondary. Saudi Arabia appears to think differently. In hiring

and firing first a Brazilian, then a Dutchman to coach the national team during the

Rob Hughes past three months, Sandi Arabia's soccer lords (the royal family) seem convinced there is a genie out there who can turn beginners into world beaters.

Leo Beenhakker, the Dutchman hired on Nov. 22.

and fired on Feb. 19, was described by the Sandi soccer federation as "not appropriate for Saudi players; under him the team stood little chance of winning the World Cup."
Saudi Arabia winning the thing? Alladin might ruh

the lamp. The Saudis did marvelously well to reach the finals. That achievement fulfills the dream, and possibly exhausts the potential of such a nation. Ambition is not to be mocked. Prince Sultan ibn Abdulaziz, vice president of the soccer federation, had

every right to pledge in October, "Our team will not be guests of honor at the finals, like some past Asian Yes, sir. Go there with pride in nationhood, go as competitively as each man's skill and spirit allow. Go as far as you can, and rest assured that your American

ing fraq and Iran.

But when reality dawns, the Sandis must know there isn't a coach who can make up deficiencies in talent and experience.

hosts are already grateful to Saudi Arabia for eliminat-

That is why the Netherlands, a first round opponent of Sandi Arabia at the World Cup, has just welcomed back Rund Gullit. Now there is a potential world beater, a performer who has honed fantastic skills and awareness in the mecca of all leagues, the Italian first division.

Gullit swore never to play again under Coach Dick Advocaal. He felt humiliated by being substituted against England a year ago when he strayed from the restricted right-wing role that Advocaat asked of him.

B OTH MEN have changed. Advocaat has become more relaxed and confident. Gullit has departed AC Milan, where his bruised pride inhibited expression. With another Italian club, Sampdona, he has recaptured a rapacious, free-running, goal-scoring game that Advocaat would be mad to impinge upon

Gullit, 31, is out there showing that we were wrong to presume that his desire and his fitness were gone. Had Beenhakker stayed with Saudi Arabia, it would have been intriguing to see how he might plot to stop. Gullit, Frank Rilgiaard, Ron Koeman and maybe Marco Van Basten.

In 1990, those players flopped — under Coach Beenhakker, For all his success in guiding Real Ma-drid to three consecutive Spanish titles, Beenhakker was never in control of the bickering Dutch masters.

A coach nonetheless proud of his motivational and teaching qualities, Beenhakker refutes that he tried to impress on the Sandis the complexities of Dutch "total football."

ONDON — What is the main component to probably too tough on the Saudis," he surmised on winning a World Curo? You and I was not been a winning a world Curo?

Perhaps. Beenhakker, nicknamed The White Tulip, had wilted in desert sands where he sought to train players twice daily. They, full-timers for barely a year, felt that three times a week was the limit.

Saudis had been labored this way before. Twenty years ago, King Faisal put \$50 million at the disposal of an Englishman, Jinmry Hill, to begin the upgracting

of Sandi soccer.

The royal patronage hasn't withered Riyadh has the world's finest national stadium, a \$500 million the world's finest national stadium, a \$500 million sporting palace, and an almost rainless land has sprouted natural grass pitches.

sprouted natural grass pitches.

Sandi youngsters won the world under-16 championship in 1989, although some of those youths were accused of being over 16. It is early yet to judge that talent in manhood, but the best World Cup players—the striking midfielder Khalid Muwallid and the volatile forward Saeed Owairan—have yet to prove the meshage above.

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There lies the rub. Saudi Arabia has showered bonuses of \$100,000 plus a Mercedes per man for reaching the finals. But those gifts, and doubtless much more for winning in the small desert pool of their own league, make players somewhat resistant to foreigners bringing demands that they sweat through three times the training hours that brought them this

AUDI ARABIA has chosen not to export its stars to mature in overseas' climes. It cannot follow the practice of tich Arabian families who go out into the world, buy up the best horses — often buying back Arab stallion bloodlines — and deposit them with the best trainers in Europe and America.

The closest to it has been to bring top soccer coaches to train and work the local players. In Kuwait, Qatar, Rahrain and elsewhere the trend has been to go for the best, go Brazilian, and hope that former Brazilian players and coaches can imbue some of their rhythmic game into the players.

There is an obvious acceptance in the Middle East, as in Africa. There is an attraction among people who live under the sun to roll the ball around, making that

ball do the work, sharing the movement. The drawback is that the languid Brazilian style is deceptive. It requires addictive practice, from the cradle on, to build up the skill factor. And as even Brazil has found, soccer teams in the modern game have to work, to run, to fight to earn the right to

express skills.

Saudi Arabia's last Brazilian coach, José Candido, was getting the message across when he was dismissed during the qualifying phase in October. The Saudis say he resigned in anger after being told which goelkeeper to play; Candido's friends insisted that his employers were affronted because he behaved cordially to his Iraqi counterpart and went too far in telling his players to ignore the history of warfare and play the game.

The word now is that the Saudi royal family is scounts. Brazil for a more politically correct coach.

sconning Brazil for a more politically correct coach.

When they find one, he has three months to pull off a miracle and secure his fortune for life.

Rob Hughes to on the stuff of The Times.

SIDELINES

# McDowell to Leave Chisox in 1995

SARASOTA, Florida (AP) — The day after losing his second arbitra-tion case in three years, Jack McDowell, the Cy Young Award winner, said he wouldn't play for the Chicago White Sox in 1995.

"It's a guarantee. I won't be back next year," McDowell said Monday, adding that he knew he would leave the White Sox "as soon as we sat down at that arbitration table for the third year in a row," McDowell, \$2,10 with a 3.37 earned run average for the American League West-winning White Sox last season, was awarded \$5.3 million for 1994 instead of the \$6.5 million he had requested.

McDowell, 28, has long believed that he deserved a long-term deal. He is 73-39 in the 1990s, making him the winningest pitcher in the majors during those four years. The right-hander has expressed a desire to be traded and said again Monday a trade would not bother him.

# Intrum Justitia Sets 24-Hour Record

SOUTHAMPTON, England (AP) — Intrum Justitia broke its own 24-hour world record Tuesday as it increased its lead on the fourth leg of the Whitbread Round the World Race,

Intrum Justitia, a Whitbread 60, covered 428.7 nautical miles in a 24-hour period, beating the record of 425 miles it set during the second leg. On the third day of the 5,900-mile leg from Auckland, New Zealand, to Punta del Este, Uruguay, Intrum Justitia led Tokio by 18 miles.

### For the Record

Tom Coughin, the Boston College football coach, has become the coach of the National Football League's expansion Jacksonville Jaguars in a five-year deal reportedly worth nearly \$4 million.

(AP)

### **SCOREBOARD**

BASKETBALL NBA Standings EASTERN CONFERENCE W L Pct 36 15 ,704

.686 .686 .529 .510 .451 .288 .255 15 37 13 39 WESTERN CONFERENCE

PC1 736 735 &42 470 300 .135

34 16 .680 Zv<sub>2</sub>
30 20 .600 6v<sub>2</sub>
30 21 .588 7
19 31 .580 17v<sub>2</sub>
17 32 .347 19
17 33 .33 20
v'S RESULTS
24 21 34 34—14
25 20 21 23—89
cobinson 16-2(13-15-50, M; West 6-13-3 15, Smith 7-12-3 15, Ridor 9-186-7 25, Reboends—Sort Antonio 56 (Rodmon 20), Minnesofte 41 (Fronk, Ridor, Brown 71, As-1815—Son Antonio 30 (Anderson 10), Minneso-te 21 (Smith 10). Chicogo 30 28 24 34-110 C: Conton7-10 2-7 16, Howkins 3-11 9-9 16, C: Pippen 14221-330, Kerr 6-92-215, Rehounds-Charlotte 34 (Conton 81, Chicago 53 (Pipper Grant 12), Assiste—Charlotte 22 (Bogues 11) Chicago 36 (Armstrong 10). 

troit 22 (Milis & Demors 6). Philodelphia 19: Utch 31 P: Leckners-100-016, Grobo 17 28 17 26- 92 31 29 30 29-117 P: Locknet 3-100-016, Gronbom 1-131-213. U:
K. Motione 19-17 3-4 22, Shockton 9-11 4-4 22,
Rebounds—Philadelphia 39 (Locknet 81,
Utch 48 (Spenoer 15), Assists—Philadelphia
29 (Dowkins 5), Utch 31 (L. Motione 8),
Socromesto 22 27 18 19- 84
Pheenix 22 39 32 22-112
S: Tisedas A-14 2-7 14, Richmond 6-19 6-1 (L. S: Tisdate 6-10 2-2 14, Richmond 6-17-6-(1), P: Barkley 9-14-6-5 23, Johnson 6-13-90-20, Majerie 6-120-21, Rebounds,—Sagrumento 52 (Simmons & Cousvell 8), Phoenix 67 IBarkley 111, Austists—Socromento 24 (Simmons 6, Webb 6), Phoenix 31 (Johnson 6).

**Major College Scores** 

EAST
Buffalo 88, Chicogo 51, 89
Compbell 83, Md. Baltimore
Conisius 97, Siena 90, OT
Calgate 84, Latoyette 61
George Wachington 70, Rhod George Woshington 70, Rhode Islam Levalo, Md, 75, Fardham a Niopara 76, 51, Peter's 74, OT Pravidence 75, 51, John's 47 Rutgers 71, 51, Bonoventure 85, OT SI, Francis, Pa. 77, Bucknell 72

Alabama St. 61, MJss. Valley St. 69

Cent, Florida 79, Fia. International 75 Citadel 80, V/MI 57 Coastal Carolina 84, Liberty Bi

Coostal Corolina 84, Limerty 81
Davidson 82, E. Tennessee 5t, 81
Delowore St, 92, Florida A&M 87
E. Kentucky 97, Tenna-Martin 75
Flarida 72, Florida St, 61
Jockson St, 84, Grambling St, 81
Jocksonville 74, Louisiana Tech 6
Marshall 78, Georgia Southern 75
Rodford 81, Charleston Southern 75 S. Caroling St. 82. Howard U. 75 SE Louistana 79, Centenary 78 South Alabama 75, Ark-Little Rock 67 Teanessee St. 94, Tennessee Toch 85

Cleveland St. 81, N. Illing's 80, OY Evensylle 95, Ma-St. Louis 57 Illinois St. 70, Indiana St. 55 SV Missouri St. 75, Bradley 45 Volparaiso 70, E. Illinois 55 W. Illinois 67, Youngstown St. 65 Wis-Green Box 80, Itl-Chicago 65 Wright St. 57, Wis-Milwaysee 87

FAR WEST

### The AP Top 25

M L T Pix 68F GA
36 14 4 80 210 152
31 19 0 70 209 163 1,501 1,406 1,345 1,341 1,363

CALVIN AND HOBBES

WIZARD of ID

WHY 15

THIS GUY

WEARING

TAP SHOES

HAT ARRIT YOU TEXCHING US THE GROBERS OF HOURS?

HOCKEY

Weshinston

NY. Islanders

NY. Islanders

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The Pirst Period: N.Y.-Turpenn 21. There Period: 1. Secont period: S.J.-Meisurev 19 (Pedervey, Goudreou): S.J.-Meisurev 19 (Pedervey, Goudreou): S.J.-Meisurev 19 (Pedervey)

First Period: P-Recchill (Galley, Rucche); (pp). P-Brind'Amour 'Li (Galley, Recchil); (pp). M-Damphouse 22 (LeClair); P-Fedyk (pp), Al-Domphousse 22 (Lactor); P-Fedrik 18 (Rocine, Recchi); (pp), Al-DiPlatro 8 (Hol-let, Brisshois), Second Period; Al-Dom-phousse 28 (Lactor); P-Conray 2 (Bofvin, Beronek); Al-Matter 16, P-Brind'Argon; 16 (Parthern 1; IP-Lindcos 38 (Rembers, Brind'A-mour); (pp), IP-Fedrik 19 (Suction); (pp), IAl-Diama 15 (Audier, Petrov). Third Period; IM-

IS "DESK" MASKULINE? IS "CHILR" FEMININE? FOREIGN KIDS KNOW, BUT ME DON!! NO HONDER ME CHIL

LOOK AT

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IT SHOULD BE RIGHT AROUND HERE... WE'LL DAT FIND IT!

... son); S.J.-Otovicki i (Lorigonov, Scapenjov).
Third Period: D-Modono 3 (Covollini, Craig); D-McPate 16 (Courthall, Evasoni, Shats no goot; 11 (on Wolfe) 8-6-12-26, S.J. (on Wolfe) 7-6-17,

First Faciod. LA, Zirinik 10 (Long, Bloke); (pp), T-Zemi 4 (Borg, Osborne). Secsed Partod: LA, Graticky 27 (Kurri); LA, Graticky 27 (Kurri); LA, Graticky 37 (Robballa, Bloke); (pp), Third Pariod: T-Petresa 11 (Gill); T-Airenav 7 (Osborne, Zazel); T-Gilmov: 22 (Barschevsky); T-Gilmov: 23 (Anderschuk); LA, Robbielle 23 (Druce, Boloks); TT-Sers & Osborne, MacOuts); (stil. Shefs on goul: T (on Hrudey) 13-12-15-40, LA, (on Pulvin) 13-8-7-30.

LI WONDER IF HER DOCTOR KNOWS SHE MIXES ALL THOSE

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-- OUKE

THE GUY THAT

SENTENCED:

HIM TO DANCE AT THE END

OF A ROPE"

= PARKER ==

# DENNIS THE MENACE



"My Uncle Charlie showed M2 WHERE MILK COMES FROM BUT I STILL LIKE IT."

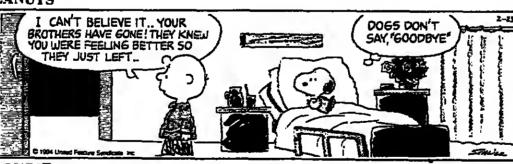
JUMBLE THE SCHOOL OF COL RINBY IRATT TRAMPE VERDIF

ERICY BEFOR AGHAST PREACH AFTER SHOCK

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**PEANUTS** 



BLONDIE WHAT GAINS HAVE YOU NOTED FROM OWNING A CLIERING BUSINESS? I'VE GAINED CONFIDENCE AND MY HUSSAND HAS SAINED TWENTY-TWO THE SAMED A GREAT SEAL OF SELF-ESTEEM



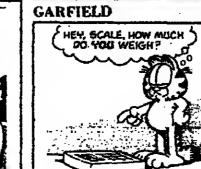
DOONESBURY











2-23







CONTRACTOR

# SPORTS WINTER

# Having a Plate and Eating It, Too? Only if Harding Wins the Gold

By Harvey Araton New York Times Service

LILLEHAMMER — If Tonya Harding wins the gold, I promise to eat my plate, right down to the very last bite.

My ears could not handle losing their closest friend in Norway, my hat, and my words long ago ceased going directly to paper. No way I munch on a lap top, so a compromise would seem to be the local lunch platter, hold the lunch, which, I am obligated to report, wouldn't be an Olympic first.

People here have taken to sampling the bio-degradable plates, made primarily of potato and corn starch, being used throughout Olympic venues. The plates, and accompanying cut-lery, are produced by Lyckeby Biopac, a Swed-

Austrian group to save the world from card-board and plastic. It's a noble capitalist's environmental cause that's been embraced by journalists who can't stomach berning, or crosscountry ski races, but need the scoop on local

Do I have an ethical responsibility to eat a plate before I write about it? If this is a trend that catches on, we'll all be doing triple axels before the week is up. Or, worse, running gates, as they say on those frigid slalom slopes.

The local businessman who obtained the

Norwegian licensing and distribution rights to Biopac, Dag Sanner, is eating up all this free publicity, but even he refuses to consume a plate. Crews from CBS and CNN arrived at his office in Hamar recently, hoping he'd chow down for the record-setting

"They're not meant for eating, though nothing in that plate can be damaging in humans," archos, there was no way I would eat one plain. he said. "But what if someone sees me eating a plate on TV, and tries to eat 200 of them? Of course they're going to get sick."

And he'd get sued.

Other than composting the plates and letting them naturally fertilize the earth, Sanner said they could also be disposed of as food. Pigs are the target market. Journalists, Sanner said. would find saner mass-produced Norwegian charm by sampling a McSalmon sandwich at the local arches down by Lillehammer's Strand-

"But how can you write about the plate and not eat one?" one of my contemporaries asked, wing a white half-eaten starch special. I told him that, while I might be persuaded to

unless - unless - Traya Harding wins the gold medal, if something happened as unfathomable as that.

"You're on," he said. So there you are.

I am sure that's not going to happen, despite what's been reported by the hungry wolf pack covering the Hardigan circus. With the approach of the women's figure-skaring competition that begins Wednesday and ends Friday, Harding was executing her trademark triple axels with stunning regularity, four in one prac-tice. Her ankle seemed to be sore no more. Her amazing resolve was holding up.

Her American rival, Nancy Kerrigan, had been smiling too much, a had sign, and, by the start of the week, was stumbling all over the

ing chastised by officials for doing illegal back flips. The world champion from Ukraine, Oksana Baiul, just showed up this week, and what was that about?

Could Harding, if she executes ber jumps, actually win? That'll be the day.

Despite a report of a Czech Olympie skating dge, who is not here but who claimed that Harding was tainted, most have said they would not penalize ber, despite allegations of involvement in the attack on Kerrigan last month in Detroit. That's their job, to be fair. That's also a journalist's job, yet most in America have either convicted Harding by public jury or called for her ouster on vague ethical charges to be brought by a glass-housed committee, upon which sits a confessed if pardoned felon.

Courtroom jurists must be interviewed for prejudicial thoughts that might influence a case. In this subjective, often petty sport, Har-ding was the equivalent of a social outcast before anyone knew her husband planned the Kerrigan attack. She was penalized a half-point by the judges in Detroit for a costume that was considered skimpy, cheap. American officials bere reportedly bave been treating her like dirt.

When the judges watch her perform, there will be no way for them to separate her from all they have heard, or decided for themselves, Only the threat of litigation has gotten Harding this far, but she can't sue the judges for lopping a point off her score, or just not appreciating her athleocism at the expense of artistry.

Fair or not, Harding can't win. They'll never

# Wednesday, Thursday TV Schedules, Events

Wednesday's Events All times are GMT

Alpine Siding - Men's giant sialom first run, 0830; second run, 1230. hion - Women's 7.5 kilometers, 0900; Men's 10 kilometers, 1200. Figure Skating - Women's technical program, 1800.

ice Hockey — Quarterfinels: Canada vs. Czech Republic, 1400; Finland vs. United States, 1530; Germany vs. Swe-den, 1830; Slovakia vs. Russia, 2000. Nordic Combined - Team 90-meter ski jumping, 1030.

> Wednesday's TV EUROPE .

All times are local Austria - ORF; 0600-1800, 2015-2200, 2245-2400, Britain - BBC2: 1415-1550, 2000-2100, 2315-2355, Bulgaria — BNT/Channel 1: 1025-1645, 1915-1945, 2200-0030. Channel 2: 1655-2000, 0030-0100.

- HRT/TV2: 1400-1930, 2305-0005. Cyprus - CYBC: 1715-1745, 2080-2100, 2230-2300, Czach Republic - CTV: 0915-1730. 1945-0005,

mark - DR: 0945-1730, 1855-1925, 2130-2215. Estocia - ETV: 1050-1945. 2145-

Floland - YLE/TV1: 1015-1600. TV2; 1600-1830, 1900-1930, 2015-

France ~ FR2: 0924-1253 FR3: 1304-1500, 2005-2030 TF1: 2050-2250. Germany - ZDF:0903-1745, 1925-

0215; ET2: 1430-1515, 1915-1945, Hungary - MTV/Channel 1: 1317-1558; Channel 2: 2005-2010, 2250-

cotand - RUV: 0825-1046, 1225-RAI3: 1255-1400, 1950-2020, LT: 1400-1600, 1915-1945, 0030-0100.

1600, 2130-2150.

Luxembourg — CLT: Highlights on evening news, 1900-2000.
Macedonia — MKRTV/Channel 1: 0825-1030, 1225-1445, 1325-1800, 1825-2100; Channel 2: 0855-1045, 1155-1400, 1455-1830, 1755-1845, 1955-2230; Channel 3: 1025-1210, 1335-1630, 1755-2130, 2230-2300. Monaco — TMC/IT: 0930-1300, 1330-1925, 2005-2230, 0145-0315. Netherlands — NOS: 0900-1754,

1840-1850 2000-2345 Norway - NRK: 0900-1750, 2000-0030; TV2: 1845-2030, 2130-2230. - TVP/PR1: 0915-1100, 2015-2040, 2200-2300; PR2: 1105-1500, 1605-1725, 1905-2000, 0035-0205.

Portugal - TV2: 2300-2320; RTP1: Romania - RTVR/Channel 1: 1425-1515, 1915-1945, 0030-0100; Channel 2: 1555-1830, 2025-2330. Russia . – RTO: 1155-1345, 1825-2100, 2300-0030; RTR: 1315-1945, 2205-0125.

2205-0125. Stovatia - STV/SK: 0600-1936. Stovania - RTVSLO: 0905-1845, 1956-2015 2035-2325. - RTVE: 0930-2400; TVE2: Spain - F 1445-1500. - SVT/TV2: 1400-1605,

Sweden - SVT/TV2: 1400-1605, 1745-1915, 2000-2145; Channel 1: 0915-1130, 1255-1400, 1605-1745, 1915-2000, 2145-2400. Switzerland - TSR/TSI/DRS: 0930-1500; 8+: 1630-1900, 1930-2200. Turkey - TRT: 1800-2000, 2030-2300.

Ulcraine - DTRU/UT1: 1055-1245, 1355-1600, 1915-2100, 2130-2245, peport - 0600-continuous cover-

ASIA/PACIFIC All times are local

Australia - Channel 9: 2030-0100. New Zealand - TV1: 0700-0800, 2130-2400. Japan - NHK: 2200-2400 (general); 1230-1500, 1800-0630 (satellite); 1300-1500, 1900-2200 (Hi-Vision). Pepus New Guines - EMTV: 2100-2300.

China - CCTV: 1930-2030, 2300-Hong Kong - TVB: 2400-0100. South Koree - KBS: 1000-1300; MBC: 1430-1730, 2400-0130.

da - TV3: 2315-0015. Singapore - SBC/Channel 12: 2400-STAR TV/Prime Sports - 0200-con-

NORTH AMERICA All times are EST

Canada - CTV: 0630-1800, 2000-United States - CBS:0700-0900, 2000-2300, 0037-0137; TNT: 1300-Mexico - Televisa: 0700-1100, 1700-

### Thursday's Events All times are GMT

Alpine Skling - Women's glant sla-iom first run, 0830; second run, 1200. Cross Country Skiling - Women's 30-kilometer classical, 1130. Freestyle Stating - Aerials finals

ice Hockey - Ninth place, Austrie France winner vs. Norway-italy winner, 1400; 11th place, Austria-France loser vs. Norway-italy loser, 1530; consolation, Canada-Czech Republic loser vs. Finland-United States loser 1830, Germany-Sweden loser vs. Slovakia-Russia loser, 2000.

valua-Russia loser, 2000.

Nordic Combined — Team Sx10-kilometer cross country, 0900.

Short Track Speedskring — Women's 500 meters, 1800; men's 500meter qualifying, 1800; men's 5,000meter relay qualifying, 1800.

Thursday's TV

EUROPE All times are local

ORF: 0600-1800, 2015-Britain - BBC2: 1415-1550, 2000ria - BNT/Channel 1: 1030-1145, 1255-1515, 1555-1945; Channel Croetia - HRT/TV2- 1825-1930, 2300-0000,

Cypres — CYBC: 1715-1745, 2030-2100, 2230-2300. Casch Republic — CTV: 0915-1530, 1945-2015, 2320-0005; Channel 2: 2130-2230. - DR: 1145-1700; 1855-

1925, 2130-2222, 0000-0100. -Estonia — ETV: 1050-1615, 1915-1945, 2145-0030. Finland - :YLE/TV1; 1040-1700; TV2; 1900-1930, 2200-0015. France. - FR2; 0820-1100, 1105-1145, 1150-1253; FR3: 1255-1400, 1405-1440, 2005-2030,

Generally - ARD: 0900-1500, 1710-1740, 2145-2230. Greece - ET1; 0830-0900; ET2: 1400-1445, 1915-1945.

toland - RUV: 0825-1000, 1155-1400, 1825-1855, 2330-0000. Timly - RAIT: 1400-1500; RAI2: 0925-- LPT: 1055-1245, 1400- 1145, 0030-0200; RAI3: 1225-1400, Letyle = LT: 1915-1945, 0030-0100. Littyunnia = LFT: 1325-1540, 2130-

2150. Littembourg — CLT: Highlights on evening news, 1900-2000. Macedonia — MKRTV/Channel 1: 0825-1000, 1155-1345, 1525-1800, 1825-2100, 2230-2300; Channel 2: 1055-1243, 1355-1630, 1735-1745, 1755-2130; Channel 3: 0850-1045, 1125-1340, 1755-1915, 1955-2230. Monaco — TMC/IT: 0930-1345, 1125-1340, 1755-1915, 1955-2230.

Monaco - TMC/IT: 0930-1345, "I've been coach for nine years," 1405-1500, 1730-1925, 2300-2330, he said. "I think that's enough, 0100-0300.

- NOS: 0900-1725, Netherlands — NOS: 1840-1850, 2030-2325. NRK: 090-1750, 2000-Norway - NRK: 090-1750, 2000-2400; TV2: 1845-1900. Poland - TVP/PH1: 0915-1100,

1830-1855, 2100-2230; PR2: 1105-1500, 1605-1725, 1905-2000, 0005-Portugal - TV2: 2300-2320; RTP1:

1100-1120.
Romenta - FITVR/Channel 1: 12001500, 1915-1945, 0030-0100.
Russia - RT0: 1425-1840, 18301900, 2230-0215; FITF: 1150-1400, 1715-1800, 2125-2155. Slovakia - STV/SK: 0600-1145, 1225-1440, 1815-2200.

- RTVSLO: 0905-1505, MEDALS Slovenia - RTVSLO: UNUS-1545, 1700-1345, 1956-2200. Spein - RTVE: 0930-2400; TVE2: 1445-1500. Sweden - SVT/TV2: 0915-1015, 1145-1500, 2000-2100.

Suritzerland - TSR/TSI/DRS: 0830-1445; S+: 1900-2230. - TRT: 1800-1990, 2030-

2300.
Utraine – DTRU/UT1: 1025-1430.
1915-1945, 0030-0100; UT2: 13251600, 1800-1840.
Euroeport – 0800-continuous cover-

. All times are local Australia - Charnel 9: 2030-0100. Section New Zealand - TV1: 0700-0800, Belorus 2130-2400. 2130-2400. Japan - NHK: 2200-2400 (general); 1230-1500, 1800-0630 (satelfite); 1300-1500, 1900-2200 (Hi-Vision). Papus New Guines — EMTV: 2100-

2330. Chinn — CCTV: 2200-2400. Hong Kong — TVB: 2400-0100. South Koren — KBS: 1000-1300; MBC: 1430-1730, 2400-0130, Malaysia — TV3: 2315-0015. apore - SBC/Channel 12: 2400-

STAR-TV/Prime Sports - 0200-1300, 1530-continuous coverage. NORTH AMERICA All times are EST - CTV: 0830-0900, 1330-Carneda — CTV: USSCURRO, 1220-1700, 2000-2200.
United States — CBS:0700-0900, 2000-2300, 0037-0157; TNT: 1300- B: Marc-Segnor, Costolic Wessers 1200-Meter Relay.

co - Televisa: 0700-1100, 1700-1900, 2330-2400.
Information provided by the IOC, TWI, and individual broadcasters; compiled by the International Herald Tribune.

# **IOC** to Match Funds But Only for Sarajevo

LILLEHAMMER - For the International Olympic Committee, charity apparently starts with Sarajevo. And

Norway's speed-skating star, Johann Clav Koss, who set three world records in winning three gold medals, said last week that he was donating a \$30,000 Olympic bonus to the charity organization Olympic Aid.

The IOC then said, or so it was understood by most that it would much all charitable donations by athletes. But IOC officials said Thesday that only \$6,000 of Koss's donation would be matched, because Olympic Aid splits its funds among Sarajevo, Afghanistan, Eritrea, Guatemala and Beirut.

"It's the destination that counts," said the IOC's public relations director, Andrew Napier. "We will match what

athletes give specifically to Sartjevo."
"Our understanding from the beginning was that the IOC would match the whole amount Koss and other athletes donate via us," said Svein Tornaas, the campaign manager for Olympic Aid. "Now we don't know,"
Sarajevo, the host city for the 1984 Winter Games, has
been singled out by the IOC to show Olympic solidarity
with the victims of the war in Bosnia.

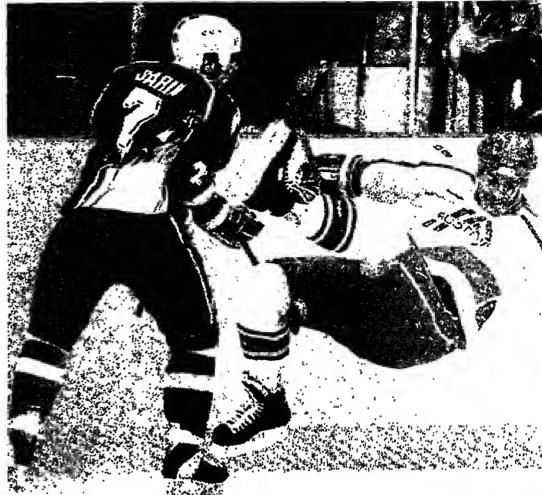
Napier said that Koss had been inspired by the plight of Sarajevo and that, if Olympic Aid gave his entire donation to the Bosnian city, the IOC would also give \$30,000.

But Andum Tjomsland, a spokesman for the Norwegian Olympic team, said Koss had not intended that his money go solely to Sarajevo.

"Johann was in Eritrea and was shocked by conditions there," Tjornsland said. "For him it's logical to give to the

Olympic Aid's Thomass said the organization's statutes dictated that all donations be split equally.

Olympic Aid was set up in 1992 with a target of raising 94 million kroner (\$12.5 million), of which it now has about 52 million kroner. An estimated 10 million krone has poured in since Koss's announcement.



Stephane Barin bringing down an Austrian player in France's victory - it all came down to a penalty shootout.

## OLYMPIC NOTEBOOK

Hungary. MTV/Channel 1: 1207- - Anita Wachter,—use-Austrian anometer cross-country total.

1400, 1825-1855, 2005-2010, 2300- who is the leading giant slalom ski- which Norway was favored to win. was reinstated for this season. the combined competition by influ-

"I feel a lot better. In a couple of

· Norway's speed-skating coach, Hans Trygve Kristiansen, whose team has won three gold and two silver medals at these Games, an-

don't you? I have no doubts. I achieved my main goal. I have suc-ceeded and decided it's time to

cr on the World Cup circuit this Organizers estimated that as "I'm going home to Odessa season, said Tuesday that she ex-many as 100,000 people sought to see my wife." Petrenko said. pected to race in that event Thurs-day after having been forced out of country stadium — capacity 31,000 country stadium - capacity 31,000 - and around the tracks for the

days I should be fine," Wachter not chaos, it's just a problem of the year 2010.

Olympic champion who imished fourth in men's figure skating, will not go to the World Figure Skating Championships in Japan next month because of an agreement

with the Ukrainian federation. The country is allowed just one skater there, as it was in the Olym-pics, and that will be given to Via-cheslav Zagorodniuk. He was second at the European championships Traffic jams prevented thou-last mouth but did not compete at sands of spectators from activing in the Olympics because that spot was time for the start of the men's 4x10- taken by Petrenko, the 1992 world selling well, but visitors to the Scandinavia featuring five nude

MTV/Chappet 1: 1207- - Anita Wachter, the Austrian kilometer cross-country relay, champion who then turned pro and Olympics do not appear to be in the models under the slogan: "We'd

• Riding the sweet swell of success, Lillehammer's mayor has proposed that the town apply to host But, one official claimed: "It's the Winter Olympics again in the

"This would be the best after-use Viktor Petrenko, the 1992 of the Olympic arenas," Mayor Aullympie champion who finished dun Tron said as the deputy mayor,

Odd Arve Lien, nodded approval Should the International Olympie Committee decided to cut back on new bids, they offered Lillcham-mer as one of a select group of sites hosting future Games. St. Moritz, Switzerland; Lake

Placid, New York, and Innsbruck, Austria, have all hosted the Winter Games twice Tickets to the sports events are ers will appear on buses throughout

mood for culture. The organizing rather go oaked than wear fur." committee said it would lose 8 million to 10 million knower (\$1 million to \$1.3 million) on the art, theater and outdoor oational events that nobody attended. One group, Hedmark Teater, is taking its performances into the streets of

central Lillehammer. But that poses another challenge: The school-age local actors, wearing masks and costumes, will have to try to differentiate themselves from the wild, pin-wearing, flag-waving, sweater-shopping throngs.

· A chilly start on a bot topic: In Oslo, a man and a woman wearing only white cotton aprons launched an animal-rights campaign that hopes to deter people from wearing for coats.

The activists said that soon post-

We already have reports that posters have been stolen from Oslo buses," said Amanda Bates, a spokeswoman for the Washington-

based People for the Ethical Treatment of Animals. • The number of women seen wearing a skirt in the Olympic region since the Opening Ceremony: three. The number of visitors who have fallen on the icy city sidewalks and fractured or broken a bone since arriving in Lillehammer: 112.

· Correction: In a story in Monday's IHT on the 10,000-meter speed-skating race, the name of the Dutch athlete killed in an auto accident was incorrectly reported. Her teammates were wearing black arm bands in memory of Renske Vellinga, 19; Rintje Ritsma finished seventh in the race.

(WP, AP, Reuters)

# France Gets A Victory In Hockey

LILLEHAMMER - France defeated Austria, 4-1, in a penalty shootout Tuesday, giving the French their first victory in the Olympic ice hockey tournament. li was only a consolation round

ame, however. France will now play Italy for ninth place, and the Austrians will play Norway for The French, who outshot Italy in a game they lost, 7-3, finally had a

hreak go their way when a video goal judge's ruling in the second period turned a 3-2 deficit into a 3-2 lead. But the Austrians twice tied the game in the third, sending it into overtime with the score tied, 4-4. The video ruling came five min-utes into the second period with the score at 2-2. Arnaud Briand shot a

loose puck from the slot over the sprawled Austrian goaltender, Brian Stankiewicz. It appeared to hit the right post and bounce out. Briand and some teammates lifted their arms in celebration, but play continued and 29 seconds lat-

er, at 5:35, Richard Nasheim completed a 2-on-1 break with Kenneth Strong to score for Austria. The Italian referee, Ruggero Savaris, asked for the video replay, which is being used in the Olym-

pies for the first time. The camera showed the puck hitting the right post, deflecting into the goal in the upper corner - and ont. Savaris took away Nasheim's goal and awarded one to Briand. The Austrians tied it twice in the third, but the comebacks came to oothing when Petri Ylonen stopped Strong and Nasheim on their penalattempts while Franck Pajon

kowski, Serge Pondrier. Pierre

Pousse and Benoît LaPorte scored for France. Italy 6, Norway 3: The game matched the worst offensive and defensive teams of the tournament Italy had allowed 31 goals in the five preliminary-round games, while Norway had scored only five. This was the first time the Norwegians had scored more than two

goals in one game, Italy wasted no time taking the lead, scoring after 18 seconds when Gaetano Orlando knocked in a rebound of his own shot. Norway leveled the score at 7:22 on a slap shot by Petter Salsten from just inside the blue line. Italy regained the lead just 44 seconds later when Jimmy Camazolla deflected a shot by Orlando past Norwegian goalic Jim Marthinsen.

# COUNTRY TUESDAY'S RESULTS

Cross Country Skilles

Mach Artis (Researer Relay
G: Harly (Mouritle De Zoit, Marce Albarelle,
Glorple Vorantra Stivie Fountr)
5: Norway (Sture Styretten, Vegard Ulvang. Thomas Alagoard, Siorn Dohlle)
5: Fisions (Alike Mythyla, Harri Kirves-nleth), Jori Rosonen, Jori Isometse)
Stil Journes

SRI Jenseins
SRI Jenseins
G: Germony Honology Joskie. Christof
Deffeer. Dieter Teoric, Jers Weissney
St. Jonen Libry Nishtkote, Tokonobu Okobe,
Norichi Kosol, Mosoliko Horodol
B: Austria (Nein Kuttin, Christian Mose/,
Sinke Metaneches, Andreas Golfberger) ion Hotygocher, Andress Goldbe Short Track, Speed Sicators Man's 1,800-Mater Relay G: South Korea

A: United Stokes

ABONDAY'S RESULTS

Alpine Skilling

Winness's Combines

G: Petrollin Winness, Sweden

S: Vernil Schneider, Switzerland

B: Alenku Dovzan, Slovenia

Seed Skurles

Manager J Sin Moters Women's 1,580 Motors

5: Symptono Federatria. Reside 6: Gunda Kiethora, Germany Cress Country Skilos Wannes's 65 Kilonother Relay G: Russia Cleina Voelba, Lorissa Lazutina, Nina Govrilui. Lyubay Espraya) 5: Norway (Trude Dybendahl, Inger Nybrodien, Elin Nilsen, Anth Maen)

S: Merio Usova and Alexander Zhuhin. Russia
B: Joyne Torvill and Christosher Dean. Britain
SUNDAY'S RESULTS

Men's Biofition
SUNDAY'S RESULTS

G: Lyubov Egorova, Russia
S: Menuria Ol Centa. Toly
S: Striant Torosov, Russia

6: Switz. 1 (Gustov Weder and Donet) 5: Switz. II (Reto Goetschi and Guida Ack 3: Italy I (Gunther Huber and Statums Tical) Sid Josephia Large Hill T28 Meters

SATURDAY'S RESULTS
Alske Sking
Wesen's Downlid
G: Kotja Setzinger, Germany
3: Picabe Street, United Stotes
B: Isotide Kostner, Italy
Crass-Constry Skings
Men's Free Paranti Is Kloome
G: Blarn Dahlis, Norway
S: Viodini's Smirnow, Kazakiston
B: Silvio Founer, Italy
Figure Stating
Men's Free Program
G: Alexel University, Russio
S: Elvis Stello. Condat
B: Philippe Candeloro, France
Norsic Cambined
Individual

G: Fred Borry Lundberg, Norwon 5: Takeneri Kons. Japan orie Engen Vill. Herway Speed Skaling Wester's 500 Meters male Blair, United Skales

S: Sugan Auch, Canada B: Franziska Schenk, Germany FRIDAY'S RESULTS Women's IS Kilometers G: Myrtem Bedard, Comdo 5: Anne Briend, France B: Ursulo Dist. Germany

Lage
Aser's Doubles
G: Kurl Brusser and Wilfried Huber, Hely
S: Handlers Roffl and Harbert Huber, Hely
B: Sleton Krause and Jan Behrandt, Germany
Speed Skathey
Man's 1,000 Meters
G: Dan Janes Theismany, Behan's
Later Theismany, Behan's 5: Isor Zhelezovsky, Belanus B: Sersel Kleychenya, Ruesto THURSDAY'S RESULTS Kleff Andre Asmoth Norway Cross County Skins Man's to Klioceters

Seeed Sho Women's 1,000 Meters G: Svettono Bazhonova, Russia

S: Emese Humany, Austria
B: Claudia Pecisieri, Germany
WEDNESDAT'S RESULTS

Alpine Sking Wanes's Saper Giant Slais G: Dionn Rotte-Steinrotter, U.S. S: Svettano Glodischeva, Russia B: Isolde Kostnär, Italy Cross Country Skiling

8: Mario-Lilso Kisvesniemi 8: Morto-Listo Kirvesniemi
Flyers Station
Poirs, Freesiyle Program
6: E. Gordeeve and S. Gristov, Russia
5: N. Mishkotlensk and A. Dmittlev, Russia
1: Brassor and L. Eister, Concode
MONDAY'S RESULTS
Once. Concoder Million Cross Coontry Skilled Mech St Killemeters G; Thomas Alsbaard, Norway S; Blant Dohile, Norway B; Mika Myllyla, Pinland

Women's 5 KBomelers

Man's Singles G: Geore Hockl, Germany S; Markus Prock, Austria Speed Skating G: Aleksandr Golbev, Russia S: Şergel Klevchenya, Russia B: Manabu Haril, Japan SUNDAY'S RESULTS

SIMDAT'S RESULTS
Alphae Siding
Aler's Dewnitt

O: Tominy Mos. United Stotes
5: Kjetis Andre Ammods. Norway
8: Edward Podvinsky, Canada
Cross Country Sidina
Women's 15 Killembers G: Manuela Di Certia, Italy

CROSS COUNTRY

MEN'S 6XM KILDMETER RELAY — 1, lio-ly I Mourtlia De Zett, Marco Albarello, Giorelo Vassetha, Sitvia Founer 1, 1:21:15.9: 2, Norway I Sture Sivertsen. Vegard Ulvana. Thomas Alsecard. Blorn Dehile 1, 1:41:15.4: 2. Finland Absoord, Blorn Dehlie), 1:41:15.4; 3. Fintand IMika Awthyla, Harri Kirvesniemi, Jeri Ropans, Jori Isonetiou, 1-42:15.4; 4. Germany ITorutal Rein, Jackien Behle, Perler Schilckenrieder, Johann Atsehlegel, 1:44:28.7; 5. Rus-Eis (Augrel Kriffley, Alexal Prokesprarty, Gennodi Lozuth, Mikholi Bolvisov), 1:44:29.2; 6. Sweden I.Jon Ottoson, Christer Alafbated, Anders Bergstroens, Hearth Forsberg), 1:45:22.7; 7. Switzstond I.Jeremios Wideoer, Harts Dietherm, Jacyc Copol, Globerg), 1:45:22); 7. Switzerland (Jeremics Wisper, Hors Diefflehm, Juerg Cosol, Gla-chem Guldon), 1:47:122. 8.Czech Republic (Lubomir Buchte, Vacley Korenka, Jiri Tepty, Pavel Benc), 1:47:724:3.

Korenka, Jiri Teply, Pavel Benc), 1:47;72.4;9.
Kozokiston I Hikolai I vanov, Povel Kozokiston I Hikolai I vanov, Povel Kozokiston I Hikolai I vanov, Povel Kotiniva, Andrei Nevzorov, Povel Richimina, 1:47.43.2;10. France [Phillipse Sanchez, Patrick Renny, Horve Balland, Stephone Azambrel, 1:48:25.1;11. Estonia I Jeak Mae, Joanux Teolean, Elme Kozsik, Tolvo Kuvsl, 1:48:25.4;13. Betorus I Iger Obukhov, Victor Kamohaki, Sergel Dolidovitsch, Victorekslov Pieksunovi, 1:47:23.7;13. United Stotie I John Anlberg, Benigmin Hussov, Todd Boonston, Luku Bodenstohneri, 1:49:40.5;14. Jopan [Hiroyuki Imal, Kazulosh Nopohama, Kazunovi Sasaki, Mosanaki Kazu), 1:49:42.1.

Weissfor), 771.1 politik; 2. Josen (Jinya ikata, Takanobu Okobe, Karleki Kasal, hilka Harado), 956.9; 3. Austria (Heinz Kuttin, Christian Moser, Sfelan Horngacher, Andreas Galgherger), 918.9; 4. Norway (Ovvind Berg, Lesse Ottasen, Reor Ljokatov, Espen Bredesen), 1963; S. Finland (Rolma Yilautii, Janne Vostainen, Janne Petter) Ahoren, Joni Markus Solniben), 689.5; &

SKI JUMPING

129-METER TEAM — 1, Germany (Hors-pers Joskie, Curistof Duffner, Dister Thoma. Aheren, John Markus Sommeni, erzis a. Fronce ISteve Delgup, Nicoles Jeon-Prost. Nicoles Dessum, Dictier Mollardi, 222.1, 7, Czych Republic Ludsicki Publica. Zhynek Krempekz, Jirl Parma, Joroslav Sakola, 500.7; 8, Italy (Ivo Perrite, Andrea Cecon, Re-503.7; 0. Italy (Ive Perrite, Andrea Cecon, Na-bert & Cacon, Ivan Lunord), 7(2): 7, 50 oranio [Mattics: Klodnik, Mattics Zupon, Somo Gostisa, Robert Megic), 739.1; 10. Sweden (Staffor Tailbern, Milan Marrimsson, Johan Rusmussen, Predrik Johansson, 651.3; 11. United States | Randy Weber, Greg Bossor, Kort Stein, John Lungdoly (36.6); 12. Russio (Alexi Solodionkin, Imitr) Technovenko, Statistics Caballia, Miland Eviden, 46.1.

HOCKEY

Orlando); 4. Hely, Jammy Comezzese (Goeter Orlando); 4. Hely, Relend Remeser: 5. No wey, Gelf Hoff (Jan-Roar Fogerti). Penattle en (Veter Berlie); 7. Italy, Bruno Zarrilla Anthony Circelli), Penallies—Anthony Cir-

Shots on goal-Italy 9-45-18, Norway 11-4 9—24 Gooffes—Holy, Bruss Compose 124 shofts. 2) saves), Norway, Jim Maritimen (18-12). Austria 2 0 2 8—4

First period—), Austria, Mariv Dollmon (Rob Dovie) (PP); Z. France, Pierrick Male; J. France, Serge Poudrier (Denis Perer); A. Aystria, Morty Dollmon (Gerhard Pusch-(Ik); Penatties—Christophe Ville, Fra [holdfilk): Penetities—Christophe Ville, Fra [held-ing]: Gerold Ressman, Aut (Interference). Second period—6, Franco, Armand Briand. Penetities—Pierrick Maio, Fra (hooking): Pierrick Maio, Fra (tripping). Tikrd geriod—6, Austrio, Werner Kerth (Jumes Burton): France, Franck Polonkowski (Pierre Pouson): Austrio, Richard Resideim (Kenneth Strong). Penetite—Deni Perez, Fra Irricaino): Pierrick Maio, Fra (helding). Overtica—None. Penetite—Rob Dovic, Aut (helding). Shootous—France, Franck Polonowski (pant):

(goal): Austria, Marty Daliman (goal); France, Serge Poudrier (goal): Austria, Ken

Strong Imiss I/ France, Pierre Pousse (sooi): Austria, Richard Nashelm (Imiss); France, Benait Laporte (sooi). State se goo!—Austria: 8-14-6-37, France 10-7-5-8-33, Seetles:—Austria, Sriam Stat-klewicz 13 shois-29 saves). France, Patri Yienen (57-33).

المِيِّد SHORT-TRACK SPEED SKATING

MEN 1,000 METER FINAL—1. Kim Kihoon, South Koreo, 1:34.57; 2. Choe Ji-hoon,
South Koreo, 1:34.57; 2. Choe Ji-hoon,
South Koreo, 1:34.57; 2. Choe Ji-hoon,
South Koreo, 1:34.59; 3. Choendo, 1:33.57;
2. Sation Terso, Jodon, 1:33.57; 2. Lee Jun-ho,
South Koreo, 1:44.59; Frateric Blackburn,
Canado, DSQ.
Seedifisals Neal 1—1. Kim Ki-hoon, South
Koreo, 1:31.67; 2. Nicholas Gooth, Britoln,
1:31.77; 2. Lee Jun-ho, South Koreo, 1:31.53; 4.
Marra Gognon, Conada, 2:16.27, Heat 2—1.
Choe Ji-hoon, South Koreo, 1:31.52; 2. Derrick
Comobell, Canado, 1:34.12; 2. Frederic Blackburn,
Canado, 1:61.71; 4. Satoru Terso, Japan,
1:41.58.
Geotherfisals Heat 1—1, Choe Ji-hoon,
South Koreo, 1:31.40; 2. Derrick Compbell,
Canado, 1:31.22; 3. Kieron Honsen, Austrolia,
1:32.34; Craxis Fosone, Italy, DSG, Heat 2—1.
Lee Jun-ho, South Koreo, 1:39.59. Olympic recard latd recard: 1:31:38, Ki-Hoon Kim, Albertville, Feb. 20, 1972; 2. Saforu Terso, Jopon,
1:28.44; 2. Eric Fialin, United Shes,
1:37.57.

pan. 1:29.44: 2. Eric Flaim, United Slates. 1:29.70; 4. Richard Nizielski, Australia, 1:77.93 1:77.7. Heat 3-1, Frederic Blockburn, Conada, 1:30.83; 2 Kim Ki-hoon, South Korea, 1:30.85; 2. Stornar Eisetun, Nervey, 1:30.85; 4 Li Lionii, China, 1:32.16, Heat 4-1, Marc Gognad,

WOMEN'S 2000 RELAY FINAL-I. South Korea, 4:26.64, Olympic record (old record: 4:36.62. Canada, Albertville, Feb. 20. 1992); 2. Canada, 4:32.64; 3. United States, 1992); 2. Conodo, e:azur, a 4:3924; Crime, DSQ. Scattifinat Heat 1—1, Conodo, 4:26,94; 2. Sauth Koren, 4:27,15; 3. Russic, 4:32,47; 4. Ho-

States, 4:35,52; 1, Netherla France, 4:55,24 To our readers in Austria

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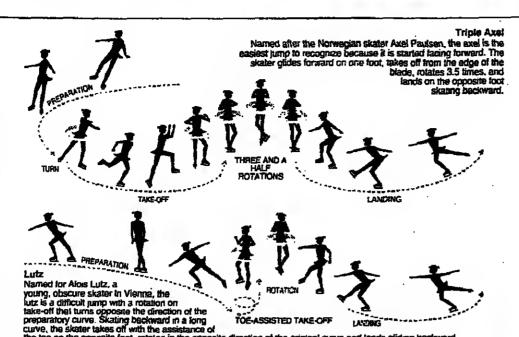
### Figure skating

The technical program, performed first, requires each skater to execute a total of eight specified steps such as

jump combinations and various spins for the judge to appraise. This short program (approx. two minutes and forty seconds) counts one-third of the skater's overall score.

The freestyle program, which counts for two-thirds of the skater's overall score, calls for an innovative performance that requires a balanced number of jumps and spins, but because it is "freestyle," there is no stipulation as to which moves must be performed.

Sources: AP, The New York Times



A jump originated by Ulrich Selchow of Sweden, the first men's Offentile against stating champion in 1908 and a 10-time world champion, this jump is distriputabled by a wide starts rotation at littoff. Moving backward, the skater jumps off one first umos off one foot

# Watching the Watchers: All Eyes Are on the Judges

. HAMAR - The nine judges will be under as much scrutiny as the skaters Wednesday night when the women's competition begins in Olympic figure skating.

Every decisioo by the judges will he debated. examined in detail, pored over for evidence of national bias or individual prejudice. The one burning question is this: Can Tonya Harding get a fair shake, given the tawdry, compelling events of the past five weeks following the attack on Nancy Kerrigan at the U.S. national

"I think we have to judge what we see," said Jan Hoffman, the German judge.

The 27 skaters will be given two marks by each judge, one for technical merit and the other for artistic presentation. The short, or technical program, on Wednesday night accounts for one-third of the total scoring. Friday night's long program accounts for the rest and will determine the medals.

Olympic judges are selected from countries with the top 10 finishes at the previous world championships. Those 10 names are put into a hat, and nine are drawn to judge at the Olym-pics, while the 10th becomes an alternate. Generally, bias has been reduced in international judging since the end of the Cold War. For instance, the U.S. women won all three medals at the 1991 world championships in Munich and two of the three medals at the 1992 Olympics without an American judge on either panel.

The nine judges for this competition are Wendy Utley of Britain, Jan Olesinski of Po-land, Jarmila Portova of Czechoslovakia, Alfred Korytek of Ukraine, Jiasheng Yang of China, Margaret Ann Wier of the United States, Noriko Shirota of Japan, Audrey Wil-liams of Canada and Hoffman of Germany. "Each judge has their own concerns," said Ben Wright, a former president of the U.S. Figure Skating Association and a prominent fixture on the international skating scene. "Problems of the United States are out of much importance to them. They haven't asked many questions. I'm glad, because I haven't had to explain the intricacies of American life."

Hoffman, an orthopedic surgeon, is the one championship skater on the panel. He won a silver medal at the 1980 Olympics in Lake Placid, New York, and was twice a world cham-

Olesinski is a former Polish national champion. Jiasheng, a doctor, is the first international dge ever from China. Shirota won a Japanese ice-dancing title in the mid-1960s. Wier, a real-estate executive, skated with her brother, Hugh Graham, a former president of the USFSA, in the pairs competition at the 1955 world cham-

The most curious choice on the panel is Korytek of Ukraine. He is the father of the former coach of Oksana Baiul, the 1993 world champion and a gold medal favorite at the

"Our judges work with our skaters, too," said Claire Ferguson, president of the USFSA.

Judging the judges are two referees and a five-member technical committee of the International Skating Union. The placement of a skater only two spots from the majority of judges can result in a charge of bias.

"It's really going to come down to whether they hit the elements," Wright said of the skat-ers. "If they miss something, it's the kiss of

That goes both for the skaters and the judges.

- JERE LONGMAN France's Surya Bonaly, more an athletic than a classical skater, is a favorite.

# In Women's Skating, The Drama Comes Down To 6 Minutes on the Ice

By Jere Longman

HAMAR - After seven weeks of ceaseless speculation, of courtroom drams and threatened lawsuits, of possible suspensions and last-minute relenting, after claustrophobic training sessions under searing pressure, Nancy Kerrigan and Tonya Harding have nothing left to do at the Olympics but skate. It seemed as if this day might never come, the two-of them together, skating for a gold medal, accountable for the moment to no one other than nine judges scoring

The past seven weeks will be distilled into six minutes at the Winter Games, two minutes in Wednesday's short program and four minutes more in Friday's long program. Any one of at least seven of the 27 competitors could win the gold medal, the favorites being Kerrigan, Harding, Oksana Baul of Ukraine, Surya Bonaly of France, Chen Lu of China, Jose Chounnard of Canada and Yuka Sato of Japan. The field is wide open, which means that even Katarina Witt, the two-time gold medalist returning to Olympic competi-tion after years as a professional,

cannot be discounted. The overwhelming focus, of course, will be on Kerrigan and Harding, chief rivals: drawn into uncomfortable proximity by a braon Jan. 6 at the U.S. national championships in Detroit, and four men have been charged. Among them was Harding's former husband, Jeff Gillooly, who has pleaded guilty to racketeering in connection with the plan to harm Kerrigan. Harding has not been charged. She has proclaimed her impocence, say-ing she learned only after the attack that several people close to her were involved.

The weeks since the attack have been anxious ones for both skaters. Kerrigan was an uncertain participant until her bruised knee had healed. Harding's presence here was not secured until the U.S. Olympic million lawsuit and in danger of having the tidal wave of media interest drown every other story at these Games, canceled a disciplinary hearing that could have resulted in her removal from the team

Still, the Kerrigan-Harding sage has dominated every other event at these Olympics. The successes of skiers like Tommy Moe and speed skaters like Bonne Blair, Dan Jansen and Johann Olav Koss have

pede. Especially. Wednesday. The largest television audience in Olymhistory is expected.

Kerrigan and Harding have lived in the same doomstory, trained at the same time and now they seek the same outcome in their final performances as amateur skaters
— a gold modal. Kenzigan is determined to prove that she has recovered both from the kneecspring in.
Detroit and a disastrous, fathplace limish at the 1993 world rampionships to Prague A Cont.

"She's not skaring for her coun-try, she's skating for her life," said Kerrigan's coach, Evy Scotyold.

Harding, who has not run years. Though she won a bronze through a clean relicaisal years. Though the 1992 Olympics, she has bothered by a sore applied managery and rever skated a clean long program, on one final adrenatine rule to car. This has made her stronger and ry her toward her order stated was defermined, said Scotvold. Olympic dream despite a future that remains uncertain and a grand

that remains uncertain and a print fun week.

And how does Scotvold plan to imp back in Portland Oregonistic keep her calm?

And how does Scotvold plan to imp back in Portland Oregonistic keep her calm?

If I knew how to do that, I'd make ever more money than Nanice with that kind obbagages esther the remaining the make ever more money than Nanice with that kind obbagages esther the remaining the remaining the remaining that the remaining that the remaining the remaining the remaining that the remaining the remaining the remaining that the remaining the remaining that the remaining the remaining that the remaining the remaining the remaining that the remaining the remaining that the remaining the remaining the remaining the remaining that the remaining the remaini

competition, the Internat Skating Union prefers a more tra-ditional classical style of heating to an athletic style. The champion has generally fit that mold, from Peggy Fleming to mold, from Peggy Fleming to Dorothy Hamill to Witt to Kaisti Yamaguchi. That approach would seem to favor the elegance and completeness of Kerrigan and Baind over the muscular jumping of Harding and Bonaly. Harding and Bonaly.

The ISU has remained interest-ed in the women's side remaining true to the artistry of the sport, to clean lines and classical skating. Wylic said. "The classical akater Kerrigan at No. 26.

"If Tonya skates to perfection and anyone cise states to perfection, Tonya loses, became her style is not the style they're looking for," said liting Ribbens, a figure-skitting expert from New York. "Tonya is athletic, not elegant and lyrical the way the judges like it. Everybody is look-ing for the next Sonja Henie." Wednesday's two-minute short

program consists of eight required elements, the most contral being a combination jump and a double Axel. There is an old saying in shatrigan has more legs than a centi- ing that you can't win a competition

definitely lose one. Brian Boitano fell on a triple Axel in the first 50 seconds of the men's competition and fell immediately out of medal contention. The idea at the end of the short program is to be among the top five skaters. In Friday's long program, these five will skate in the final group, for which the judges reserve their higher marks. Kerrigan may be the most reli-

able short-program skater among the women. However, she has not competed in nearly three months, having withdrawn from the national championships after the clubbing attack; and she has had problems with her nerves in previous

"If she just stays calm, she II have a

Bentun The

If any kind of partern can be she doesn't win a medal, she will be discerned from the men's and pairs: a sicating martyr, apparently with connectation. The International voluminous endorsement possibilities still available.

Harding's commercial potential appears to be fallow outside of ring. She is a troubled skater but vastly takented, the only woman other than Mideri Ito of Japan to have performed a triple Axel. which requires three and a half airborne revolutions. She has balanced the athleticism of her short program with artistry and she remains a brilliant spinner.

She skates eighth Wednesday, with all of the other contenders besides Witt to Iollow, including

The technical skill of Harding is enormous," said Ben Wright, a for-mer president of the U.S. Figure ing Association and a promineat fixture in international skating, circles. "She's so powerful. She-tends to miss something in her pro-gram, though. It's all or nothing: with her. When she misses an athletic element, there isn't much else,"

Harding has always said that she skates better under pressure. There could hardly be more pressure in a stating event than there will be Wednesday night.

# Key Contenders in a Closely Watched Competition

Country: Ukraine.

Career: 1993 world champion. Music: Short program - "Swan Lake"; long program - Broadway

Scouting Report: A beautiful, joyous skater who was the surprise winner of the 1993 world championship in Prague. Has struggled this scason with her combination jumps. Could be the leader after the short program.

### Surya Bonaly. Age: 20.

Country: France.

Career: Four-time European champion, 1992 Olympics 5th place. Music: Short - Riot City; long -"The Four Seasons," Vivaldi.

## Scouting Report

Has smoothed the rough edges in her artis-tic performance but remains more gymnastic than balletic. A superb jumper, the only woman to attempt a quadruple jump. which requires four revolutions.

# Josee Choulnard. Age: 24. Country:: Canada.

Career: 1993 world 9th place, 1992 world 5th place, 1992 Olympics 9th Music: Short - "La Fille Mal Gar-

dee"; long - "An American in Par-Scouting report:

Bubbly, effervescent skater who has prob-lems with consistency.

## Tonya Harding.

Country: United States.

Career: 1992 Olympics 4th place, 1994 and 1991 U.S. champion. Music: Short - "Much Ado About Nothing"; long - theme from "Ju-rassic Park."

## Scouting Report

Has a solid short program with improved artistry, but can't afford a mistake skating in the eighth position, with all the serious

Country: United States

Career: 1992 Olympics bronze medal, 1993 U.S. champion.

Music: Short - "Desperate Love,"
original score by Mark Militano;
long - medley of Neil Diamond

## Scouting Report:

Has the most complete short program, but has struggled with cerves and her triple lutz. Should be in gold-medal hunt after

### Chen Lu. Age: 17. Country: China.

Career: 1992-93 world bronze medal; 1992 Olympics 6th place. Music: Short - "Clair de Lune"; long - "The Mission."

Scouting Report Excellent lines, soft and elegant, but her skating lacks personality. Doesn't make many mistakes, so could be in medal hunt.

As a skater, she is superior to many competitors as she glides almost silently across the ice. She is a fast, tight spinner, but is not an expert jumper. Katarina Witt.

dren"; long - Unavailable.

Career: 1993 world 4th place, 1992

Olympics 7th place. Music: Short - "The Railway Chil-

# Age: 28. Country: Germany. Career: 1984 and 1988 Olympics

Country:: Japan.

Scouting Report:

champion. Music: Short - "Robin Hood"; long - "Where Have All The Flowers Gone?" Scouting report

Has an impressive short program. Returning to amateur ranks after six years as a professional. Has become a better jumper, but still lacks the jumping ability of the other contenders. Not a real modal hopeful unless others collapse.

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# SPORTS WINTER OLYMPICS

# Italians Stun Norway With Cross-Country Relay Victory

By William Drozdiak

LILLEHAMMER — In the biggest surprise of the Winter Games, Italy'a cross-country ski team dethroned the gods of Norway's most hallowed national sport on Tuesday in a split-second finish to win the gold medal in the men's 4x10-kilometer relay race.

With 150,000 spectators cheering wildly, Silvio Fauner of Italy held off a furious challenge by Norway's five-time gold medalist. Bjorn Dahlie, beating him by half a length. The upset dropped an earie curtain of silence over the crowd, which had come to believe that the quartet of long-distance skiers was invincible. The success of the Italians in a sport long

attributed by many skiers to the benefits of sustained high-altitude training in the Dokonite mountains. But Maurilio De Zolt, 43, the leader of the team, who skied the first leg, said the classic Mediterranean diet may also have helped.
"We train hard, but we also believe in our special foods like pasta, risotto and good red wine," said De Zolt, who had finished behind

the Norwegians to win two silver medals in previous Olympics. "It's difficult to say how many glasses I drink, and if I told you I would probably get in trouble." Whatever the training secrets, the strong per-formances by the cross-country skiers, including the women's stars Manuela Di Centa and

Stefania Belmondo, has already carried Italy to its best Olympics ever. Italy now ranks third, with 15 medals, behind Russia with 19 and Norway with 17. While Fauner was hailed at the finish line as a conquering hero by a throng of well-wishers, including the Alpine skiing star Alberto Tomba, team members said the key to the victory was the remarkable run by De Zolt, a

veteran policeman old enough to be the father De Zolt said he would now fulfill a promise made several years ago to retire after winning the gold medal that had eluded him since he started competing in cross-country events at

the age of 27. "I thought it was getting too late, but now I can leave with peace of mind." he said.

Said Fauner: "Maurilio really deserves the largest share of the credit. He not only molded

this team together but ran a terrific leg that got us off to the great start we needed to win the gold medal,"

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gold medal."

In last year's world championship relay in Falun, Sweden, De Zolt finished a minute off the pace set by Stine Sivertsen, who led Norway to victory. But this time, De Zolt kept up with Sivertsen so well that in the second leg Marco Albarello was left with only a 10-second deficit.

"It was a very hard race for me, but I knew if

# Germans Leap Past Japan to Win the 120-Meter Gold



Silvio Fanner of Italy lunging across the finish line a half length ahead of Bjorn Dahlie to win the gold medal in the 4x10-kilometer relay on Tuesday, dethroning the Norwegian team,

I ran well the others would not have to worry

about catching up," De Zolt said.

Albarello, who won the bronze in the individual 10-kilometer race, behind Dahlie and Alexander Smirnov of Kazakistan, gradually made up the difference against Norway's three-time gold medalists, including Vegard Ulvang. One of the country's most revered athletes, Ulvang has suffered in these Games from a leg injury and the disappearance last year of his brother Ketil, who has not been seen since he went running in a blizzard.

The first two legs of the event were held in the classic style, in which the skiers pump and push themselves along tracks in the snow. The last two legs used the freestyle technique, in which the skiers glide like skaters

In the third leg, Giorgio Vanzetta said his goal was to stay abreast of Thomas Alsgaard, 22, who emerged as Norway's latest bein by winning the gold in the 30-kilometer race last week.

"He ran away very fast but I caught him on the hill," said Vanzetta. "I just acceded to keep even with him and set up Silvio for the final leg."

The showdown between Fanner and Dahlie turned out to be one of the great races in recent

Olympic history. The duo broke away from Finland's Jari Isometsa early to set up their head-to-head duel down the homestretch.

"My strategy was to stick close to Dahlie to

The defeat prevented Dahlie from tying the Russian cross-country skier Lyubov Egorova and the Soviet speedskater Lyula Skoblikova as the only six-time Winter Olympic champions. He will get another chance on Sunday in the 50cross-country event.

shut them up."

the third leg and let Alsgaard do the anchor. But their coach believed that the younger skier would not be able to cope with the tension of

the end, then sprint home after the final turn," Fanner said. "I knew it would be a close race that could be decided in the flick of an eyelid."

Going into the final uphill run, the two racers exchanged glances as Dahlie slowed down, al-

Fanner expressed surprise that Dahlie let him

Fanner crossed the finish line .4 seconds

ahead of Dahlie for a winning time of 1 hour, 41 minutes, 15.0 seconds. Finland finished a min-

"It was great to be able to win the gold medal

on their home turf, the temple of cross-country skiing," Albarello said, "For three years they

have been the strongest in the world. The big-

gest satisfaction was to come into the stadium

and hear the crowd so silent. We were able to

take the inside position and exploited the oppor-

nity with one of his renowned finishing k

most inviting Fauner to take the lead. "I wanted to enter the sprint on his tail and overtake him in the stretch," Dahlie said. "But

it was not so easy as I thought."

ate later to take the bronze.

"I think we disappointed four million Norwegians today," Dahlie said. "Maybe some of them broke their televisions. But we offered them good entertainment. I think it was a good promotion for the sport of cross-country skiing.



Masahiko Harada, having fallen short for Japan, could not hide his disappointment.

# Fax a Note to Oden: There's Trouble in Valhalla

Olympians 3. And the Norwegian women don't no future."
like the second-class treatment they think they When the Vikings ruled Norway, women

not thank the press corps. You have lost touch

By "wistopher Clarey
New York Times Service
LILLEHAMMER — Dawn was 15 minutes

away, and Kjell Odegaard was whispering in

retain on the ratio that the trace are getting full," he said to an American. "You probably think this is crazy."

Norwegians have not hesitated to express their enthusiasm since these Winter Olympics

began 10 days ago. They have crowded onto the slopes at Kvitfjell, raised a racket in the Viking

Ship speed-skating areas and sold out the ski jumping stadium. But this was the day the host nation had really been waiting for, the day of

the men'a 4x10-kilometer cross-country relay.

Last year, the Lillehammer Olympic Orga-

nizing Committee mailed a ticket-order form to

every Norwegian household. LOOC finally

stopped counting orders for the men's relay after they hit 200,000. Why bother counting higher when there are only 31,000 seats in the

"This is the race for the Norwegians," said. Odegaard, who asked for relay tickets and re-

ceived only a form letter in return.

"I heard on the radio that the tracks are

Washington Post Service with reality and expect nothing but gold."

LILLEHAMMER — Norway had won 16 "We would like to feel that the press has faith gold medals through Monday, of which its male olympians had accounted for 13, its female any easier for us when you predict that we have

have received from the Norwegian press.

"We wish to thank our supporters amongst the athletic community and the public," Anita: or Olaf company on his way to Valhalla. But Moen and Trude Dybendahl said on behalf of their team after il came in second to the Russians in the 4x5-kilometer relay race. "We do an, as are eight of the other 18 top government.

ocssion stands and a view of the finish line. The

bulk of a cross-country race takes place on the tracks that extend outside the stadium, and that acks that extend outside the stadium, and that where Odegaard and about 70,000 other

Norwegians were headed on this cold and clear

1984, but for the Olympics, he and Siri Mocn

rented their home to a company from Oslo and took their three children south to Gjovik, where

they are staying with Moen's mother in a com-fortable house with a spectacular view of Lake

Oslo and now works as a social services coordi-

Odegaard has lived in Lillehammer since

Just Living for the Relay: Or, Can 200,000 Norwegians Be Wrong? nator in the Lillehammer region. "We have been talking about them and planning for them for five years. Now, we are smally getting the

> Tuesday, it was time to enjoy the relay.
>
> "I am so nervous about this race," said Moon, a 38-year-old who has passed her red hair onto her children. Only two members of the household would

chance to enjoy them."

not be going to Lillehammer: Hedda, their 2-year-old daughter, for whom the weather has been judged too cold, and Moen's mother, who would stay home to baby-sit.

By 7:45 A.M., the rest of the extended family had piled into two cars and headed north. By 9 Miosa:

Well before the sun rose over the lake this morning, three generations of cross-country A.M., they had stopped on a narrow road about fans already were gathered in the dining room. two and a half miles from the race site, unload-Norwegian breakfasts are usually copious, and ed their backpacks, Norwegian flags and heavy this one was no exception: goat cheese, shrimp salad, hard-boiled eggs, slices of ham and rolls sweaters, and set off on cross-country skis. Odegaard and Moen, like many Lillehammer with fresh strawberry jam. residents, are serious recreational skiers, and their two eldest children, Ida, 9, and Ulrik, 6, Food was not the primary topic, however.
"For Norwegians, these Olympics are like
Christmas every day," said Odegaard, a 37year-old who once played Division I soccer in looked well on their way to emulating their parents as they easily negotiated the trail lead-

ing toward the course.
"We started them both at about 3," Moen

The trail quickly fed into another, wider and more crowded than the first. As smlight streamed through the snow-coated evergreens, the heavy air rang with the sound of poles meeting hard-packed snow. A woman skied by with her cocker spaniel on a leash. Behind her was a middle-aged man who had tied a rope around his waist so he could tow his young son. Soon, there were dogsleds led by teams of huskies, a group of youngsters dressed like troils and hundreds of eager skiers pushing onto the same narrow tracks.

"I knew there would be a lot of people, bot even I am a little bit surprised at how many,"
Odegaard said. "I have never seen anything like

Why do Norwegians live for the relay?
"It is the most unpredictable race," Moen said. "And because the teams start at the same time and go against each other, it is also the

Inside the stadium, there are huge television screens and scoreboards to keep the paying

year. She probably will go about two meters and say, 'No more,' but she will learn." stadium, there are only portable radios and the word of mouth. Actual sightings of skiers are rare. After rising before dawn, driving for one hour and skiing for another, Odegaard and his family would get exactly eight very fleeting glimpses of their Norwegian heroes as they charged around the course.

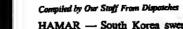
But the lack of contact did nothing to lessen the anticipation, and as Norway's Bjorn Dahlie and Italy's Silvin Fauner dueled for the gold on the relay's final leg, the fans on the outside formed right, nervous circles around their radi-

"Bjorn has him by a second," said Mocn.
"The Italian has the lead," came another

"Hah, heart attack," said Moen, patting herself on the chest and grinning.
But suddenly the grin was gone and a soft groan went up across the course. The Italian had won by the smallest of margins.

"Popped us like a balloon," said Moen, shaking her head. "But our skiers have done a lot for us, so we really can't complain. We have to lose

# South Korea Wins Both Gold Medals In Short-Track Speed-Skating Races



HAMAR — South Korea swept the gold medals Tuesday in the first two short-track speed-skating races.
Kim Ki Hoon defended his title in the men's 1.000-meter race, then South Korea skated to gold in the women's 3,000-meter relay in Olympic record time.

Kim who won his country's first Winter Olympics gold medal in 1992, took advantage of a fall by Canadian Derrick Campbell in the final.

Campbell led from the start of the nine-lap race, but lost his balance fighting for the lead with Britain's semifinals. Nicholas Gooch in a turn with three

laps remaining.
When Campbell slid into the padded wall, Kim slipped past Gooch, who finished second but was disqualified after judges reviewed his bump-ing with Campbell. Campbell didn't ish, and South Korea's Chae Ji

Hoon was awarded the silver. With two of the four finalists out of contention, the bronze went to Canadian Marc Gagnoa, even though be didn't skate in the final.

the event, fell in the semifinals, then won his consolation heat.

Kim won in 1 minute, 34.57 sec-1:28.47 set by New Zealand's Michael McMillen April 4, 1992. McMillen was chiminated in a qualifying heat.
Kim also was short of the Olympic

mark of 1:29.58, set in Tuesday's quarterfinals by his teammate, Lee The South Korean women's relay

quartet won in 4 minutes, 26.64 seconds, breaking the Olympic mark of 4:26.94 set by Canada in Tuesday's China finished second, but was

disqualified for reasons not immediately specified. Five-time defending world champion Canada won the silver in 4:32.04.

The United States, silver medalist in 1992, took the bronze despite finishing fourth in the four-team finals in 4:39.34. The Americans were set hack when Nicole Ziegelmeyer sprawled to the ice in a turn.

The U.S. women were given a spot in the Olympic relay just two weeks ago when North Korea, Japan and

The Americans had been disqualified when Karen Cashman, the lone new onds, well off the world record of comer from the 1992 silver medal team, fell in the world champions Short-track speedskating was a

demonstration sport at the 1988 Games, and awarded medals for the first time in 1992, The men's 1,000 Tuesday were the first two of six

Eric Flaim of the United States, the 1988 Olympic long-track silver medalist who switched to a shorttrack last year, was eliminated in the 1,000 quarterfinals. He was passed in the final turn of the nine-lap race and finished third, just .06 seconds out of second place.

All four skaters in the heat beat the old Olympic record of 1:30.76, set by Kim, while Flaim broke the U.S. mark. "You know you broke the American record," someone said to him after the race.

"Yeah," be said, nodding his head. "How much did you break it by?" "By a lot," he said.

That's a consolation, isn't it?"

# Last Japanese Comes Up Short

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By Ian Thomsen

LILLEHAMMER - The German apthey were to jump off their edge of the earth. "Congratulations on winning the gold medal," the German, Jens Weissflog, said Tuesday.

Then Weissflog zipped down the track, his skis sounding to the Japanese like a sliding door being opened. The German disappeared over the hill and the noise from the people waiting for him at the bottom rose up and clobbered the Japanese. The longer a jumper stays airborne, the louder the noise. Weissflog had gone 135.5 meters (444 feet, 6 inches), the longest jump of

But Masahiko Harada, as anchor of his large-hill jumping team, was in position to give Japan its third Winter Olympie gold medal ever. Ja-pan held a 55.1-point lead going into the last jump, a practically unbeatable margin. Harada had won the world championship in 1993 on the normal hill, although lately he had been erratic, jumping just 40 meters in a training run here Sunday. When Weissflog offered his pre-mature constabilations. Harada tried in wave mature congratulations, Harada tried in wave him away like a bad spirit, but it was too late. He had already beard the words.

Impulsively, it seemed, he pushed himself off of the bench and rode his skis in a crouch down the track and launched himself over the hill. Now Espen Bredesen of Norway was the only jumper remaining on the mountain, and the noise carrying up from Harada's leap was sur-prisingly blunt. Then Bredesen threw himself off of the mountain in the most disciplined way be could, and the last bit of momentum from his landing carried him past the Japanese, who was crouching on his skis, knees against his chest, his gloved hands covering his goggles in

Harada had jumped only 97.5 meters. Among the top eight teams, it was the worst jump of the day, and it allowed Germany to overcome that enormous deficit. The result: Germany was first with 970.1 points, Japan was second at 956.9, with Austria third at 918.9. Only Harada's hands responded, moving from his goggles to his helmeted ears.

The noise was not what it might have been. It came mostly from the Germans, who were celebrating Weissflog's third Olympie gold medal, to go with individual large-hill victories in 1984 in Sarajevo and last Sunday here. The Japanese were mostly taking in the sight of Harada and the Norwegians had nothing. A few hours after having lost the cross-country 4x10-kilometer relay by a fraction of a second they were now settling for fourth here, 20.1 points behind Austria.

"What went wrong with the Japanese is that on the last jump he was desperate to maintain his lead." Weissflog said. "He probably was under pressure because of the distance I had jumped. On my jump, I was much more quiet than on my first jump, because the gold medal was gone and I knew that 60 points were act going to be made up. I was not expecting to win he gold medal

His incident with Harada had ant yet been revealed when Weissflog, 29, gave this interview. One more victory Friday in the small-hill individual competition will allow him to match the four ski-jumping golds that Matti Nykanen of Finland won in 1984 and '88.

"Perhaps I was thinking too much about the gold medal," Harada said. "Maybe I was too conservative. Maybe I wanted it too much."

The Japanese were favored as the day began but the best jump thus far from Weissflog pushed the four-man German team in front of Japan, 486.8 to 486.0, at the end of the first round. Impressive performances from Jinya Ni-shikata and Takanobu Okabe — 135 and 133 meters — gave Japan a lead of 66.5 points over Germany with two jumps for each team re

At that point Norway had moved past Austria into third place. The lead vanished when Roar Ljokelsoy, a 17-year-old Norwegian, responded with a jump of 99.5 meters. Smiling snyly afterwards, he admitted that he had leaned too far forward on his takeoff. "I wanted it too much," he said.

"For him it will not be a problem," said the team manager, Trond Joran Pedersen. "Why should it be a problem? It's only a jump."

It was a beautiful day, and Bro had been beaten by Weissflog on the same hill Sunday, said he was trying to enjoy it. The arena overlooks the frozen lake, and the snow was like a soft cloth over the tiny buildings. The bright sun was without color compared to the orange Olympic flame burning at the stadium edge. From the mountaintop, the valley opens up and the bottom of the jump was surrounded like an aura by the tens of thousands of specta-tors waying handreds of flags. Each time they applauded, with gloved hands, it sounded like a flock of doves taking off.

These were Bredesen's surroundings as he se off on his final attempt. There was a slight chance of Nnrway snatching the bronze medal, but his jump of 131.6 meters was not good enough. At the bottom he grimaced, slapping at the snow. Then he saw Harada, and perhaps it reminded him of his 17-year-old teammate who had also wanted it ton much.

"I thought Harada would pull it off, but you can't congratulate a guy before be's jumped," Bredesen said. "You should not make comments about that Was it a psych job, or dn you think Weiss-

flog was really congratulating him?" he was

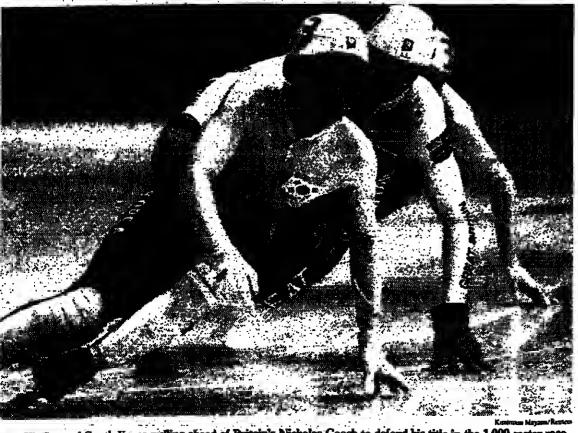
He did not answer the question exactly. He said: "No, I think you should wait until a guy finishes. That's nnt the way in do it." The Germans celebrated, and Harada's Japa-

nese teammates picked him up and convinced a smile out of him, because a silver medal is not so bad. Their emotional surroundings dissipated as the Norwegians marched away quietly, in the tens of thousands, but not sullenly. It was still only a ski jump.

# Later Start for Alpine

HAFJELL - The start of the men's giant slalom Alpine competition on Wednesday has been pushed back half an hour to give competitors more consistent lighting conditions during the race, Olympics organizers said on Tuesday

The first leg of the men's giant slalom will start at 0900 GMT, with the second leg due to begin at 1400, the organizers said.



Kim Ki Hoon of South Korea pulling ahead of Britain's Nicholas Gooch to defend his title in the 1,000-meter race.

# **Moscow Music Market**

By Michael Specter New York Times Service M OSCOW — Moscow has rapidly become a city where almost anything is possible if you

are rich or crafty enough. Feel like gambling till dawn? Easy, casioos are everywhere. Hungry? Fine, delis deliver. Need a videophone, a car alarm system or

the latest fragrance from Estèc Lauder? I1's all a phone call - or a credit card slip - away. But there is at least one thing that cannot be found so easily anymore in the capital of a country that has over the past 200 years

ourtured many of the world's most

accomplished musicians: classical music on the radio. "Isn't democracy great?" Yevgeny G. Kibkalo, one of Moscow's most recowoed vocal teachers, asked amid the faded grandeur of his ornate practice room at the Moscow Conservatory, the one place where Eugene Onegin remains more

popular than either of the Elvises (Presley and Costello). Now we live in a marketplace," Kihkalo said wistfully. "So now we need to wooder, what if the market has no need for us?"

It is a concern heard increasingly in Moscow among intellectuals who fear that arts, already in turmoil, will shrivel and disappear if forced to make their way in the new world of commerce wholly without

lo some ways. Kibkalo's fear seems extreme. The conservatory has a waiting list, operas and orchestral music are performed constantly in Moscow, and the managers of Radio Orfei, the single remaining classical station io the city, say their listeners are fanat-

But driven by advertising and money, radio in Moscow is beginning to bear a resemblance to stations in New York and Los Angeles, where classical broadcasts are

under siege, Radio Orfei, run and financed by the government, has the weakest signal on the FM band. Its employees earn pennies an hour, and advertising, says the station manager, Aleksei G. Avtangilov, does not

"Our purpose oow is to soothe the soul." Avtangilov said.

Europe

Like others in the world of mu-sic, he said his biggest fear was what might happen if a generation of children was raised without Beethoven, Tehaikovsky or Lizst.

"Serenity is something ordinary Russians need very badly," he said, "and that is what we offer." While undoubtedly true, it is a service that may not be in great

It is not as if there ever was a glory era for classical music on the radio io Moscow. The Soviet Unioo supplied three basic national chanoels, and political decrees from Pravda often competed with Ukrainian folk music or the celebration of space flights for attentioo. But virtually all statioos played some classical music, depending on what was in favor.

In the last decade, stadons in Moscow and St. Petersburg began to broadcast a steadily growing diet of opera and orchestral music.

All that has changed now. These days, radio in Moscow is dominated by new rock-oriented stations sprouting along the FM dial. The droning statistics about crop rotation and metal production favored in the Soviet era have been replaced by the music of Queen, Urban Cookie Collective and Phil

There are few more nousual experiences than coursing through he streets of Moscow listening to Cyndi Lauper, Annie Lennox or Aaron Neville, But would beer ads fit between Bach sonatas or guitar riffs by Megadeath?

"We are hip," said Alexander Kasparov, 32, the fast-talking program director of Radio Maximum. perhaps the most successful of the owerful new stations. The station employs almost 60 people and is supported by Russian and Ameri-

"We reach for the young adult, the 18-to-34-year-old segment of the market," Kasparov said. "We play what people want to hear, and eve me, that is not opera."

It is also, for the most part, oot eveo Russian rock music, "It wouldn't be fair to the native mosicians," Kasparov explained, "to cram them io between UB40 and Prioce. They would sound so

# Black and White World of 'Colonial' Movies

By Joan Dupont

DARIS - The movies, born at a time of I colonial conquest, pictured a black and white world from the beginning. For years, myths from French popular imagi-nation were translated to the screen with images of officers as heroic characters ruling over untutored hordes. Films like Jacques Feyder's "L'Atlantide" (1921). adapted from a popular oovel, were so loaded with legendry, they already wore a premonitory look of paradise lost. A festival on "colonial cinema" at the

Institut du Monde Arabe entitled "Magreb et Afrique Noire au regard du Cinèma Colonial, 1895-1962" examines the imagery and ideology of the exotic in a program of 40 films. Accompanied by an exhibit, the retrospective (through April 3) is a study of segregation on the screen; it suggests a new way of reading history and deciphering racially packed imagery.

"In this media age, we are consumers of images without understanding their meansays Youssef El Ftouh, who orgaing, says Youssef El Ftouh, who orga-nized the festival. "Certain ways of inter-preting Africa are so buried inside us that we're not even aware of them. I'm interested in what makes propaganda and how we

read images." This is one retrospective that is not a nostalgie event. El Ftouh, a documentary filmmaker, put it together with a research group of historians (Association Connaissance de l'Histoire de l'Afrique Contemporaine) and the National Film Archives.

"Historians are just beginning to pay attendon to colonial cinema," be says.

Over three years, El Ftouh and his team reviewed 350 films, short and long, news-reels, trailers and commercials and zeroed in oo repetitive themes. The earliest film screened is a 1905 comic fiction, "Le Rêve de Dranem" by Ferdinand Zecca; it lasts 1 minute 25 seconds.

"We were interested in certain themes," says El Ftouh, "in the way the characters are depicted, such as the position of the oative in the frame, how be is always in profile, as if posing for a chart on the evolution of man. The character is shown on the right side of the frame - the negative side - and at the bottom of the screen, naked or dressed in striped material, a symbol of their inferior condition and exclusion from society."

The festival poster has been made from a photo from the set of "L'Atlantide." The first film to be shot in natural surroundings, partly in the Sahara, it was also the most expensive film produced in France at that time. The poster depicts the queen of Atlantis, the mythic colony, perched high in the background of a lavish Art Deco interior, next to a handsome officer in white. In the



Maria Felix in Yves Ciampi's "Les Héros sont fatigues" (1955).

foreground, half-naked slaves in striped turbans and loincloths, bear trays.

"These divisions persisted," says El Ftoub. "Io Jacques de Baroneelli's 'L'Homme du Niger [1939], you see the engineer oo top of the frame. The top of the frame is always occupied by those characters who are supposed to be close to heaven: the colonializers. The black character on the bottom is close to earth and

To show the invisible line that separates two worlds, graphic artist Rik Bas Backer drew a dotted line horizontally across the poster: "We didn't want a nostalgie poster the idea was to point out the differences that were made between white and black, dressed and naked, masters and servants," El Ftouh says.

At the exhibit, these half-hidden codes are spelled out by "pictograms," designed from stills, focusing on the telling detail noble heads of explorers superposed on a map of the African continent. The map itself is a kind of recurrent movie bero. The continent was always portrayed as virgin territory, like the Wild West, and described in sexual metaphors. In Ray-mond Roulean's "Le Messager" (1931); Africa is compared to a femme latale: "You think you're going to change her, but she changes you," a character says.

As for the natives, from Berber chief to black farmer, the roles were typecast with certain outness. El Fronh points out. The mulatto is a significant case. She is the soiled woman, the outlaw. The mulatto appears in almost all of the films. A trespasser because she has crossed the color line, a temptress of white men, she often ends badly: "She may be Arab or Spanish, she is usually naked or provocatively dressed, with big earrings and a cigarette. Just a hint of this legendary metis turns up in 'Casablanca,' a woman singing in Spanish." A Combourse granule was the cole ish." A flamboyant example was the role played by Josephine Baker in Marc Allégret's "Princesse Tam-Tam" (1936). Yves Ciampi's "Les Héros soot fatigués" (1955), with Maria Felix and Yves Montand, shows the movie version of the mulatto with all her accessories - cigarette denched to her lipsticked mouth, gaudy earrings, tattoos and a come-hither look, directed straight at the audience.

The male equivalent is the European-ized Arab. He too is a looche character who doesn't know his place, filmed inprofile, like the police inspector in Julian Divivier's "Pepe Le Moko (1936)." The "pure" Arab or Berber character comes off

better. He is shown as the old sage, attached to ancestral tradition, like Hamou in Marie Epstein and Jean Benoît-Levy's "Itto" (1934), who dies hugging his rifle rather than submit to the conqueror. In these early films even the credits were displayed separately. The names of European actors appear first, followed by their role titles; the natives, however, are identified by the paris they play, as in "Hamou chief warrior, Itto's father," followed by, Moulay Thrahim.

El Ftouh has an eye out for symbols that keep popping up in photos and on screens, and says that one of the aims of this exhibit is to change the way people look at television: "Once you become aware, your vision changes; what you saw in a binr becomes clear. When you see Nelson Mandela next to Frederick de Klerk on television, Man-dela is invariably on the right side of the frame, the side of lesser importance." (In an culture, the good apostles stood on the right of Jesus; the practice of putting the important person "a la droite du seigneur" has passed into protocol)

In 1990, Radio France Internationale, founded during the 1931 Exposition Coloniale, celebrated with an anniversity prochine. They said the montage on the cover was meant to depict the universality of man," says El Frouh. "The forehead is that of a blood white man, the eyes of an Asian, then, moving down, the long nose looks semitic, the large smiling mouth, all teeth showing belong to a black man.—a suggestion of camibalism. When I pointed it out

to them, they were amazed, they just wanted to show a world view, they said."

The cinema of the '40s was infiltrated by Mammy and blackface characters. And when these characters spoke -- even when they were speaking their native language
— subtitles translated them into a stereotyped dialect. Even today, American blacks are often dubbed in French films speaking in a slurred, vaguely "island"

These leftover attitudes crop up in many places, says El Ftouh, "even in the way the Institut du Monde Arabe was conceived — the peristyle, the filtered light, as if you were in the shadowy, dangerous streets of a Casbah." He is sure that Jean Nouvel would be surprised to hear how his crearion, a model of contemporary architec-ture, bears messages from the past

Joan Dupont is a Paris based writer spe-

# **PEOPLE**

A Video Whodunit At Kennedy Compound

Police are investigating a Pennsylvania man's claim that Caroline Kennedy's husband tried to run him over with a van. John Whooley, 39, told police that he was standing in a vacant lot across from the Kennedy compound in Palm Beach, Florida, Monday making a videotape, when a van came through the gates of the estate and headed straight for him. Whooley told reporters that the driver put my left hand out and extend my arm. Then I was pushed back be-tween two or three feet." In a statement to police, Edward Schloss-berg, Caroline's husband, said: "As I was leaving I ooticed a person with a video camera across the street." But he denied striking Whooley, and said he didn't make "any threatening actions whatsoever. Any suggestion to the contrary is untrue."

Rome prosecutor Pier Filippo Leviani wants Spanish tenor José Carreras and 22 others to be tried on allegations that Carreras overcharged for performances at the Rome opera in 1992, according to Italian television. A Rome judge will rule on March 14 whether Carreras and his co-defendants, who include the director of the opera, Gisa Paolo Cresci, should be tried. Cresci, at the center of an investigation into the opera's finances. stopped down this week after Rome

Ted Turner has bought the 500-square-mile Amendaris ranch in southern New Mexico, which was formerly owned by William Ran-dolph Hearst and, before that, the king of Spain. The cost: more than \$10.5 million.

Jeanne Calment, the world's old-Guinness Book of Records --turned 119 this week. I have promised to live to be 120," she says. "I'll make an effort." Calment lives in a retirement home in Aries,

INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFIED Appears on Pages 4 & 10

### WEATHER

Europe

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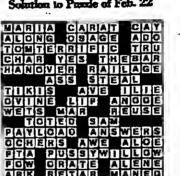
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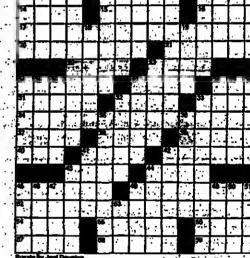
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